"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; cloudy to-morrow; light winds.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,294. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere. TWO CENTS.

DIX WON'T COERCE THE LEGISLATURE

Governor-Elect Says There Has Been Too Much Executive Interference at Albany.

FREE HAND FROM THE START

Won't Work for Pet Measures, Nor Will He Interfere in the Senatorship Contest.

Governor-elect Dix came to town last night for the first time since his election. He said his visit had to do entirely with personal business matters, and that he did not intend to see any politicians or have any political conferences. He will leave this afternoon for his home at Thomson, and will take a trip to Montreal to-morrow or next day to meet some friends returning from Europe.

At the Waldorf, where, with his wife, he is stopping, Mr. Dix said he did not intend to go on record as favoring any one for the United States Senatorship to succeed Chauncey M. Depew, as he was going to leave the matter of the selection entirely to the Legislature.

The Governor-elect said that, in his opinion, there had been too much interference with the Legislature in the past on the part of the Executive, and he was going to make a change. He added that he meant to give the legislators a free hand in many other matters and let them work out the will of the people who elected them, and thus be answerable only to the people. All he intended to do, he said, was to recommend certain things to the Legislature.

Mr. Dix said he was not going to take any active part in politics or have any political conferences until he had cleared up all his business affairs. He reiterated his statement that he intended to give up all his business connections between now and Jaunary, so that he will be able to take up his work at Albany unhampered by any private incumbrances.

"I just took a run down here to wind up some business matters," explained Mr. Dix, "so I have nothing of importance to say. I don't expect to meet any politicians or have any talk of a political nature. I am winding up my business affairs as quickly as possible, and by Jan. 1 I expect to have severed my connections with every concern in which I am interested. I will resign from the Directorate of every company with which I am at present connected, so that I will be able to devote my time entirely to the interests of the people."

"Will you resign even from the Standard Wall Paper Company?" Mr. Dix was asked.

"Yes, even from that," he replied with a laugh. "I guess I had better get out of that first of all."

"Whom do you favor for United States Senator?" Mr. Dix was asked.

"I don't care to express any preference," he replied. "I don't think I have a right to show any such preference. I don't want to interfere with the will of the people. I don't intend to usurp the prerogatives of the Legislature. There has been altogether too much of that on the part of Executives. All that I can do is to make certain recommendations to the legislators. If they don't wish to do what I recommend, that is another matter. I have no right to force my views upon them. They will have to answer to the people who elected them for what they do or don't do. This matter of the Executive forcing his opinions upon the legislators is altogether too irksome. I am going to make a change after I get to Albany."

"Did you read that Mayor Gaynor and Thomas M. Osborne have signified their desire to see Edward M. Shepard elected United States Senator?" Mr. Dix was asked.

"Yes, I read all about that," he replied, "but Mr. Osborne is a private citizen, and can do as he pleases, while Mayor Gaynor is also in a position to express his personal wishes. With me it is different, and I don't intend to say or do anything that will interfere with the will of the people."

Mr. Dix expressed regret that he was unable to attend the dinner the Merchants' Association had planned to give him on Wednesday night, which has been postponed until Dec. 10. Business engagements, he said, interfered with his being able to attend. He expects to return from Montreal about the middle of the week and go direct to McKeever's, in the Adirondacks, where he has a camp, and remain there until Dec. 1. After that, he said, he would take up his residence in Albany.

Early in December he will come to New York as the guest of honor at two dinners at least. One of these will be given by his fraternity and the other by the Manhattan Club. The latter is to be known as the Governors' Dinner, and besides Mr. Dix there will be present Governors-elect Wilson of New Jersey, Baldwin of Connecticut, Foss of Massachusetts, and Gov. Harmon of Ohio. It will be the first Governors' Dinner the club has held in twenty years.

NEGROES AIDED DEMOCRATS.

Two-thirds of New York Voters Said to Have Gone to Dix.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The Rev. Dr. J. Milton Waldron, National Organizer and President of the National Independent Political League, gave out a statement to-day with regard to the activities of the colored voters in the political campaign just closed.

"From reports received," said Dr. Waldron, "we feel justified in saying that of the 45,000 colored voters in New York State, 30,000 voted for Mr. Dix, and of the 55,000 in Ohio 55,000 at least supported Gov. Harmon, while in Indiana, Illinois, Massachusetts, Missouri, and New Jersey not less than 50 per cent. voted with the Democrats. These estimates agree with the reports of many of the more prominent colored Republican campaign workers and speakers in the States mentioned above whom we have conversed with, confidentially, since the election.

"It is a significant fact that all Republican Gubernatorial candidates, and most of the Republican nominees for Congress, whom the league opposed, were defeated by an overwhelming majority. It would seem that while Col. Roosevelt's advocacy of or opposition to certain candidates in New York and Ohio did not materially change the white vote either way, it drove the colored voter away from the candidates he favored and sent large numbers into the ranks of those he opposed."

Army-Navy Football

Saturday November 26, Franklin Field, Philadelphia. Pennsylvania Railroad special trains, direct to grounds, leave New York 10:25, 10:40, and 10:55 A. M. Returning thirty minutes after game. Round trip Pullman tickets sold. Regular trains for Broad St. Station, Philadelphia, at 8:55, 9:25, and 9:55 A. M. Consult C. Studds, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Av., New York.—Adv.

CHILD FORETOLD HER DEATH.

Superstition of the Mother Comes True in One Instance.

As she was dressing her eight-year-old daughter, Barbara, preparing to go to Sunday school, yesterday, Mrs. Mary Bogensberger of 238 East Forty-seventh Street, said:

"Now, Barbara, I want you to be a good girl to-day. I had a tooth drop out this morning, and that means somebody is going to die in our family."

"Why," said Barbara, "I'm going to die."

Her mother hushed her and hurried her off to Sunday school. The superstition of the fallen tooth exists among German families to some extent, and it was to that that Mrs. Bogensberger had referred.

About 5 o'clock last night the news was conveyed to Mrs. Bogensberger that Barbara had been drowned in the East River at the foot of Forty-ninth Street. The little girl returned from Sunday school, and her two cousins, Annie Cook, 10, and Barbara Cook, 8, came from their home at 70 Henry Street, Long Island City, to visit her. Mrs. Bogensberger left for church at 3 o'clock, and a few minutes after the three little girls informed Barbara's father that they were going out.

The little girls went to the stringpiece at the foot of East Forty-ninth Street. A sand barge moored there seemed to the girls to be a good place to play. As little Barbara jumped to the barge she missed her footing and fell into the water between the dock and the barge. Her little cousins screamed as she came to the surface, and then they ran for assistance. A boy ran up and took off his coat and hat, preparing to jump in should the little girl rise again, but she never reappeared. Her body had not been recovered up to a late hour last night.

FIREBUG BUSY IN MONTCLAIR.

Sets Fire to Two Buildings, Imperiling the Lives of Many.

A determined effort was made yesterday to burn Booth's block, a three-story brick and stone building at Forest and Walnut Streets, Montclair, N. J. There are several stores on the ground floor, and the upper floors were occupied by fifteen families. All escaped safely.

Mrs. Edward Peterson, who lived on the second floor, was the first to be aroused by smoke and the crackling of flames. She awoke her husband and their cries awoke those on the upper floor. Fireman William W. Cole was passing and turned in an alarm.

The escape of a number of women and children on the second and third floors was cut off, and they had to be brought down to the street on ladders by the firemen. They wore only their night clothes, and they shivered until they found shelter in the homes of neighbors. Chief Williams sent in a second alarm, which brought out all the fire apparatus in the city.

While the firemen were fighting the flames some one entered a cellar in the middle of the block and set fire to the building. The cellar stairs were sprinkled with kerosene oil, and a box containing oil-soaked paper was placed under the stairs and set on fire.

This blaze was discovered by a fireman, and was soon extinguished. The loss is about $2,500.

FIRE HORSES BURNED.

New Rochelle Company's Quarters Destroyed and a Hotel Damaged.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Nov. 20.—Members of Olympia Hose Company risked their lives late last night in a fruitless attempt to save the two horses purchased recently for their apparatus. The horses were lost in a fire that destroyed the stable of the Lake View Hotel. The hotel, a wooden structure, was saved.

The fire is believed to have been caused by an overheated stove near the stalls. Edward Darrow, the driver, had left the stable to get a late supper, leaving several members of the fire company in the loft. Ten minutes after they left Henry Gruse, a small boy, heard the cries and kicking of the horses. When he opened the door he was driven back by flames.

The boy rang in an alarm. Several men chopped a hole in the side of the stable in an effort to get at the horses, but they were forced to retreat.

Before the other firemen arrived the stable was a heap of ashes. Only the hose truck was saved.

RIEBE SUMMER HOME BURNED

Maid Slightly Hurt in a $25,000 Blaze at Port Jefferson, L. I.

PORT JEFFERSON, L. I., Nov. 20.—Belle Terre, the Summer home of Edgar C. Riebe of 344 West Seventy-second Street, Manhattan, was burned to the ground with its contents early to-day. The property was occupied by Henry S. E. Fleming of East Seventy-seventh Street last Summer.

The house had been closed since Nov. 1, and Mr. and Mrs. Riebe and a maid came down last Friday for week-end visit and were in the house when the blaze started.

Mr. and Mrs. Riebe escaped without difficulty, but the maid was cut off by flames and smoke, and she jumped from a window. She was injured, but not dangerously. The property loss is about $25,000.

A defective flue is supposed to have started the fire.

LEES COURT $500,000 FIRE.

Seat of Earl of Sondes Destroyed—Rare Treasures Burn.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Lees Court at Faversham, Kent, the ancestral home of the Earl of Sondes, with its priceless contents, was destroyed by fire this morning. The damage is estimated at $500,000, but no mere money value could be placed on many of the treasures with which the house was filled.

Lees Court was occupied by Reginald Halsey Laye, and a house party awakened by the smoke and flames escaped from the building scantily clad. Prince Henry of Prussia was recently a guest at Lees Court.

SHOT HIS ACTRESS WIFE.

Bridegroom of Three Weeks Then Killed Himself in New Hampshire.

NASHUA, N. H., Nov. 20.—Arthur Morphey shot and seriously wounded his wife, Vivian Leroy, a burlesque actress, whom he married three weeks ago, and then committed suicide early this morning in a theatrical boarding house in this city. The bullet entered the actress' body just above the heart. Her condition is critical, but physicians at the Emergency Hospital said late to-night that she has a chance for life. She is but 18 years old. Morphey was jealous.

General Change of Time Pennsylvania Railroad.

A general change will be made in the timetables of the Pennsylvania Railroad System on Sunday, November 27. The Pennsylvania Station in the heart of New York City will be placed in service on that date, and important changes will be made in the time of trains at New York.—Adv.

CROKER HERE; CALLS COCKRAN A HOODOO

Ex-Tammany Chieftain Thinks the High Cost of Living Helped the Democrats.

WON'T HELP DR. JENKINS

Says He Will Not Come Out for Him to Succeed Dr. Doty or In Behalf of Any Other Candidate.

Richard Croker, once chieftain of Tammany Hall, arrived here yesterday from Ireland on the White Star Liner Baltic, looking the picture of ruddy health. Old friends who met him on the pier said he looked five years younger than on his last visit a year ago.

Mr. Croker was met at Quarantine by Andrew Freedman, Richard Croker, Jr., and John Fox, President of the Democratic Club. At the pier Fire Chief Croker and Mrs. William T. Jenkins, the former chieftain's sister, were among those who greeted him. He was accompanied by his two nieces, Mrs. S. W. Bowman and Mrs. A. Von Hunebein. Mrs. Breen, formerly Ethel Croker, who was reported to have sailed with her father on the Baltic, was not on board.

In conversation with the reporters on the deck of the liner coming up the bay, Mr. Croker talked freely on every topic but American politics. His only political observation was a reference of the illfortune that always followed W. Bourke Cockran. Asked if he had heard the result of the recent election, he replied:

"Yes, I've heard that the Democratic Party came back. They do those things once in a while. Bourke Cockran, I understand, came out for the Republicans this time. Well, that's what queered it for them. Bourke would queer anything. He's the greatest hoodoo I ever knew.

"I don't know Mr. Dix personally," continued Mr. Croker, "but I understand he is a splendid character. I don't know much about the situation; you might tell me about it. Was the high cost of living an issue? Do they blame it on the tariff?"

Then answering his own queries, he said:

"My idea is that the tariff had something to do with it, and ought to be scaled down, but I think that the high cost of living is largely the result of luxury we have in the cities. The budget this year is a little more than $163,000,000, which is an increase of $6,500,000 over 1909. Now, who will pay for all this? It is meeting the payment for the free baths, luxurious schools, libraries, and other free institutions that the people of New York enjoy that has forced up the cost of living as much as anything else.

"Thirty years ago you could go into the best hotel and get the best service for $3 a day. Now you have to pay $15 a day to get that accommodation in the best hotels in New York. Of course thirty years ago there was not so much silver on the table and not so many boys to brush you off, but I believe that the food was just as good as it is now, and there were no large tips to give in those days."

"There is a rumor that your brother-in-law, Dr. William T. Jenkins, wishes to get the appointment of Health Officer to the port which he held before Dr. Doty, and it is also said that your influence will be exerted in his behalf," Mr. Croker was informed.

"There is not a bit of truth in it," said Mr. Croker, shaking his head to emphasize his words. "I would not raise my hand to help him or any one else in politics. I am out of it. I have said so repeatedly, and I meant what I said.

Asked about the conditions in Ireland, he replied that they were good, and the potato crop, except in three districts, where they had suffered from blight, was excellent. Ireland is looking ahead for a good future, he said. There is a feeling that Home Rule will come in the near future out of the political situation in England.

"I think that we shall have something like Home Rule there after we get the House of Lords out of the way," he added.

Mr. Croker waxed enthusiastic over his racing stable, and said that this year he had seven colts, but hoped to have twelve next year. He has put Orby, his Derby winner, in the stud, and his first colt was foaled this year. "I think that he will be a Derby winner in 1912, like his sire," he said, "and I have called the colt Howard O'Carroll after my old friend Gen. Howard O'Carroll. Of course, you know the O'Carrolls are Irish, but the son dropped the 'O,' and I have put it back. I thought a great deal of the General."

When he was complimented on the way he carried his years Mr. Croker said that it was chiefly due to taking plenty of outdoor exercise and living in the country. He commented sadly on the number of his old friends who had passed away, mentioning Cord Meyer and Inspector Byrnes.

Mr. Croker will stay in the city for three or four days at the Democratic Club and then leave for Palm Beach, where he will stay till April. During his stay he will be dined by several of his old associates.

CONSULS ARE HUFFED.

They Want to Bow to Canadian Viceroy Ahead of the Mayor of Ottawa.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Nov. 20.—The Drawing Room held in the Senate Chamber on Saturday evening by the Governor General and Countess Grey was marked by the renewed refusal of the Consuls General of foreign countries to attend. The senior Consul General in Canada is Col. J. G. Foster of the United States. In Ottawa besides him are the representatives of China, Japan, and Belgium. In Montreal reside the Consuls of Germany, France, Holland, the Argentine Republic, &c.

The question is one of precedence. The Consuls are offended because they are placed after the Mayor of Ottawa in the order of presentation to the Governor General. They claim that their mission to this country is diplomatic and that accordingly their status is higher than that of mere trade representatives.

As Canada is still a colony of Great Britain in a technical sense, the Government of Canada does not recognize them as diplomatic representatives. On occasion, however, they have acted on diplomatic missions, as, for instance, when Col. Foster took part in the recent negotiations regarding the tariff between Canada and the United States.

The contention of the Canadian Government seems to be borne out in the case of the representatives of several countries, as they live in Montreal and not at the capital. Their mission therefore can hardly be considered diplomatic.

SPEND THANKSGIVING AT VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS.

Special train leaves N. Y., Penna. R. R., 4:55 P. M. Wed., Nov. 23rd. Returning lve. Hot Springs Sunday night, ar. N. Y. 8 A.M. Monday.—Adv.

Kalil's Restaurant de Luxe 14-18 Park Pl. Excellent service; fine cuisine; music.—Adv.

HUMOR IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

Sir Henry Lucy ("Toby, M. P.," of Punch,) has written a delightful article on this theme for

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

ROYALIST ASSAULTS THE FRENCH PREMIER

Breaks Through Guards at Ferry Statue Dedication and Hits Briand Twice in Face.

CROWD ALMOST KILLS HIM

Life Saved by Republican Guards at Premier's Urgency—President Fallieres with Minister at the Time.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—Imposing national ceremonies in the Tuileries Garden to-day in connection with the dedication of a statue erected to the memory of Jules Ferry, the French statesman, were marred by an assault upon Premier Briand, who while walking with President Fallières was struck twice in the face by a Royalist. The Premier was not seriously hurt. The vast crowd which had gathered in the garden, set upon the Premier's assailant, and only determined intervention by the Republican Guards saved him from being beaten to death.

The incident occurred at the conclusion of the exercises, which were attended by thousands. President Fallières, M. Briand, and the Ministers were walking toward the gateway when a man broke through the Republican Guards that lined the road, leaped to M. Briand's side, raised his clinched fists high in the air, and brought them down with full force upon the Premier's face.

M. Briand reeled under the blows, but did not fall. As friends rushed up to assist him he cried: "I am all right; we must protect my assailant."

The very audacity of the assault rendered the crowd momentarily speechless, but a shout of anger and cries of "Kill him!" arose quickly from all sides as men fought their way to lay hands upon the assailant. He was kicked and beaten and badly injured before the Republican Guards, urged on by the Premier, succeeded in rescuing him. The man was taken before a Magistrate and gave the name of Lacour. He said he was a member of the Executive Committee of the "Camelots du Rol," an organization of young Royalists, and that he wished to strike at the republic in the person of Briand.

The "Camelots du Rol" met to-night and unanimously elected Lacour Vice President of the association in token of their sympathy and admiration for his act.

The statue to M. Ferry was erected by the public school children of France and the colonies, 2,000,000 children contributing 1 cent each. The ceremonies, while honoring M. Ferry as a statesman and upbuilder of the colonies, especially honored him as father of the public schools of France. A golden book containing the names of the 2,000,000 subscribers was placed in a receptable beneath the statue. There was a great procession of school children, and orations were delivered by Premier Briand, Maurice Faure, Minister of Public Instruction, and other noted public men. M. Briand hailed Ferry as a great patriot, linking his name with those of Gambetta and Waldeck-Rousseau.

WOULD MAKE BOBSLEDS FLY.

Williams Students Will Fix Aeroplanes to Sleds on Long Coasts.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 20.—Leo Stevens, the aeronaut, is enthusiastic over a plan of H. P. Shearman, President of the Williams College Aeronautical Society, to attach wings to bobsleds and so teach students to fly.

There are some beautiful coasts several miles in length in the Berkshire Hills. Mr. Shearman's idea is to attach an aeroplane, with flexible wings—a typical biplane minus the engine—to a bobsled, from which the planes can be controlled by the usual levers.

"We shall take the sled to the top of a long hill and coast down," said Shearman. "Any one who has ever coasted in the Berkshires knows how fast we are likely to travel. As soon as we are traveling about a mile a minute we shall tilt up the planes, and the sled will leave the ground. Then by manipulating the planes the sled can be kept a foot or so above the snow, just skimming the ground, until the bottom of the hill is reached.

"In this way the fellows in our society can learn how to handle the planes, and gain practical experience without undergoing the risk of operating a real aeroplane with an engine to propel it."

HAIL AS BIG AS LOAF SUGAR.

It Kills Ship's Parrot and Forces Crew to Wear Buckets as Helmets.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 20.—A parrot was struck dead, the glass in the port and starboard lights shattered, and the crew forced to go about on deck with buckets tied helmetwise upon their heads in a terrific hailstorm encountered on Saturday night by the fishing schooner Arbitrator off Sankaty Head.

The schooner reached T Wharf this afternon with Capt. Santos inconsolable over the loss of his parrot, which spoke three languages more or less fluently and had weathered the storms of twenty years at sea.

At first, so the Captain related to-day, the stones were no larger than the usual, but within a few minutes they became as big as loaf sugar and made life miserable on deck. To leave the wheel meant disaster for the vessel, but the Captain thought of the idea of handling the wheel with a bucket tied over his head.

He tried one and ordered the rest of the crew to follow suit. There were not enough pails to go round, so three of the men were forced to remain below. The din in the Captain's ears under the wooden protection as the hailstones pelted upon it was terrific, he said.

No Thanksgiving table should be without a bottle of Angostura Bitters, the world-renowned appetizer and invigorator of exquisite flavor. Refuse substitutes.—Adv.

WAITERS IDENTIFY LEWIS'S PICTURE

Members of Their Association Say It Resembles a Man Once Employed at the Waldorf.

KNOWN TO THEM AS "LOUIE"

He Disappeared, They Declare, About the Time That Meagher Says Lewis Brought Him the Trunk.

Members of the International Hotel Employment Association, an organization of German waiters who are employed in the large hotels and restaurants, declared yesterday that they have recognized in the published photograph of William Lewis, the missing waiter and owner of the trunk in which was found the body of a man, the likeness of a waiter they knew some eight years ago as "Louie." They declare the photograph to be a good likeness of the man Louie, but at the time he was known to them he was without a moustach.

Several of the older members of the association said last night that eight years ago the man Louie was a well-known waiter in the better class restaurants and hotels in the city, and that for a long time he was employed at the Waldorf. He was often seen in the neighborhood of Forty-second Street and Broadway, and they recollected that for sometime he had a room somewhere in Sixth Avenue between Thirty-ninth and Forty-fourth Street.

The waiter, they said, was of a pleasure-loving disposition, and was fond of the society of women. He came often to the rooms of the association, where the members congregate when they are at leisure. Some eight years ago he told them he was going West with a friend, and that, they said, was the last they ever saw or heard of him. They were not sure whether the waiter was of pure German descent or was of German and Irish parentage.

The headquarters of the association is above a saloon at 635 Sixth Avenue. The waiters have a club there, and are organized into a union. The books of the union were not available last night, so it could not be learned if Lewis was a member. In the rear of the saloon there is a restaurant, where the waiters meet and dine together.

At the Geneva Society, at 28 East Twenty-eighth Street, which is said to be the oldest German society of waiters in the city, no one was found who knew anything of Lewis. The waiter was not on their books, which date back twenty-five years. There is another Geneva Club in the city, at 143 West Forty-fourth Street, but it was said there that the club has been in existence but five years.

The police still maintained reticence in regard to the case yesterday. They said there were no developments. It was learned that in their quest for information of the missing Lewis they had not confined their activities solely to the poorer class of restaurants. The fact that Lewis lived amid poor surroundings led at first to the impression that he must be a waiter of the poorer class—the kind that are employed in the quick-lunch restaurants and cheaper cafés. It is now known that many waiters of the better class make their homes in these surroundings. Waiters as a rule, unless they are married, spend little time at home and sleep but little. They are often content with a small room in a flat like the Meaghers' as it enables them to live cheaply and save money.

A canvass of the restaurants of the cheaper class in Sixth Avenue and the Bowery failed yesterday to show that a waiter answering the description of Lewis was ever employed in any of them. At McMahon's, one of the oldest restaurants in Sixth Avenue, they had no record or rememberance of such a man. At "Beef Steak John's," the manager said it was a rare thing for a waiter employed in the cheap restaurants to stay in them longer than six months.

The fact that Lewis might have been employed at Coney Island or Manhattan Beach is no reflection on his status as a Waiter, the men in the first-class restaurants said. They explained that there were some good restaurants at both of these places, and that it was not unusual for waiters in first-class restaurants to spend their vacation in working at the shore.

Philip Meagher, his wife, and three children spent Sunday quietly at their home. Mr. Meagher said he had nothing to say except that he and his wife would never forget this trouble that had crept into their lives. He added that he was not used to being mixed up in anything like this.

William Webber, the oldest tenant in the house, said he did not know his neighbors, the Meagers, intimately, but that he used to see them in the hot Summer nights when Meagher would take his family to the roof for a breath of fresh air. Meagher, he said, had always impressed him as being a devoted husband and father, and he had often noticed the regularity with which Mrs. Meagher would take the children to the corner to meet Meagher when he returned home from work.

FOSS WILL FIGHT LODGE.

Unless Senator Retires Governor-elect Threatens to Stump Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Nov. 20.—Goveror-elect Eugene N. Foss issued a statement to-night, in which he demanded that Senator Henry Cabot Lodge withdraw his candidacy for re-election as Senator. If he refuses Mr. Foss will stump the State against him. Mr. Foss's statement in part is as follows:

In the name of the majority of the sovereign people of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, I demand that Henry Cabot Lodge surrender his seat in the United States Senate by withdrawing from his contest for re-election. His election to the Senate would be a repudiation of the great victory of the people at the last election. He was on trial as much, if not more, than Gov. Draper, and if he had been the candidate my majority would have been double what it was.

The issue on which the fight was made, and on which I was elected, were honest tariff revision downward, lower duties on the necessaries of life, free raw materials, an untaxed food supply, reciprocity with Canada, and more democracy in our form of Government. We all know where Senator Lodge stands on these issues, and where he has stood all these years. To re-elect him would be a step backward, and Massachusetts has never learned to walk backward.

I shall never sign his credentials except at the end of a campaign which will make the last one look like an afternoon tea party. He must surrender or fight. He must defend his position before the people. The people of Massachusetts will not permit him longer to manipulate the Legislature. I am ready and if he does not retire, will be on the stump in every section of the State, and we will find out where the people stand. Senator Lodge is not in touch with the new order of things, with the progressive spirit of the times. He doesn't represent the people—the men and women in the ordinary walks of life.

Letters to the Democratic members-elect of the incoming Legislature, soliciting their support for his own candidacy for United States Senator, have been sent out by Col. William A. Gaston of Boston.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RY.

Shortest-Quickest Florida Route

and direct route to Atlanta and Southwest. Electric lighted sleepers and observation cars. Office 1,183 Broadway, cor. 28th St.—Adv.

CARTER FOR SUPREME COURT

Montana Senator Invited to Succeed Justice Moody, His Friends Say.

HELENA, Mon., Nov. 20.—Friends of United States Senator Thomas H. Carter, who was defeated for re-election, said to-night that the Senator has been offered an appointment to the United States Supreme Court, to fill the vancancy caused by the retirement of Associate Justice Moody.

Senator Carter unexpectedly left for Washington to-day.

GUARD VANDERBILT TURKEYS.

Two Men Watch Those Chosen for Alfred G.'s Thanksgiving Dinner.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTSMOUTH, R. I., Nov. 20.—Two watchmen on the local farm of Alfred G. Vanderbilt are spending all their time these days keeping guard over two particularly fat turkeys picked for his Thanksgiving dinner. There are hundreds of turkeys on the great farm, but Mr. Vanderbilt wants these two and no others.

One man follows them around days. At night the turkeys roost in trees, and the second watchman mounts guard beneath to secure them against two or four-footed prowlers.

45 RACE HORSES BURNED.

Fair Association Building at Wichita Destroyed.

WICHITA, Kan., Nov. 20.—Forty-five race horses, valued at $30,000, were burned to-day in the stables of the Wichita and Southwestern Fair Association. The horses were in Winter quarters after a racing season on the fair circuits of Kansas and Oklahoma.

The stables, which were destroyed, were valued at $12,000. A further loss of $10,000 was due to the burning of racing carts, harness, and other accessories.

THREAT TO NICARAGUA?

British and German Warships Reported at Corinto.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Nov. 20.—It is reported here that a British and a German warship have arrived at Corinto.

Their presence in Nicaraguan waters, it is said, is due to the refusal of the Provisional Government to recognize concessions granted by Zelaya to Englishmen and Germans.

ROBERT HUNTER UNDER KNIFE

Connecticut Socialist Is Doing Well After a Surgical Operation.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Nov. 20.—Robert Hunter, who recently emerged from an arduous, and from his standpoint very satisfactory, campaign for the Governorship of Connecticut on the Socialist ticket, is ill at his country home, in Oxridge Darien.

An operation was performed on Tuesday by Dr. Harry Lyle of New York, assisted by a local physician. Mrs. Hunter said to-night her husband was doing well and will be out in about eighteen days.

FLYNN HIS OWN SLEUTH.

Deputy Commissioner Goes to Meet the Baltic on a Mysterious Mission.

Second Deputy Police Commissioner Flynn went down the bay yesterday in the revenue cutter to meet the Baltic on her arrival at the Quarantine Station. He said that he was on private business to meet a relative, but declined to give the name.

After the vessel had got under way for her pier he was seen in earnest conversation with a tall, dark woman, and it was surmised that the Deputy Commissioner might be working out one of his own clues.

He said he was satisfied with the working of his new detective staff and said the trunk murder case would be cleared up.

PREACHED WITH BROKEN RIBS

Pastor Kept Injuries Secret, Not to Worry His Congregation.

The Rev. Dr. Albert C. Bunn, rector of St. Matthew's Episcopal Church in Brooklyn Manor, Queens, who has been suffering from two broken ribs for more than a week, conducted services yesterday despite the pain it caused him. He had kept his injuries a secret; so that the members of his congregation would not feel anxiety over his condition. His torso was incased in a plaster cast.

A week ago last Friday Dr. Dunn tripped while going up the front steps of his church and fell. He struck his side against one of the steps, breaking two ribs. Dr. Dunn was advised to go to bed until his ribs had started to knit, but he declined to give up his church work, even temporarily. So a plaster cast was fitted about his body to protect the injured ribs.

FOLLOWS AMUNDSEN'S TRAIL.

Newfoundlander Leaves Alaska to Make Northwest Passage.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 20.—Joseph Bernard, a Newfoundland navigator, is heading eastward from Point Barrow, Alaska, in a fifteen-ton gasoline schooner, Teddy Bear, in an effort to trace the route followed by Capt. Roald Amundsen four years ago, when he discovered the Northwest Passage.

News of Bernard's expedition was brought to Seattle to-day by Capt. Knaflich of the power schooner Bender Brothers.

DRISCOLL STOPS A SMOKER.

Deputy Police Commissioner Didn't Like the Tone of the Programme.

Deputy Police Commissioner Driscoll broke up a smoker of the Belrose Social Club, composed of Post Office employes, last night. The smoker was to have been held in a café at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-second Street. A long programme had been arranged, and in some way Driscoll got a copy of this several days ago. Then he sent his men to buy tickets.

Five detectives managed to purchase admission for $1.25 each, and they were in the hall when Driscoll and Sergt. Casey drove up in the Commissioner's automobile. Somehow, however, the promoters of the entertainment learned of the presence of the police prior to Driscoll's arrival, and it was announced from the stage that the smoker would have to be postponed.

The Deputy Commissioner and his men say they expect to get word if another attempt is made to hold the smoker, and they will be on hand.

THANKSGIVING DINNER WINES.

Four large bottles, Assorted, $3.00. H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N.Y.—Adv.

PEASANTS KNEEL AT TOLSTOY'S BIER

All Comers, Even Children, Admitted to Hut Where Countess Sits Beside Her Dead.

FUNERAL TO BE TO-MORROW

Church Still Holds Old Antagonist Excommunicate, but Requiems Are Sung In St. Petersburg and Moscow.

ASTAPOVA, Nov. 20.—In a low room, hung with pine branches, Tolstoy's body lies in the rude hut in which he died early this morning. All the peasants in the district have flocked here during the day. None was excluded from the death chamber, through which there was a constant stream of visitors, including many school children. Many of them knelt beside the bier. The silence at times was broken by orthodox chants for the repose of the soul of the dead.

Countess Tolstoy sat beside the body for hours, often kissing the face. "The light of the world is out," she said repeatedly. She left the hut only to attend matins in the school chapel, expecting that a requiem would be sung. When informed that this was not permitted, she fainted.

Tolstoy left a written wish that he be buried without pomp, wreather or rites, under "Poverty Oak," on a hillock at Yasnaya Polyana, where he played as a child, and where the peasants were accustomed to congregate. The family, however, has agreed not to interfere with any honors that the public may desire to pay. The funeral will be held on Tuesday, and the police have been mobilized to prevent public demonstrations.

The body has been embalmed and will be transferred to Yasnaya Polyana. All visitors have received permission to photograph the body if they wish. M. Gunsberg, the sculptor, will take a death mask. Friends of the dead novelist have already started a movement for the acquisition of the house where he died, with the view of turning it into a national memorial.

Around that house all last night while Tolstoy's life ebbed away and the doctors fought the losing battle with death had pressed, waiting and watching and hoping, a motley crowd. There huddled together were relatives of the dying man, Tolstoy disciples, villagers, and many churchmen, among them the Abbot Varsofonius, who did not lose hope until the end of seeing Tolstoy, and extending to him the olive branch on behalf of the Church.

As the Sunday dawn dispelled the foggy, raw November night they still stood spellbound. The whole population of Astapova was there. Then a voice from the hut came quietly: "Leo Nicholaevich is dead."

A moment of silence and every head was bared. There were sounds of sobbing.

One called out: "His heart was broken by his boundless love for mankind. These and words like them ran from mouth to mouth through the little knot of weeping Russians.

Inside the hut Dr. Thtchurovsky and Dr. Vsoff, two of the leading heart specialists of Moscow, who had been hurriedly called into consultation, had been doing what could be done. Dr. Thtchurovsky had carried Tolstoy safely through a similar crisis in 1901 in Crimea, and the hopes of the people rested on him. Tolstoy had failed to recognize either of the physicians, and asked, "Who are these strangers?"

When informed, he had said, "What fine men!"

In spite of their natural reluctance to spread discouraging reports, the consulting physicians, after an examination of half an hour, could not see their way to hold out a ray of hope. However, they helped to lessen the pain of the patient, whose parting hours were mercifully free from physicial suffering.

Tolstoy's heart gave way shortly after he had issued from under the influence of an injected stimulant. He died without regaining consciousness. In the interval between the last two attacks of cardiac failure, the patient seemed to be comfortable and his face was clear of pain.

Grand Duke Nicholas Michaeloyitch has sent a message to Countess Tolstoy, saying, "My whole soul is with you and your family at this sad moment." Numerous other telegrams of sympathy have come from organizations and individuals.

CHURCH PERSISTS IN BAN.

But Requiems Were Sung for Tolstoy in St. Petersburg and Moscow.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 20.—The Church, in the persons of the Metropolitans Antonius of St. Petersburg, Vladimir of Moscow, and Flavian of Kieff, and Louklanoff, chief procurator of the Holy Synod, decided to-night to leave things as they are with respect to Tolstoy. A plenary synod has not been called, and telegraphic instructions have been dispatched to the Bishops informing them that requiems were not permissible.

It is pointed out, however, that Tolstoy was the subject of a milder form of the ecclesiastical penalty, that he was excommunicated but not anathematized, and that a priest on his own conscience could officiate at a requiem such as was held to-day under the auspices of the Council of the Empire on the initiative of Michael Stakovich, Marshal of Nobility. Another requiem will be sung in the Duma by Radical priests to-morrow. The veneration for Tolstoy is so great that even the reactionary parties in the Duma have been led to issue statements leaving the members free to honor his memory.

Burial according to the rites of the Orthodox Church is considered out of the question. The Government intends, according to the announcement, to co-operate with the Church in the enforcement of its difference, although both the Czar and Premier Stolypin have indicated their personal desire that the great Russian be buried with the Russian rite.

Repeatedly advances have been made which would permit the lifting of the ban of excommunication decreed against Tolstoy in 1901. The Metropolitan Antonius himself sent a telegram urging Tolstoy to make his peace with the Church, and representatives of the Church were sent to Astapova for the purpose of bringing the Count back into the fold.

Messages from Optina, Shamardino, and Astapova, however, stated that until the end Tolstoy was held a prisoner by the enemies of the Church, no monk, priest, or Bishop having been permitted to see him. Not the slightest retraction had been received from Tolstoy as to the

position which he assumed toward the Church some years ago.

MOSCOW, Nov. 20.—The police to-day forbade the theatres from suspending their performances because of the death of Count Tolstoy. Nevertheless, the playhouses were closed, as the actors refused to appear. At the Moscow Armenian church a public requiem was permitted.

Meetings of literary and other societies were held to-night for the purpose of deciding what share they will take in the mourning for Count Tolstoy. Many private theatres were closed to-night, and will be closed again on the day of the funeral. A strict censorship is being exercised by the Russian press in the publication of news concerning Tolstoy's death.

HINT AT PROTESTANT BURIAL.

Family May Ask It for Tolstoy—Trouble Feared Over Count's MSS.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—A special dispatch from St. Petersburg to The Times says that during the second cardiac attack Tolstoy tried to rise and flung aside his medical attendants who were forcibly holding him down. He declined to breathe the oxygen which they attempted to administer. Then morphine was injected, and he fell into a doze. Dr. Makovetsky wanted to remove him to another bed and the Count, after demurring, consented, saying: "Do what you will; it is all the same to me."

It is understood that the family may apply to the Old Believers or the Protestant clergy to perform the burial rites. The authorities at Moscow may possibly forbid the public transfer of the body from Riagan to Kursk Station, in fear of a collision with Tolstoy's admirers and the Black Hundred.

All the leading journals, say the correspondent, indignantly protest against the action of Count Tchertkoff and the others who excluded the Countess from the sickroom. Tolstoy constantly asked for her and dictated numerous messages to her under the belief that she was ill at Pasnaya Polyana.

"I understand," continues the correspondent, "that despite the attempts at mediation, differences are likely to arise between the family and Tchertkoff, who possesses Tolstoy's manuscripts, including thirty volumes of his memoirs and the novel, 'Hadji Murat.'"

TWO VIEWS OF TOLSTOY.

Perhaps Greatest and Best Man of His Time, Says Wm. Dean Howells.

Among tributes to the memory of Count Tolstoy following the great Russian novelist's death early yesterday morning is the following from William Dean Howells:

"I think he was a very great man, and a very good man—perhaps the greatest and the best of his time. In a sense, there is nothing to add to that, and moreover, I have written of what Tolstoy has meant to me in my 'Literary Passions.' The fact that he is dead now does not alter the significance of his work and of himself.

"And yet perhaps this dramatic, this painfully, terribly dramatic end, may call for something more than I have already said. It is true that Turgenieff once advised Tolstoy to stick to his writing and forget his theories of conduct, but it is a mistake to consider Tolstoy the man and the creative artist as two separate entities that may be divorced from each other. Who attempts to divorce art and life make a grave error.

"I do not pretend to try to explain Tolstoy's later days. I have never met him, never been in communication with him, but it seems to me that he believed what he lived and that he tried to live what he believed. It was unfortunate that his belief forced itself into such poignantly dramatic expression. There he sat at one end of the table in peasant's clothes, eating corse food, while a footman stood at the other end of the table and served delicate viands to his family.

"There is this about such poverty as that—that it is imaginative in essence and dramatic in form rather than real. The man experienced poverty; he lived the life of the poor, wore their clothes, and ate their food, but he could not feel the dread that is never lifted from the very poor—the dread of actual want tomorrow. It was impossible that he should actually want. We see that in the very circumstances of his death, strive as he might, he did not die a peasant's death, unattended, cold, bare.

"Yet he was a very great man and a very good man—perhaps, as I have said, the greatest and the best of his time."

Henry George, Jr., who has just been elected to Congress, was another who paid a tribute to the great Russian. The son of the famous single-tax advocate, some of whose views were very like Tolstoy's own, said:

"I last saw Tolstoy in the flesh on June 18, 1909, at his ancestral estate, called Yasnaya Polyana, in the Government of Tula, in the heart of Russia. He was then in his eighty-first year and spoke of his waning powers, although to me he appeared to be a man of full mental power, yet delicate in health.

"His abandonment of home can be ascribed either to a further waning of power, especialy mental power, or else to the development of some phase of his philosophy of self-abnegation. I mean by this latter that when he was excommunicated by the Greek Church and by decree of the Holy Synod, his body, when the breath should have passed from it, was not to be buried in consecrated ground. He may have believed it better for all his kith and kin that he should die apart from them, and so departed from his home on feeling the approach of dissolution.

"To me, from my personal contact with him, he was nothing of the poser or seeker for notoriety that the cynical world supposes, but an extraordinary genius who left the pomp and pride of the life of the privileged classes to begin at the physical beginning of things; to work out his own spiritual salvation, and thus show the way of Christ, as he conceived it, in a vast country of primitive agriculture surmounted by a luxurious and corrupt imperial court, backed by a State Church that declared that things as they are in this world are as they should be; that the many shall sweat in an agony of toil that the few may riot in luxury.

"The Countess Tolstoy, his widow, is 17 years younger, and has borne to him thirteen children, of whom seven are alive. She has been a most faithful and helpful wife, upon whom he has leaned consciously and unconsciously through the long years of an intellectually and spiritually tumultuous life. The stories of infelicities between them I believe largely arise from outside misunderstanding. My own observation revealed the closest possible tie, and the reports of what followed the great sage's flight from home, indicate no diminution of love between them.

"To me Tolstoy has been one of the great spiritual powers of the earth, a power greater now in death than that of the autocrat of all the Russias. His power was love, to help mankind; a greater power in his own Russia than all the bayonets of the Czar. Tolstoy's spirit will still be fresh in the hearts of Russians when the present dynasty of Czars has turned to dust."

BRYAN PRAISES TOLSTOY.

Nebraskan Calls the Russian the Great Apostle of Love.

DALLAS, Texas, Nov. 20.—William Jennings Bryan here to-day paid this tribute to Count Tolstoy. Mr. Bryan, who visited the novelist in Russia, said:

"Tolstoy saw the comnig of the era of brotherhood; it is evident everywhere. This morning in the newspapers I noticed the account of the death of that great apostle of love. He was a wonderful man. Born in the circles of aristocracy, he had access to the highest circles of Russian society. Gifted with a great mind, he became an author, depicting strangely and powerfully the social conditions in his native land. He enlisted in the army of his country. With such advantages he sounded all the depths of privilege for forty years. Yet he found it all unsatisfactory.

"In the ceiling of a room in his house there is shown to visitors a ring placed there by him for the purpose of hanging himself.

"But after he was 40 years of age this man had a vision. He found out and declared upon the occasion of my visit to him in his home a few years ago that a great rule for the lives of men is that of the Master: 'Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, with all thy soul, with all thy mind, and with all thy strength; and thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself,' and this great man added: 'Not enough do we emphasize the first part of this commandment; for, unless a man loves God, he has not learned to know his neighbor.'

"And for thirty years this man dared the power of the very circles in which before he had moved and his messages have been of love for men."

TOLSTOY'S PRAYER BOOK.

Selections from His Own Works and Others' Made for His Daily Devotions

By HERMAN BERNSTEIN.

I visited Count Tolstoy in Yasnaya Polyana in July, 1908, and described that visit in THE SUNDAY TIMES shortly afterward.

Among the numerous things the great man told me, he spoke as follows of his works:

"I consider my artistic works as insignificant. My most important works are those dealing with religious subjects which I have written during the past ten years."

"And your artistic works which have appeared during the past ten years?" I asked.

"You refer to such works as 'Resurrection'? They are important in so far as they treat of religious self-perfection. That which is called artistic is aristocratic art. Therefore I am against it. I should have said that I value all my plain folk stories. But my very best work is my 'Cycle of Readings.' Only one-tenth of it is my own work. It is composed of extracts I have made from the writings of the greatest masters of all time. This I consider as my most important and most useful work. It is my prayer book. I use the selections for every day as my daily prayers. It is in every respect my favorite work."

It is therefore appropriate at this hour, when the intelligent world is mourning the loss of the great literary artist and the man who was perhaps a century ahead of his time, to reproduce his last prayer.

It should be explained that all the passages below which are not credited to others are Tolstoy's own:

Tolstoy's "Prayer" for Nov. 20.

Every movement toward good among people who live a life of evil calls forth persecution, not love.

Even death is powerless to destroy the victory of the man who is struggling with all his power for a righteous cause. Struggle on, relentless, true heart; go forward regardless of happiness or misfortune, and be confident that the righteous cause for the sake of which you are struggling will triumph. Only the iniquitous will perish, while all that is righteous, participating in the eternal laws of nature and realizing together with them the purpose of the world, cannot be defeated.—Carlyle.

Obstacles on the road toward goodness, surmounted by the effort of my spirit, give me new strength; that which threatened to be a hindrance on the road to goodness becomes goodness itself, and the bright road suddenly opens before you where you saw no way out before.—Marcus Aurelius.

He who suffered to the end will be saved. How often a man grows despondent and stops or even turns back when only a slight effort was necessary for him to attain his goal.

Do not seek the love of other people and do not be disturbed by their lack of love. People often love you for the evil that is in you and do not love you for the good that is in you. Strive to please God, not man.

His Thoughts on Death.

The following are Tolstoy's thoughts on death, and are taken from his "Cycle of Readings":

Think of death more often and live as if you were to die soon. However you may hesitate how to act, imagine that you are to die in the evening, and your doubts will clear away immediately. You will see clearly what your duty is and what your personal desires are.

You envy another, you are indignant, angry at him, you want to wreak your vengeance on him. Consider that to-day or to-morrow that man will die, and not a trace will be left of your evil feelings against him.

Nothing is so true as the fact that the thought of the approach of death regulates all our deeds according to their real importance in our life. He who is condemned to immediate death will not concern himself about increasing or preserving his fortune; he will not concern himself about leaving behind him fame or about the triumph of his nation over other nations, or about the discovery of a new planet, and so forth. But a moment before his death he will try to console the one who suffers, he will lift up an old man who has fallen down, he will dress another's wounds, he will mend a toy for a child.

The fear of death is unnatural. The fear of death is the consciousness of sin.

The fear of death emanates from the fact that people regard as life only a small part of it, limited by their own erroneous conception.

Death is more inevitable than the approach of night, of Winter. Why, then, while preparing for the night, for Winter, do we not prepare ourselves for death? The preparation for death is a righteous life. The better the life we lead, the smaller the fear of death. For the holy there is no death.

Just as the owner of the fig-tree knows the time when the fruit is ripe, so God knows when to call the righteous from this world.

Strive to keep your life at a point where you neither fear death nor desire it.

Remember that you do not live in this world, but you pass through it.

The greatest words ascribed to Christ are his prayer before death about those who know not what they are doing.

At the moment of man's death the candle by which he read the book full of tribulations, deceptions, misery and evil, flares up with a brighter light than ever before, illuminating to him all that was hidden in darkness; then it cracks, flickers and is extinguished forever.

For the man who leads a spiritual life there is no death.

If life is bliss, then death, which constitutes an essential condition of life, is also bliss.

Gives Food to Matanzas at Sea.

A wireless message was received here last night from the steamship Luckenbach that she had sighted the Matanzas flying distress signals in latitude 36:48, longitude 72 west. The Luckenbach supplied her with provisions. All on board were well, and the Matanzas continued her course for New York. The only Matanzas in the shipping records that would be likely to run out of food is an American bark, which cleared from Brunswick, Ga., for Philadelphia on Oct. 31. She was spoken on Nov. 7 in latitude 38.06, longitude 70:48 west, near the place where she was seen by the Luckenbach's report.

To Sell Ward Art Collection.

MADISON, N. J., Nov. 20.—At an auction early in January the entire art gallery of the late Dr. Leslie D. Ward, who was Vice President of the Prudential Insurance Company, will be disposed of. The collection of paintings is said to be worth $200,000.

BRONX SUSPICIOUS OF KATZENSTEIN

Neighbors of Man Caught Stealing Provisions from Ward's Island and Tell of Cold Storage Plant

HIS HOME A TRANSFER POINT

Goods Brought from State Boat Pier Hidden Under Offal Were Changed to Other Wagons There.

The stealing of food from the meagre rations of the inmates of the Manhattan State Hospital for the Insane on Ward's Island, it was learned yesterday, was not a new enterprise, when Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick's investigators swooped down upon Offal Contractor Katzenstein on Saturday and confiscated his wagon load of beef, pork, ham, bacon, and poultry.

A preliminary examination indicates that the peculation of foodstuffs from the supplies of the State charges has been going on steadily for at least a year and probably for many years. It included sugar and coffe, as well as meats. City as well as State institutions are supposed to be involved.

Simon Katzenstein, who has prospered in the grease and bone business, was not welcomed with enthusiasm by his neighbors in the Bronx when he returned to his home at 601 Bergen Avenue after being released on bail on a charge of grand larceny for the theft of 1,400 pounds of food worth $212 in a single trip to the pier at the foot of East 116th Street.

Instead of welcoming Katzenstein, neighbors told of wagons that drove away from his place, ostensibly laden with grease and bones, and yet did not drive to the soapmakers, like other similarly laden wagons. They also told of a warehouse at 144th Street and Bergen Avenue from which Katzenstein dealt in hams, bacon, beef, and poultry, and told how wagons drove from his yard about two hours after his regular trips to the city pier each week, with goods for this storage plant.

Pressed to tell how long the practice had been going on, the neighbors said it was as long as they could recall—so long that it had been observed as a regular part of the Katzenstein business routine.

Alexander Bremer, chief examiner in the office of the Commissioner of Accounts, who is one of Mr. Katzenstein's Bronx neighbors, was busy investigating the case with several assistants all day yesterday. He said that he would have some startling disclosures to make to Mr. Fosdick this morning, and that he personally for three weeks had seen Katzenstein at work every Saturday at the foot of East 116th Street when the Wanderer, the State boat, was at her pier, and had trailed him through the processes of separating the food products from refuse and of marketing the meats.

On each of those Saturday mornings the amount of food stolen, according to Bremer, was substantially the same as the amount seized last Saturday.

Presents were made to the members of the Wanderer's crew, he declared, as the seven barrels were sent ashore, one filled with fat and bones and six with meat.

It was Bremer's report to Commissioner Fosdick on Friday night which led to Katzenstein's arrest by Policeman Phelan and four Inspectors, the party meeting at Mr. Bremer's home, at 1,776 Sedgwick Avenue before daylight and going, under his guidance, to the East 116th Street pier in time to see Katzenstein receive the seven barrels of supposed refuse from the Wanderer's forward deck. They trailed him to within three blocks of his home, where he was arrested.

Taking it for granted that Saturday's allotment of 1,400 pounds, valued at $212, was the usual amount stolen weekly, the Commissioner of Accounts is anxious to find out just what proportion of their rations was left for the inmates of the institution. Just what proportion 1,400 pounds of meat was to the weekly supply will be one of the first items developed at the hearings beginning to-day.

Commissioner Fosdick, when asked yesterday what he would do in case the peculations turned out to be confined exclusively to State institutions, said that he would gather the evidence and turn it over to State officials. His duty as a city official didn't require him to do this, he said, but he guessed he would find time between the eighteen other investigations he has under way, he declared, to follow this one to the end.

A PARTY FOR ROOSEVELT.

Woman Labor Leader Thinks He May Develop Into a Leader for Workers.

Helen Marot, the young woman who came to this city from Philadelphia to organize the shirtwaist workers into a union preceding their strike of a year ago, said yesterday in her offices at the Women's Trade Union League, of which she is Secretary, that she thought she had a job cut out for Col. Roosevelt if only he will take it.

"The labor troubles in Europe," she said, "have been largely solved through the appearance of a definite labor party. In America no such party has appeared, but its strength in England is evidenced by the fact, for instance, that we will give an entertainment here in our rooms in a week for two Members of Parliament, one a textile worker, and one a miner, who have been visiting in this country.

"Now, I wasn't at all pleased over the last election returns. I didn't want to see conservatism take another grip on the country, and that's all I can see in a Democratic victory in most States. The one really consoling feature was the remarkable increase in the Socialist vote.

"I have looked and hoped for the emergence of a definte labor party in this country, but I can hardly say I see it coming, although the struggles of labor in the industrial field may anticipate the coming of such a party.

"Now, that's where the Colonel could come in. Wall Street has most to fear from a labor party. It will, of course, fight for more of the proceeds of industries for labor, and less for dividends. Wall Street was good to the Colonel, but that was when it feared him. I believe Wall Street will take courage from the recent election returns and voice its courage in a genuine turndown for the Colonel that will make him permanently out of it, so far as the Wall Street influence can reach.

"And some such leader is the very man who can bring the American labor party into existence. We don't indorse the Colonel. Yet labor listens to him, and says of some of his policies that they are good. But of others it has its doubts. It hasn't at all adopted the Colonel, but it has an open ear, and perhaps a better understanding can be arrived at."

MISSED THE FROSTFISH.

Lantern-Bearing Asbury Park Told That the Whale Scared 'Em Away.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Nov. 19.—News was spread here to-day that an enormous run of frostfish had struck Asbury Park waters, and all that folks had to do was to go down to the beach with lanterns and gather in the fish. The light, it was explained, was necessary to blind them. While they were floundering in the surf or trying to climb up on the beach it was easy to scoop them up with nets or even with bare hands.

It looked easy, especially to such inhabitants as spend their evenings in town and therefore don't know much about the habits of frostfish. These were aroused to a high pitch of excitement, and prepared to lay in a supply to-night.

Armed with lanterns and scoop nets, a crowd wandered up and down the beach. The unusual sight attracted others until even the churches were deserted. Some wore rubber boots, but most of them just ordinary clothes. They searched the beach for half a mile, but there wasn't a fish, frost or otherwise, in sight.

"The whole darn thing's a frost," said one disgusted searcher.

"Yes, it does look fishy," commented another.

Complaining that they had been made the victims of a hoax many went back home and some to church. A few went in search of the individuals who had spread the news of the big run. They pitched upon a stout, amiable looking person who wore his trousers at high water mark.

"Where are those frostfish you was telling about?" demanded a tall, round-shouldered man, who wore spectacles and a scraggily mustache, swinging his lantern threateningly.

"Why—er—that is," said the stout man, "the big whale scared 'em away."

"What whale?"

"Why, the big whale that came along here about church time this morning."

The seeker for information looked dazed. It was the first he had heard of the whale, but he seemed to be in no position to assert positively that there was no whale around at that time.

"Why," continued the fat man more confidently as he noted the other's hesitation, "it was the biggest whale ever seen in this vicinity. If you doubt my word, I can refer you to Cap'n Canse."

Capt. James C. Canse is one of the oldest members of the Coast Patrol. He is the local authority on things of the sea, and no one ever thinks of doubting his veracity. Capt. Canse was also found along the beach.

"Sure it's so," said the Captain when told who had vouched for the whale. "I have been patrolling here many years, but I never saw such a whale in my life. It was between forty and sixty-five feet long, and lay right off there about half a mile from the Casino. When I first saw it, the big brute was making straight for shore. I thought the darn thing would run its nose into the sand, and I yelled to my mates to get ready to harpoon it. Then it stopped, threw up two of the prettiest streams you ever saw in your life, flicked its tail, just as if it intended to give us the laugh, and put out to sea again. It was a black whale, and a monster."

Algernon Percival Brown, one of the oldest inhabitants of Asbury Park, who is one of those who vouches for the whale, said he watched it for nearly half an hour from the beach, and it acted just as Cap'n Canse said, only there was a school of porpoises there, too, headed south. Mr. Brown opined that the whale had frightened away what frost fish it had not eaten, and the porpoises came along and completed the rout.

POMERENE LEADS IN OHIO.

Said to Have Majority of Democrats—Governor Harmon Aids Him.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 20.—That Atlee Pomerene of Canton, Lieutenant Governor-elect, will succeed Charles Dick as United States Senator is the assertion of Adjt. Gen. Weybrecht and Congressman-elect John J. Whittacre, who are managing his campaign. They said to-day that they had 53 of the 89 caucus votes pledged, and they expect other votes in the next two weeks.

"I believe Mr. Pomerene's name will be the only one mentioned in the caucus," said Mr. Whittacre to-night.

John R. McLean, who has been reckoned as one of the men hard to beat, is understood to have declared his intention not to run. For two weeks the majority of the newspapers in Ohio have been calling on legislators to refuse to vote for him because of his alleged affiliation with the large moneyed interests.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 20.—Friends of John R. McLean assert that fifty-one of eighty-nine Democratic members of the newly elected Legislature have declared Mr. McLean to be their first choice for Senator. Thus far he has not given a hint as to whether or not he is a candidate.

It is evident that Gov. Harmon is lending his aid to Atlee Pomerene. Some of his chief appointees have been active in taking legislators from his office to Pomerene headquarters, and one of Gov. Harmon's chief aids declared to-day that Mr. Pomerene would be elected Senator.

Edward W. Hanley of Dayton is seeking the support of the Democratic legislators-elect. W. L. Finley, for years Chairman of the State Committee, and members of that body are actively working for him. Chairman Nichols of the State Committee, however, to-day assured Mr. Pomerene that he would be neutral.

JUDGE GRAY LEFT NO WILL.

Jersey Jurist's Estate, Valued at $100,000, Will Be Divided by the State.

Much surprise was occasioned yesterday in Newark over the announcement that Judge George R. Gray of the New Jersey Court of Errors and Appeals, who died two weeks ago, left no will. His estate is valued at $100,000 to $500,000.

When he died Judge Gray was without parents, wife, or children. In case a will is not found an application will be made to the Essex County Orphans' Court for the appointment of an administrator to divide the estate into four equal parts for William Gray of Newark, a brother; Mrs. Emma C. Inslee, his sister, of Brooklyn; a daughter of Louis, a deceased brother, and the two daughters of Robert, another deceased brother.

Until an appraisal is made not an idea of the value of the estate can be had. Property at 30 Franklin Street, where Judge Gray lived from the time of his marriage until he died, is valued at more than $50,000. The propertly adjoins the new $2,000,000 City Hall.

There is supposed to have been little other real estate, but it is believed that large holdings of securities will be found. Judge Gray was a Director of the Union National Bank, Fireman's Insurance Company, Public Service Corporation, and other large concerns.

IS A "GENTLEMAN THIEF."

Man Arrested in Baltimore Was Guilty of Many Robberies.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 20.—Through an arrest in Baltimore and the confession of the prisoner, the largest burglary here in years has been cleared. Some time between Saturday, Sept. 17, and Monday, Sept. 19, while Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Lubelski were away, the residence 222 Broadway was entered and plunder valued at about $1,500 secured.

When the family left home a month before, Mr. Lubelski gave the keys to Peter Speer of 223 Godwin Street, who was to install new plumbing. He locked the house at noon Saturday, and when he returned on Monday discovered that it had been robbed.

A few days ago word was received from the police of Baltimore that Thomas H. Barnett and a woman who posed as his wife had confessed that he "did a job" in Paterson, one in Passaic, and a dozen others in this section of the country.

A list of the articles recovered was sent here, and Mrs. Lubelski recognized a few of the articles as hers.

The Baltimore police stated that Barnett told them he had committed all the robberies while attired in evening dress. He and his companion were faultlessly attired and well supplied with money when arrested.

Barnett lived at one time at 107 Belleville Avenue, Newark. On Oct. 9 last his wife accidentally shot herself, and was confined to the City Hospital, Newark, for two weeks. After her recovery she and Barnett went to Baltimore.

BOY OF NINE YEARS KILLED BY AN AUTO

Chauffeur Arrested on Complaint of Father of Sidney Price, Run Down in Avenue D.

BLAME PUT ON THE BOY

Goldman, the Chauffeur, Said He Ran In Front of the Machine Without Warning.

Nine-year-old Sidney Price was struck by an automobile as he was running across the thoroughfare in front of his home, at 98 Avenue D, last night. The chauffeur stopped, placed the injured lad in the tonneau of his machine, and then hastened to Bellevue Hospital. There the surgeons found that the boy was suffering from internal injuries. He died two hours later.

The father of the Price boy learned of the accident from neighbors soon after the chauffeur started for the hospital. He hastened to the Union Market Station and demanded the arrest of the operator of the machine. The police communicated with Bellevue and had the operator of the auto detained until the arrival of a patrolman. At the Union Market Station the chauffeur said he was Harry Goldman of 110 St. Mark's Place, and that he was employed by the Imperial Taxicab Co. of 79-81 Second Avenue. He explained that the boy had darted in front of his machine without warning, and that he was unable to stop in time to prevent the accident. The police allowed him to leave after taking his name and address.

AUTO FLED FROM INJURED.

Left Two Boys Prostrate in the Road and Sped Away.

John Chaloupecky, 17 years old, and his brother, William, 14, of 347 East Fifty-first Street, Manhattan, were thrown from their horses in Central Avenue, near Yonkers Avenue, Yonkers, yesterday afternoon. The younger brother was rendered unconscious by the fall, and when he was removed to a police station it was found that he had sustained severe injuries on the head and legs. The brother escaped with minor hurts.

The horses took fright at a passing automobile. The party in the machine, which included two women, looked back on the boys who were lying in the roadway, and then sped away. As the number of the automobile was not procured, the identity of the party may never be known.

HAD NO RIGHT TO THE BADGE

Tables Turned on a Former State Examiner, Who Caused Chauffeur's Arrest.

The arrest of two chauffeurs, one charged with having no identification card, and the other with not properly displaying his badge, both on the complaint of Millard F. Perkins, former State Examiner of Chauffeurs, and President of Local No. 207 of the Chauffeurs' National Union, led to the appearance of Secretary of State Samuel Koenig in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday morning.

Two policemen, who arrested the chauffeurs, testified that Perkins, in making the complaints, had represented himself to be State Examiner of Chauffeurs, when he had not been connected with the State Department since Nov. 1. When Mr. Koenig reached the court he demanded and received Mr. Perkins's official badge.

The chauffeurs—Jacob Brown, employed by the Universal Taximeter Cab Company, and Joseph Ardizone of the Cab and Taxi Company—were discharged. After Mr. Koenig had declared that Perkins had no right to use his badge, counsel for the chauffeurs demanded his arrest on the charge of impersonating an officer.

Magistrate Barlow would not sanction this move, and Secretary of State Koenig agreed that he did not think Perkins should be prosecuted, as Perkins denied that he had been notified of his removal from office. The matter was adjourned indefinitely pending further investigation, and Perkins was released on parole.

Auto Fumes Overcome a Boy.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 20.—A child was overcome to-day by inhaling the exhaust of an automobile, and had to be worked over for a considerable time by a physician before reviving. The victim was the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Greenburg. He was walking with his parents when on passing an automobile that was standing at the curb he got the full force of the exhaust in his face. He was immediately overcome, and had to be carried into a drug store. Dr. James Merrill was called, but it was some time before he could bring the youngster around.

John J. Stevens Hit by an Auto.

While crossing the East Drive at Ninetieth Street, in Central Park, early Saturday night, John J. Stevens, a retired merchant, 55 years old, of 149 East Ninetieth Street, was struck by an automobile operated by Andrew Kenny of 404 East Eighty-first Street and owned by Mrs. Alfred Schiffer of 12 East Seventy-sixth Street. Mrs. Schiffer was in the car with her daughter. The injured man was taken in the automobile to Mount Sinai Hospital. He was only slightly hurt.

E. G. Pickens Killed in Auto.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 20.—E. S. Springer, manager of the Leavenworth Light, Heat and Power Company, and E. G. Pickens of New York, one of the owners of the company, were killed late last night when a train, backing at a rapid rate of speed, crashed into the automobile in which they were riding, at a railroad crossing.

Lloyd Bingham Fined.

Because his automobile was smoking while he was driving through Central Park Saturday afternoon Lloyd Bingham, husband of Amelia Bingham, the actress, was fined $5 by Magistrate House in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday. Three chauffeurs of taxicabs were fined $5 each for the same cause.

Large men and large minds are first to recognize excellence

LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES

of a "vintage"

Bear a distinctive character of their own

AUTO AND TROLLEY CRASH.

Dr. Steadman and His Wife Badly Hurt in Jersey.

Dr. E. T. Steadman of 135 Washington Street, Hoboken, and his wife were seriously injured in Harrison last night when their automobile collided with a turnpike trolley car in front of the Harrison Avenue car shed. Both were thrown to the pavement, and Mrs. Steadman's scalp was cut. At St. Michael's Hospital in Newark, where she and her husband were taken, the surgeons feared she had a fractured skull.

Dr. Steadman's collarbone and nose were broken, his head cut, and his left arm injured. His son and the chauffeur, who were on the front seat, escaped with bruises. They were turning to one side to pass an eastbound car when they crashed into one coming in the opposite direction. The auto was badly damaged, and the passengers in the trolley car were shaken up, but none of them was injured.

ENJOYS RIDE IN A HEARSE.

Boy Spends a Happy Hour in the Vehicle Which Ran Him Down.

Genni Damborelli, 12 years old, of 332 West Seventeenth Street, rode for more than an hour last night in an automobile hearse belonging to Richard J. Delaney, an undertaker of 69 Eighth Avenue. The hearse had run him down at Sixteenth Street and Eighth Avenue. The boy had his right eye injured and suffered some contusions, but otherwise he was very much alive, and apparently enjoying himself.

With the chauffeur, John H. Koenig, on the seat was Mr. Delaney himself. The hearse was going north in the avenue when Genni ran in front of it. The chauffeur was able to stop before the boy was run over.

Delaney put the lad in the hearse and took him to the New York Hospital, where it was said that the injury to Genni's eye was the most serious, and Mr. Delaney was advised to take him to the New York Eye and Ear Hospital, Second Avenue and Eighteenth Street. After the boy's eye was dressed, he was put in the hearse again, while Mr. Delaney went to the West Twentieth Street Station to report the accident.

There it was found that the chauffeur had been operating on a New Jersey license, and he was detained.

Then Mr. Delaney himself took Genni home, still in the hearse.

SURE CAB STRIKE IS OVER.

Driscoll Says All the Men Will Be at Work in Two Days.

Deputy Police Commissioner Driscoll said last night he believed the strike of the taxicab chauffeurs would end within two days. He said about 120 taxicabs were in operation yesterday, with a policeman on each.

That the Deputy Police Commissioner had sized up the situation correctly was the opinion expressed both in and out of strike circles. Many of the striking chauffeurs, it was said, have returned to work, and more are expected to apply for their old jobs to-day.

Only one case of violence was reported yesterday. That was last night, when some one threw a rock through the window of a taxicab driven by Joseph Ellis. Policeman Charles McKee was on the machine, but the person who threw the rock escaped.

Driscoll Suspends Sergeant Sullivan.

Acting Police Sergeant Timothy Sullivan of Deputy Commissioner Driscoll's staff was suspended yesterday, but Mr. Driscoll refused to throw any light upon the matter. The police officer equally was reticent, and none at Headquarters seemed to know the reason for the act. Sullivan is well known on the force and has been at Police Headquarters for many years.

HILPRECHT'S FRIEND OUT.

E. B. Coxe, Jr., Now Heads Archaeological Museum at Pennsylvania.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—There has been a reorganization of the Board of Managers of the Archaeological Museum of the University of Pennsylvania as a result of Dr. Hilprecht's resignation. Samuel F. Houston, who was President of the board and one of Prof. Hilprecht's warmest supporters, resigned when Dr. Hilprecht sent in his letter and Eckley B. Coxe, Jr., who has sent three University expeditions to Egypt recently, was elected President.

Friends of Dr. Hilprecht said that they believed the Assyriologist has been too hasty in presenting his resignation. They denied that he had published a pamphlet as was reported, in which he had reviewed the causes of his resignation. No person seen had any knowledge of such a publication, and it was generally believed that there was none, since Dr. Hilprecht had returned from Europe so recently that he scarcely had time to issue such a brochure.

It is charged that boxes containing the Nippur tablets have been broken open, and some of the tablets defaced and others removed. No one seems to know who circulated these tales, and none could be found to-day who would discuss the matter.

42-Mile Gale Off Washington Coast.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 20.—A terrific storm is raging off the Washington Coast and in the Strait of San Juan de Fuca. At 9 o'clock this morning the marine observer on Tatoosh Island, at the entrance of the Strait, reported a forty-two-mile gale. Shortly after this report the wires went down.

Jersey's Banner Turkey Year.

BRANCHVILLE, N. J., Nov. 20.—Sussex County has not seen a better turkey crop in years, and thousands of the birds are to leave here to-morrow for the New York Thanksgiving market. Dealers are paying from 20 to 22 cents a pound for turkeys "on the hoof."

BIDE-A-WEE HOME TELLS OF DIRE NEED

Its Auto Is Wrecked, Its Horse Sick, and Jersey Demands a Head Tax Per Dog.

FIGHTING THE TAX IN COURT

But Meantime the Home's Income Has Been Failing, So This Is a Hurry Call for Aid.

The Bide-a-Wee Home, at 244 East Sixty-fifth Street, the haven for cats and dogs that nobody seems to want, is having more troubles. In the first place, people living in the vicinity of the home's country place, at Riverdale, N. J., are trying to compel Mrs. Harry Ulysses Kibbe, the President, to pay a tax on each dog kept there till owners are found for them. There are several hundred dogs, so this is serious. The case is being fought by the Bide-a-Wee Home Association in the courts.

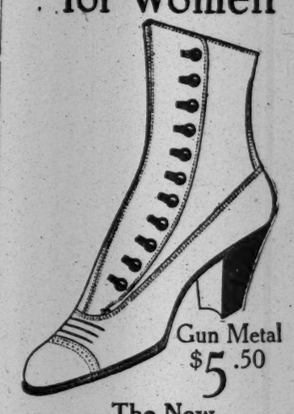
Then, the other day, the home's automobile ambulance was run down by an ash cart and wrecked. There were no animals in it. On top of all this, Dandy, the association's horse, which did all kinds of necessary work, became suddenly foundered and went out of commission. Dandy was bought by the association at a sale after its owner had committed suicide.

In the midst of these diversified woes, the association is running short of funds. Mrs. Kibbe has sent out a call for help by circular. The association is without a regular income and donations must be sent at once or some of its work will stop. The association in the last two years has rescued 15,000 animals from the streets and placed more than two-thirds of them in good homes, where Inspectors from time to time see that they are in good hands. It holds free daily clinics for sick and injured animals, and maintains a free dispensary and advisory bureau for animal ills. Many well-known women are among its patrons.

"Last May," says the circular, "through the great generosity of one of our members, we were enabled to pay the last mortgage of $2,000 on our country property at Riverdale and to move into more commodious quarters in this city. Alterations and improvements have incurred a large expenditure, which we were able to meet through the same kind benefactress. With larger quarters and the two homes to maintain, our expenses are greatly increased. Our sources of revenue are uncertain, as the home is entirely dependent on benefits and a membership of barely 500. Every animal brought to the Bide-a-Wee stands a fair chance of securing a good home. They are not destroyed unless helpless and incapacitated. This means great expense in feeding, &c. We now have some 500 animals at the two homes. So that the homes may be properly conducted we have installed a veterinarian as a salaried Superintendent, and we have a visiting veterinarian as well. We hope our members and friends will come forward and help us. The situation is critical."

ANNUITIES SAFEST INVESTMENT. INCOME FOR LIFE GUARANTEED. NO FLUCTUATIONS.
At age 50 pays 7.17 per cent.
At age 60 pays 9.43 per cent.
At age 70 pays 13.65 per cent.
ISSUED BY ONE OF THE STRONGEST FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS IN THE WORLD.
Details on request.
ROBERT A. SASSEEN, 165 Broadway.

Hanan Shoes for Women



Gun Metal $5.50

The New Round Toe Bud Model

A Fall and Winter style of exceeding smartness. Flat tread, slightly extended sole and high Cuban heel are the features.

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Broadway, corner 31st St. Near New Pennsylvania Station
Broadway, corner 38th St.
1095 B'way, near 23d St.
Broadway, cor. Canal St.
Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
297 B'way, near Duane St.
In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton Street

Exhibition of
Historic Old English Furniture
Plaza Hotel
PARTRIDGE, LEWIS & SIMMONS
(of 180 New Bond Street, London, W.)

It is well known that Whistler painted the famous Peacock Room which Mr. Freer has given to the nation.

Few of his admirers know that he also painted a series of twelve figure subjects to adorn a set of Sheraton Satinwood Chairs and Settee. This "Whistler" Suite is to be seen in the above Exhibition.

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GOLDSMITHS AND JEWELERS
Best Quality
Distinctive Creations
Lowest Prices
Original and distinctive style pre-eminent in our entire gem and gold jewelry display.
Comparison of values is invited
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

ADVERTISEMENT.
THE JAPAN SOCIETY,
which has for its object a better understanding, on the part of the people of the United States, of Japan and the Japanese, recommends to the public the following books:

"Bushido, the Soul of Japan," Nitobe	$1.25 net
"Evolution of the Japanese," Gulick	2.00 "
"Fifty Years of New Japan," Count Okuma	6.00 "
"Japanese Girls and Women," Miss Bacon	1.20 "
"Letters from Japan," Fraser	3.00 "
"Things Japanese," Chamberlain	4.00 "
"Tales of Old Japan," Mitford	1.25 "
"Japan, an Interpretation," Hearn's	2.00 "
"The Real Japan," Norman	5.00 "
"Lotus Land, Japan," Ponting	6.00 "
"Japanese Life in Town and Country," Knox	1.20 "
"The Awakening of Japan," Okakura	1.50 "
"The Heart of Japan," Brownell	1.50 "
"History of Japan," Murray	1.20 "
"Human Bullets," Sakurai	1.25 "
"Handbook of Modern Japan," Clement	1.40 "
"Japan and China," Brinkley	48.00 "

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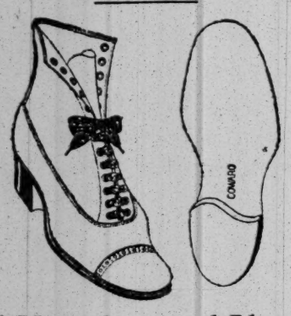

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FOR WOMEN

Coward Bunion Shoe with Coward Arch Prop and Extension Heel

Many women will welcome this shoe. Somehow bunions and arch weakness go together. This shoe helps both. A deep pocket provides room for the enlarged joint; the adjustable arch support, with extension heel (which has been made by us in our Custom Department for over 30 years) gives great comfort to aching foot muscles.

COWARD REMEDIAL SHOES are carefully fitted to the individual feet, free of charge, by an experienced orthopedist, constantly in attendance.

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UNDERWEAR

Every ounce pure wool—of exquisite *softness*, being agreeable to the most *sensitive* skin.

Dermophile answers all of nature's requirements for ideal underwear. It is healthful, comfortable, economical and delightful to wear.

Guaranteed unshrinkable or money refunded.

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THE DERMOPHILE CO., 486 Broome St., New York.

HIGH CLASS
PIANO BARGAINS

The accompanying list of high-class pianos will give some idea of the unusual values offered at the Big Wissner Sale of Used Pianos. Some of them are as good as new. They were rebuilt or overhauled at our factories, where every facility and appliance is at hand to do the work properly and should not be compared with those that are simply tuned and polished. These instruments are worthy your investigation.

Original Price.	Sale Price.
$450 Sohmer	$265
450 Bradbury	210
550 Kroeger	215
400 Leckerling	220
300 Reinhard	225
400 Leckerling	230
600 Kroeger	235
500 Chickering	240
500 Chickering	245
550 Steinway	250
600 Wissner	255
650 Wissner	265

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ESTABLISHED 1857
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LINOLEUM

NO MEXICAN REVOLT ON DAY SET FOR IT

One Small Outbreak at Guerrero Is Quickly Suppressed—Capital Quiet, Troops Watchful.

MADERO NOT YET TRACED

Thousands of Mexicans Leave Texas, and Arms and Ammunition Supposed to Have Been Smuggled In.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 20.—The insurrection, which was said to have been planned for to-day against the Government of Mexico failed to materialize, except for an outbreak at Guerrero, near the American border, which was quickly quelled. Elsewhere Sunday passed without unusual incident, and, while the authorities have not relaxed their vigilance, it is believed that no further troubles will occur.

Special dispatches received to-night from many places, including Vera Cruz, Puebla, Pachuca, and Orizaba stated that everything had been quiet all day in those cities. Two mine bosses were arrested in Pachuca and brought here. It is believed that they are suspected of having been implicated in the plot against the Government.

A dispatch from Pachuca said that the children of three women, who are now in jail charged with firing on the soldiers during the fight at Puebla, are cared for by a German woman. One woman who was under arrest was released after an investigation showed that she had not participated in the affray.

A newspaper correspondent who returned to Mexico City to-night from Puebla said that not more than forty persons were slain in the fight that occurred at the house of Aquile Cerdan. Sixteen of the dead were revolutionists, and the others were members of the police force, soldiers, and spectators. He estimated the number of wounded at about 125, among them a large number of persons innocent of any wrongdoing who were victims of stray bullets.

Reports received to-night from Santa Cruz, a town between here and Puebla, stated that the demonstration there last night was of short duration. A small party of revolutionists attempted to create a revolt, but were driven to the mountains by troops. An attempt was made to burn a bridge on the Mexican Railroad near Santa Cruz, but soldiers quickly reached the bridge and prevented the act. Later reports say that no further disturbance was anticipated there.

No bullfights were allowed to take place in Mexico City to-day and there were no large gatherings of any kind in any part of the capital. Soldiers and police patrolled the streets all day, but not an act occurred so far as can be learned that required their services. In the suburbs, where trouble was expected, everything was quiet and order prevailed in all towns in the Federal district.

An air of uneasiness could be observed among members of the foreign colonies on account of the uncertainty of the situation. In the clubs and restaurants the situation was the sole topic of conversation. Now that Sunday has passed without an outbreak, an easier feeling prevails.

The wherabouts of Francisco I. Madero, said to be the leader in the revolutionary plot, is not known here, but the impression prevails that he will not return to this country from San Antonio, where he has been since he was released from custody. Nothing is known here of his reported departure from San Antonio to some point along the border.

RISING PUT DOWN QUICKLY.

Some Fighting at Guerrero—Many Mexicans Cross the Border.

LAREDO, Texas, Nov. 20.—Fighting occurred at Guerrero, Mexico, to-day. Reports reaching Laredo are that an outbreak took place in that village in the State of Coahuila, and that the Federal troops are in control to-night, exercising martial law. No information can be obtained as to whether there were any casualties.

Guerrero is about fifty miles west of Cotulla, Texas, and is in the district to which Francisco I. Madero, the alleged revolutionary leader, was making his way when he was last seen in Texas. The Madero estates lie in that part of Mexico.

No further word has been had of Madero himself, and it is presumed that he slipped through the cordon of American officers, which it is reported had been thrown out to effect his arrest, and was somewhere in the neighborhood of Guerrero when the affray occurred.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, Texas, Nov. 20.—It is estimated that about 2,000 Mexicans crossed the border between last night and this evening. Several hundred more stole across the Rio Grande in the night because they wore arms. It is believed that hundreds of rifles and thousands of rounds of ammunition were smuggled into Mexico within the last thirty-six hours.

Two parties which reached the Mexican side were set upon by the Mexican soldiers. It is reported that a dozen Americans just from Texas were arrested near Laredo and found to have a supply of arms. They showed fight, but were quickly outnumbered by the rurales. Another party, which had crossed a few miles below El Paso, was detected but escaped.

Several Mexicans who have been residing in Texas and have large property interests in Mexico returned to that country to-day. None of them admitted their identity, but the Mexican detectives said they would be watched closely. It is believed that the leaders of the rebellion have gone to their respective stations in the republic to direct the uprising upon plans mapped out at revolutionary headquarters in Texas.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Nov. 20.—On what is regarded as good authority it is learned that Brig. Gen. Hoyt, commanding the Department of Texas, has been instructed from Washington to hold troops in readiness for service on the Mexican border. Already four companies of the Twenty-third Infantry from Fort Clark are encamped on the border near Eagle Pass.

Francisco Madero, Sr., father of the alleged Mexican revolutionary leader, made denial to-day of what purported to be interviews with him sent out from this city last night. The elder Madero was quoted as asserting that certain members of the Mexican Senate were in league with his son. He gave out no interviews, he said.

AMERICAN SLAIN IN MEXICO.

Mining Operator Found Dead—Was Probably Killed from Ambush.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 20.—The body of John R. Lockhart, an American mine operator, was found near Palmarito, Durango, last Thursday, according to a dispatch received to-night. It is believed by the police that Lockhart had been dead a week.

No arrests have been made. It is generally believed that some person holding a grudge against Lockhart fired on him from ambush.

Lockhart lived for many years in Durango and was well known in Northern Mexico. His home was formerly in Stotts City, Mo.

Freemasons Seek Peace in Chinatown

In an attempt to bring about continual peace in Chinatown the Kim Land Lodge of the Chinese Free Masons held a dinner last night at the Chinese Delmonico's, 24 Pell Street. The Chinese Free Masons do not belong to either of the warring Tongs, and many of them are prosperous business men. They met under the Chairmanship of Ing Soon, Master of the lodge, and the speeches in Chinese were interpreted to the white persons present by Lee J. Frank. A committee of lawyers was formed to visit the rival Tongs in an attempt to bring about peace.

HE'D REFORM DRUNKARDS.

Julius Mayer Thinks They Should Not Be Thrown Into Prison.

Julius Mayer told the members of Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, last night, after their regular service, about the system of procedure in the Magistrates' courts of the city. The meeting was held in the parish house, and was one of a series on civic problems. Mr. Mayer has been counsel for the Page Commission, which reported to Gov. Hughes last March on the condition of the Magistrates' courts and made recommendations.

Mr. Mayer sees in the present conditions a progressive and constructive policy in the courts which is keeping pace with the administration of the rest of the city's affairs. The extension of the Children's Court system into Richmond and Queens and the establishment of the Domestic Relations Court and the Night Courts for men and women have provided a useful system he says.

"We have arrived nowhere," he said, "in our treatment of the problem of inebriety. At present it is regarded as an offense; of course it is when it results in a breach of the peace. But we will never get to a satisfactory solution of the problem while it is regarded in this way. We should make a scientific study of it and take up some such system as is advocated by the charitable societies. Instead of locking up a drunkard for a short time we should endeavor to eradicate his handicap by a system of reformatory or recreation farm treatment."

"How about the personnel of the Magistrates' bench? Did the commission find there was anything the matter?" a man in the rear of the house asked.

"That is a rather delicate subject," said Mr. Mayer, "but there is this much to say: You have here in Brooklyn one Judge whose term, it is fortunate, is now near a close. But the average of men is perfectly satisfactory. The Mayor's appointees among the new men have proved very good, and the wisdom of the appointment of Judge McAdoo as Chief Magistrate has been made apparent. The older men had some good ones among them. Their trouble was, perhaps, the inclination simply to do a day's work and let it go at that."

In answer to a question as to whether there was a feeling that the trial-by-jury system had proved a failure, Mr. Mayer said, in his opinion, the judgment of one man of general ability, backed by the result of talking it over with eleven others, was the best opinion on the merits of any case.

"We men of the bench and bar," he said, "have our limitations, and I should say that the judgment of two or three Judges was not as good as that of a jury as to facts."

WOMEN ILL OF POISON.

Found Writhing on the Floor, Unable to Tell What Ailed Them.

Two women, servants in the employ of Mrs. Elizabeth Loynaz of 42 King Street, Flushing, are in the Flushing Hospital, suffering from acute poisoning, the exact nature of which has not yet been ascertained. They are Della Hannon, 41 years old, and Margaret Canily, who is younger. Their bodies are swollen and distended and they suffer great agony.

They were heard screaming in the kitchen of the house in which they worked by persons passing the house, and, an investigation being made, they were found writhing about the floor in great agony. Both were unable to speak and could only moan and scream. At times they were taken with convulsions.

Dr. Dix had them removed to the hospital. It was said there last night that the symptoms did not indicate definitely the cause of the poisoning.

Mrs. Loynaz was out when her servants were stricken, and could throw no light on the matter when she reached home. She knew of no poison in the house, and an examination of the kitchen and pantry showed no trace.

BERGER FLOUTS CANNON.

Declares the Speaker Represents the World Going Down.

ST. LOUIS Mo., Nov. 20.—Victor L. Berger of Milwaukee, Socialist Congressman-elect, at a meeting to-day declared that recently two men were elected to Congress, one of whom represents "the world going down" and the other "the world going up." The former, he said, was Speaker Joseph G. Cannon of Illinois and the latter himself.

Archbishop Glennon of the Roman Catholic Diocese of St. Louis to-day delivered a sermon in which he discussed labor affairs, and condemned the Socialists as inimical to labor interests.

STATEMENT BY CRIPPEN.

Condemned Man Says Unlimited Funds Would Have Acquitted Him.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Dr. Harvey H. Crippen, whose execution is fixed for Nov. 24, in a three-column signed statement in a Sunday paper, says that he is not afraid to die, and bows to the inevitable. He appeals to the world to remember that he was condemned on inconclusive evidence, and asserts that the real truth will be revealed. He knew nothing, he says, of the remains discovered in the Hill Drop Crescent house until Solicitor Newton told him the day after his arrival at Bow Street. He was confident that if he could have commanded unlimited funds like the crown, and have brought more medical witnesses, the result would have been different.

The failure of his appeal, which he was convinced would reverse the judgment of the court, crushed and overwhelmed him, and broke his heart, because he had dreamed of building up a home with the woman without whom life was worthless.

ADVERTISING AGENT ROBBED.

Thieves Get $5,000 Worth of the Rascovar and Goodman Jewelry.

Thieves entered the apartment at 210 West 120th Street of Mr. and Mrs. Elias Goodman and Mr. Goodman's brother-in-law, Edward Rascovar, an advertising agent, in the absence of the family on Saturday afternoon and stole about $5,000 worth of jewelry belonging to Mrs. Goodman and Mr. Rascovar. The return of a maid to the apartment at night resulted in the discovery of the robbery.

It is believed that the thieves entered the flat by descending the fire escape from the roof and forcing a kitchen window.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:40—432 E. 13th St.; Joseph Heney	$25
12:45—525 1st Av.; Hyman Webber	$30
12:55—229 E. 150th St.; E. Dubran	$100
1:15—416 E. 38th St.; C. Gallagher	$25
2:45—61 Avenue B; Isaac Stein	$1,500
5:20—64 W. 98th St.; Mary Lee	Trifling
11:50—37 Wall St.; John Sontog	$10
P. M.	
1:00—Foot of Charles St.; unknown	None
1:30—222 West St.; Jerry Brodford	Trifling
2:20—506 E. 14th St.; Rosario Cossisa	$50
2:15—601 W. 140th St.; John Healey	$100
3:20—E. 105th St.; N. Y. Billposting Co.	Trifling
4:00—E. 96th St.; N. Y. Billposting Co.	$25
4:00—217-219 Thompson St.; Natill Siclair	$5
4:15—56 Reade St.; unknown	Trifling
5:15—26 Sheriff St.; Mr. Mills	Trifling
6:10—254 W. 62d St.; Mrs. Jassup	$25
6:15—Macomb Place; unknown	Trifling
6:20—250th St.; Wm. Lewas, auto	$2,500
6:20—77 Mulberry St.; unknown	$25
6:30—18 Spring St.; G. Verticho	$25
6:45—24 Attorney St.; M. Friedman	Trifling
7:45—88 Division St.; A. Rouch	Trifling
8:40—1,384 Park Av.; Morris Wentraut	$30
9:30—209 2d Av.; J. Smith	$500
9:45—958 Home St.; William Boen	Trifling
10:45—159 East Houston St.; unknown	Trifling

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100 Broad Street, New York City.

THRONG AT CHURCH FOR UNION SERVICE

Jews and Christians Begin a Series of Meetings in the Divine Paternity Edifice.

JUDGE LINDSEY SPEAKS

Thinks Roosevelt Must Have Had a Tussle with the "Beast" from What He Hears.

Jews and Christians worshipped together last night in the Universalist Church of the Divine Paternity, Central Park West and Seventy-sixth Street, the occasion being the first of a series of "union services extraordinary" to be held in the next three months, in which the congregations of the Church of the Divine Paternity, the Free Synagogue, and the Unitarian Church of the Messiah will join.

The pastors of both Christian churches and the rabbi of the Free Synagogue were in the pulpit last night, and all participated in the service. They were the Rev. Dr. Robert Collyer, pastor emeritus, and the Rev. Dr. John Haynes Holmes, active pastor of the Church of the Messiah; the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, rabbi of the Free Synagogue, and the Rev. Dr. Frank Oliver Hall, pastor of the Church of the Divine Paternity.

The congregation was probably the largest in the church's history, the people filling the main auditorium to the limit of standing room, and the gallery being crowded to capacity, while at least a hundred filled the anteroom in the rear of the chancel. The church was packed an hour before the services started, and scores were turned away.

It was announced in a pamphlet issued last night that these union services are for the purpose of discussing the social problem from the ethical standpoint, and in the fifteen services, including that of last night, which are to be held this Winter, the addresses will be made by distinguished men. Last night's principal speaker was Judge Lindsey of Denver, whose subject was "The Battle with the Beast," being the story of his struggles with the corrupt political bosses of Colorado.

About one-fourth of the congregation that crowded the church were Jews. Many of them were old men and women, and the ushers were careful to see that they were seated in the front pews.

The services were so arranged as to give offense neither to Jew nor Christian, and the responsive readings were such as all present could join in. The reading was from the One Hundred and Eleventh Psalm, first to tenth verse.

A prayer by the venerable Dr. Collyer followed the reading of the lesson, and then Drs. Hall and Wise stated the objects that the pastors of the three congregations had in view when they arranged for the union meetings.

"It is with great satisfaction," said Dr. Hall, "that I welcome to this church the representatives of the Free Synagogue and the Church of the Messiah. I was asked a few days ago if these union meetings were not a new departure, and I replied that they were not so far as the spirit of friendship and good fellowship was concerned. Dr. Chapin, when pastor of this church, was a warm personal friend of Rabbi Gottheil of Temple Emanu-El, and on one occasion he said that the only thing that divided the Church of the Divine Paternity and Temple Emanu-El was the street. In these services Dr. Wise has no intention of trying to convert Dr. Collyer, Dr. Holmes, or myself, to Judaism, nor has it entered our heads to try to convert him to Christianity."

Dr. Wise, who spoke next, recalled an incident that happened in a synagogue in the far West of which he was the rabbi. He said that an old Christian had entered the synagogue. The rabbi went to him and told him that he hoped he felt at home in the synagogue even thought he was a Christian, and the old man answered:

"I ain't ever lonesome in a church of God."

He said that the present meetings were not to be characterized by a spirit of toleration, but by a spirit of fellowship.

"Dr. Hall said," Dr. Wise added, "that he did not want to convert me. If he did I would wish him an easier job. What we want to do in these services is to make better Jews and better Christians. We meet together to fight for and to emphasize the things that we hold in common. We feel that every question in the world is a religious question; that every moral problem is a religious problem."

After Dr. Wise's short talk the congregation sang the hymn, "God of Ages and of Nations."

Judge Lindsey's address came near the end of the service. He began by saying that he had come 4,000 miles to attend the service at the invitation of Dr. Wise, who is an old friend. He added that he had expected to hear a lot of nice things about Col. Theodore Roosevelt when he arrived but was surprised to hear "that great man" made the subject of much adverse criticism.

"And I have concluded," said Judge Lindsey, "that Col. Roosevelt must have had a tussle with the beast."

The first five union services will be held in the Church of the Divine Paternity, the next five in the Church of the Messiah, and the last five, under the auspices of the Free Synagogue, in a theatre yet to be selected. Marcus M. Marks, President of the National Association of Clothiers, and Chairman of the Conciliation Committee of the Civic Federation, will be the principal speaker at the services next Sunday night.

HIS BACK LIKE A BURGLAR'S.

Actress Therefore Has a Restaurant Diner Arrested as a Flat Robber.

Mrs. Rose Margolas, an actress, awoke early last Wednesday morning to see a man examining her husband's trouser pockets by the light of a candle in the rear room of the three-room Margolas flat, at 238 Seventh Street. He took $18 from the pockets, a lot of receipts, which he evidently took for bills, from a trunk in her room, and then left.

Mrs. Margolas insisted at Headquarters that Henry Susmann of 67 Pike Street was the man she had seen in the flat. Susmann had been brought in from a Rivington Street café by two detectives after Mrs. Margolas had identified him as the man in the flat.

While she was playing recently in Chicago Mrs. Margolas told the police that her brother had entertained a friend in her rooms, and when the latter left a key to the door was missing. Last night she and her brother sought the friend and found him in the café. With him was Susmann.

Mrs. Margolas was too frightened to look at the burglar's face in her rooms, but she examined his back carefully, and, seeing Susmann from the rear, she immediately picked him out. She charged that in addition to robbing the flat the burglar had chloroformed her husband and two sons, so they might not wake up. Susmann was locked up, although he insisted that Mrs. Margolas had mistaken his back.

St. Peter's Church Celebrates.

Old St. Peter's, at Barclay and Church Streets, the birthplace of Catholicism in the United States, celebrated its one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary yesterday with a pontifical mass, at which the Rev. Father Owen Hill of the Society of Jesus preached a sermon dealing with the story of the church. Many of the old members of St. Peter's, who are now scattered all over the city and its environs, and whose fathers and grandfathers were members of the church when New York was young, attended the mass.

400 Families Moved to Queens.

Four hundred families, or a population of about 2,000, will soon be added to Queens through the opening of the Pennsylvania North River tubes. This is the number of the families whose breadwinners are now employed in and around the Pennsylvania Railroad yards in Jersey City and who will be shifted to the big Sunnyside yard in Long Island City.

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COL. ROOSEVELT RETURNS.

Recognized by a Few as He Goes Through Ferry Crowd.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Col. Roosevelt left Washington for New York at 9 o'clock this morning after forty-eight strenuous hours during which he delivered three informal addresses, one lecture, attended two luncheons and a dinner, held two receptions, and paid a number of calls. He was up in time to eat an 8 o'clock breakfast with his daughter, Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, and forty minutes later the two left in a "taxi" for Union Station. His departure from the Longworth home was witnessed by none but a policeman who wes detailed as guard.

There was mild excitement as he passed through Union Station, but this barely had time to manifest itself before he had told Mrs. Longworth good-bye and was admitted through the gates to the 9 o'clock Pennsylvania train.

Col. Roosevelt arrived at the Twenty-third Station of the Pennsylvania Railroad at 2:50 o'clock yesterday afternoon. An automobile was awaiting him, and he took the rear seat alone. He had been recognized coming on the train and boat, and a small knot of men and boys gathered about his car while he was making himself comfortable. He drove in front of the crowd coming out, and when recognized by a few of the hurrying ones smiled and bowed repeatedly. Some few raised their hats and shouted greetings, but there was no cheering. The auto went away eastward bound for Oyster Bay.

TO SCALE MOUNT McKINLEY.

Prof. Parker Will Lead Another Expedition This Winter.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Washington, Nov. 20.—It was announced to-day that Prof. Herschel C. Parker of Columbia University, accompanied by Gilmore Brown and other members of last Summer's expedition, will make a third attempt this Winter to reach the summit of Mount McKinley. The Winter trip will be attempted over practically the same route followed by Thomas Lloyd and a party from Fairbanks by way of the Kantishna mining district in the northeast foothills of the McKinley Range. According to instructions received here from Prof. Parker his party will gather late in December, making the start from Valdez with dog teams early in January. One of the guides employed last Summer has been authorized to get the necessary teams together.

The chief reason for Prof. Parker's third effort to reach Mount McKinley is believed to be his disbelief that Lloyd and the other Fairbanks miners reached the summit early this year. Several weeks ago Prof. Parker said he had almost reached the belief that the only practicable way of attaining the summit was by Winter expedition. He found stretches, impassable in Summer, which can be traversed during the Winter, when the swamps are frozen and a deep layer of snow makes trail building possible.

MAN DEAD UNDER TRAIN.

Discovered by Motorman at 183d Street Elevated Station.

A dozen men and women on the 183d Street platform of the Third Avenue elevated shortly after midnight last night were horrified when Motorman Charles E. Larkin, in charge of a train of empties, on his way to the barns, who had stopped in front of the station and looked under his cars, suddenly cried out that there was a man beneath the forward truck of the second car. The women became hysterical, and some of them fled from the platform.

The whistle on the motor car brought a policeman, who got Dr. Steiner from Fordham Hospital. He found the man dead, and then turned his attention to the women, one of whom, Mrs. Matilda Bennington of 528 East 149th Street, was so hysterical that he took her to the hospital.

Larkin declared that he had not seen the man on the tracks, and had stopped his train only because he felt something pulling at the wheels. The men on the platform said that they had not seen any one jump or fall on to the tracks, and could not remember having seen the man on the platform at all.

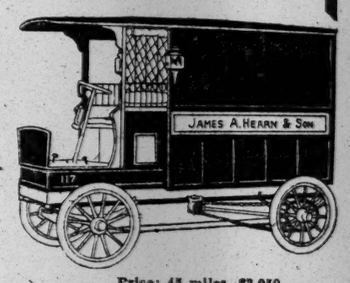
Father Siegelack's 45th Anniversary.

The Rev. Francis Siegelack, one of the oldest priests in New York, celebrated the forty-fifth anniversary of his ordination yesterday at the home of his niece, Mrs. John W. Karl of 32 Hooker Street, Glendale, Queens. Next Wednesday he will be seventy-nine years old. Father Siegelack's career in his younger days was an officer in the German Army, a friend of two Presidents—Grant and Cleveland—and a composer of masses. He retired two years ago.

ELECTRIC LANSDEN WAGONS

THE first order from James A. Hearn & Son for Lansden Electric Wagons equipped with the **Edison Storage Battery** was received in **1904.** Since then five additional orders have been given, the last for 18 wagons in May, 1910. Ninety per cent. of all Lansden owners have placed similar repeat orders.

The New York City garage charges per month on a wagon like this, including storage, washing and electricity, are from $45 to $60, according to battery capacity and location of garage. Send for further facts. Mention The Times when writing.



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ANNOUNCE, BEGINNING THIS MORNING

A most important Sale of

1.75, 2.00 & 2.50 Shirts for Men at 1.20

The maker of these garments is regarded as one of America's foremost producers of high grade Shirts—we, ourselves, taking no small part of his output. This event is the result of a "blanket" order placed by us, to be filled by utilizing the "off-days" of early Fall. The outcome—

4,500 Shirts at an extraordinarily low price.

Plain or pleated negligee coat models, of best imported or domestic madras. Workmanship, fit, finish and laundering are of the highest grade—and every garment is flawless.

The colorings include light or dark grounds with modest stripes or novelty patterns. Attached or detached cuffs. All sleeve lengths. Sizes 14 to 20.

ALSO, BEGINNING THIS MORNING

Sale of Derby Hats for Men at 1.95

New goods and latest shapes, intended to sell regularly at 3.00, 4.00 & 5.00. They were found to be slightly under specifications in the matter of weight, but are perfect in manufacture and in materials. It is merely a matter of technicality that will give you a perfect hat at less than its value.

900 of them—full stiff or flexible weights. A large variety of blocks. All sizes.

BROOKLYN HECKLES HYSLOP'S "SPIRITS"

Philosophical Association Refuses to Take Stock in Phenomena He Presents.

WHAT'S A SPIRIT, ANYWAY

Hearer Demands to Know, and Others Ask Questions—A Socialist to the Front.

Prof. James H. Hyslop had a hard time of it yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the Brooklyn Philosophical Association in the auditorium of the Long Island Business College, where he lectured on the subject "Are the Dead Alive?"

It was the diference between his answer to the question and the one the Brooklyn philosophers evidently would have made, judging by the applause with which they favored certain expressions of opinion from speakers out of the audience, that caused the lecturer's difficulties. Apparently Brooklyn was not ready to believe in the voice from beyond the grave.

While in beginning he was careful to say that the facts he was about to present were not intended as an argument for his hearers' belief in spiritism, Prof. Hyslop said that he had come across enough evidence to convince him that "personal consciousness survived death."

The speakers who took advantage of the rule allowing them ten minutes on the platform after the regular lecture were all outspoken in denunciation of the claims of spiritism. Moreover, they were unsuccessful, also without exception, in eliminating the personal note. Their remarks were ornamented with such phrases in criticism of the lecturer as "juggling with words," "lugs in," and "tries to tell you."

"What's a spirit, anyway?" demanded one man. "You must show us the goods."

The audience applauded, while a girl in the back row murmured:

"What do you know about that? He's got him on the run."

Prof. Hyslop's address lasted nearly an hour. In the beginning he acquainted his hearers with the conditions which govern psychical research and the necessity for the right attitude of mind. He referred to the difficulty in understanding manifestations from the spirit world and translating them so that they could be thought of in terms of the physical world. He said that reality itself was impossible to prove, and that, although each man knew he himself was conscious, he could only infer consciousness in other people by their acts.

Then he gave some acount of his own investigation and the evidence he had obtained. He said at the outset that these facts were not given as proving anything in themselves, but were simply valuable as types of phenomena observed since the beginnnig of the world. He said that if they stood by themselves he would have no hesitation in disregarding them, since they might have been the result of error. Then he recounted his investigations over several years in which he had used Mrs. Piper, the well-known medium.

"Scientific men in this country don't pretend to understand just what is going on in these spirit manifestations," he said; "they simply say 'Here is something we do not comprehend.' We believe pretty well in the powers of Mrs. Piper, and I think the members of the English branach of our association do, too, but they are too aristocratic to say so."

He then went on to tell of his experiments with her and the means used to prevent fraud, explaining that his first séances were arranged for by the late Dr. Hodgson and that in seventeen sittings she did not see his face, which was masked, and never heard his voice. He told of tests to which he had subjected her. Then he explained another set of phenomena called "cross references," in which corroborating facts were given at different places through mediums who could not know another medium had substantiated them.

"There are two ways of explaining these things," he said. "You can say they are either the result of telepathy on the part of the medium, or are really messages from the spirit world. To my mind there is nothing that telepathy really explains. It is simply a name for something to be explained. To be successful with these cross references through telepathy a medium would have to reach all the way around the world in an instant and grasp the mind of the one person necessary among all its people. Telepathy has respectability only because it is not considered respectable to believe in spirits.

"It is often objected that the facts which the mediums mention are trivial in their nature. But you should remember that our experience in the civil courts teaches us that when you are seeking to establish personal identity the trivial facts are the most important and characteristic."

When Prof. Hyslop had ended, Joseph F. Rinn, who presided, said the platform was open for free discussion. The first speaker was suspected of being a Socialist before he had begun to talk—and it didn't take him long to justify the suspicion. He said that spiritism was merely a toy and it served well enough to amuse ourselves with while we were forgetting our sad lot in this vale of tears. Then he asked why we might not better take up some more worthy toy, such as a study to alleviate the unfortunate condition of labor all over the world. The audience was visibly annoyed at his wandering away from the subject, and this seemed to cheer the speaker up.

"We may call ourselves Socialists, or Spiritists, or many other things in our efforts to alleviate the pain of living. What you call yourself, I don't care. What I am concerned with is, what is the use of it all?" Then he proceeded to discuss in a foreign accent such things as matter, motive, electrons, psychical phenomena, atoms and molecules, and entities, closing with a demand to be shown how science had ever proved anything more than mere physical matter as making up the body.

The next speaker was introduced as Mr. Duffy. He said that Prof. Hyslop had played fast and loose with words and that the phenomena noticed by psychical investigators were not the kind that proved anything about the soul. When Henry Rowley arose to speak he was greeted with applause. He attacked the triviality of all spirit evidence, mentioning particularly two incidents the lecturer had used.

"If I am troubled in the next world with consciousness," he said, "and am forced to come around telling people about how Bill Brown bought the organ, or about the mortgage on the old farm, it will add a new terror to dying. We have heard a great deal about the work done by the investigators, and they should be complimented. They go about collectin gevidence and interviewing impressionable ladies. And the amount of faith that scientists have exhibited is really charming. But I would ask Prof. Hyslop to tell us, of al the billions of souls which have passed over, what one has ever said one word that will proe spirits have intelligence. And if they are not intelligent, what is the use bothering anything at all about them?"

The last speaker was the Chairman. He said he had worked with Prof. Hyslop for many years and that most of the latter's material was available to him. He said that he had used it to come to a different conclusion. Then he said that he had a letter written to him by Dr. Hodgson two days before the latter's death and that he would offer a prize of $500 to any medium who could disclose its nature or contents to him.

FOUND OPPORTUNITY HERE.

Russian Immigrant to Pay for College Education by His Inventions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Kindly print the newspaper clipping which you find enclosed, as I hope it will be greatly appreciated by my friends and myself.

In addition to this, I hope that it will be of value to the readers, as it will show them that while this country is full of obstacles, fierce exploitation, and temptations, it is also full of opportunity, appreciation, and remuneration for the Jew, as well as for the Gentile, for the foreigner as well as for the native.

For, as you see from the clipping, I am a young man who came from Russia a little over four years ago, peddled gents' furnishings for a year, then attended and graduated from high school after two years of study, and attended Oberlin College for a year, finding a good deal of opposition and obstacles, to be sure, yet always happy and inspired on overcoming them. HENRY WEINSTEIN.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 19, 1910.

The clipping Mr. Weinstein refers to is from The Cleveland Plain Dealer of last Monday, and tells of his invention of a fountain toothbrush on the principle of a fountain pen.

It is so arranged that a tube feeds the dental paste to the bristles, and it is believed that it will be particularly welcomed by travelers, as it will do away with one package in the bags.

The money to be derived from the sale of this will help pay Mr. Weinstein's expenses at the Case School of Applied Science. He has also invented or is engaged in perfecting a machine for making ice, an incandescent mantle, and a window-washing machine.

RONNE FORGIVES DAUGHTER.

He Calls Her Home with the West Indian Musician She Ran Away to Marry

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 20.—Mrs. Helgra Ronne Hendricks, daughter of C. E. Ronne, a wealthy American resident of Brussels, has received by cable her father's forgiveness and his invitation to return home and bring her husband. Mrs. Hendricks wept with joy to-day as she showed her father's message. It read:

> The door of our home is open. We want you to come back. Mother is waiting and father's arms are open. The fcaterrier we bought for you is waiting on the threshold. Mother says your room has never been changed. It is just the same as when you left it.

"I would never have gone back without my husband," Mrs. Hendricks declared. "Now we will go together. He will say good-bye to giving music lessons, and to Denver forever. He can practice his art and win a great name abroad. And my people will be proud of him—almost as proud as I am now."

Mr. Ronne, who lives at 168 Avenue de Brugmann, Brussels, engaged a West Indian pianist, named Francis Hendricks, to play for him and his family. He was 30 years old, and won the love of Miss Helga Ronne, who was only 17. They ran away on June 29, and were married in London on July 5.

They came to live in the Latin Quarter in Paris, but Mr. Ronne, who has a house on the Avenue de Bois, refused to have anything to do with them. Their money came to an end, and Hendricks's mother sent them enough to come over to this city, where she keeps a boarding house at 1,508 Emerson Avenue. Hendricks started a music school, but competition was severe, and he has had a hard time making a living.

To Lecture on Safety Devices.

What is said to be the first practical saftey device for lowering boats will be shown by lantern slides by Dr. W. H. Tolman, Director of the American Museum of Safety, at the opening of the Permanent Exposition of Safety Devices in the Engineering Societies Building, this evening. He will also describe how, up to Jan. 1, 1910, Germany spent $240,000,000 in preventing accidents, restoring the wage-earning capacity of the sick and wounded workmen and compensating their families. Some of the latest safety devices from the German Museum of Safety will be shown.

FAST WORK ON CANAL SHOWN BY GOETHALS

Although Slides and Floods Bothered Workers, They Have Made Great Progress.

LARGEST FORCE EMPLOYED

Health of the Laborers Even Better Than Last Year—Plenty of Water for the Locks.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Summarized in a phrase, "satisfactory progress all along the Panama Canal Zone" is shown by the annual report of the Isthmian Canal Commission, made to Secretary of War Dickinson by Col. George Goethals, Chairman of the commission and Chief Engineer in charge of the work.

With the work of excavation and of construction progressing favorably at all points along the line, with health conditions better than ever before, with a centralization and consequent economy in certain parts of the work, and with a maximum of laborers since the United States began to dig the canal, Col. Goethals's report was decidedly pleasing to Secretary Dickinson. It gave good earnest to Col. Goethals's report to President Taft that the canal would be completed Dec. 1, 1913, and opened to traffic Jan. 1, 1915.

The Chief Engineer reports, however, that it was not all smooth sailing during the past year, slides, breaks, and floods hindering the work to a certain extent.

"It was expected," he says, "that slides would occur, and in the estimates provision was made for them, but it now appears from cracks that show in the upper surface adjacent to the faces of the cut that sufficient allowance had not been made, and the estimates were corrected to meet the new conditions."

Three bad breaks, he reports, occurred during the year, one at the town of Culebra covering an area of more than ten acres and requiring a removal of more than 1,500,000 cubic yards of dirt and stone. The second largest break covered an area of more than eleven acres and required a removal of more than 300,000 cubic yards, while the third break aggregated about 40,000 cubic yards.

"The floods seriously interfered with the progress of the work," says Col. Goethals, referring in particular to that of the central division and the Culebra Cut, "and the one of Dec. 20 overflowed the dike separating the cut from the Chagres River, cutting a channel through it about 200 feet long and 21 feet deep."

The total amount of material removed from slides and breaks in the central division of the canal during the year was more than 2,500,000 cubic yards, or about 15 per cent. of the amount removed during the year from the Culebra Cut, the principal part of the central division. More than 30,000,000 cubic yards of material were removed from all parts of the canal during the year, of which almost 15,000,000 were from the Culebra Cut and almost 10,000,000 from the Chagres section. About 35,000,000 cubic yards remain to be removed from the Culebra Cut before this section of the canal is completed.

There was a steady increase from the beginning of the past fiscal year in the number of employes in the Canal Zone, until on March 30 last they reached a maximum of 38,676, the largest force on record. This includes those employed on the Panama Railroad. The total force at the end of the year was 35,578, as compared with 33,493 a year earlier.

Investigations carried on during the year indicate, says Col. Goethals, that during ordinary years there will be a considerable surplus of water from Gatun Lake, even in the dry season, and that the water supply of the worst known dry season for the last nineteen years, namely, that of 1908, would be sufficient to maintain through the canal an average daily number of passages three or four times as great as the average number now passing the Suez Canal, this after making reasonable deductions for evaporation, leakage, power supply, and locks.

Health conditions on the Isthmus are reported to be an improvement over those of the preceding year, and no cases of plague or yellow fever originated on the Isthmus during the year. The daily average of sick was 23 out of every 1,000 employed, as against 23.49 during the preceding year, and the total number of deaths among employes was 548, equivalent to an average of 10.84 per 1,000.

BALLOON TRIP AT NIGHT.

The Pittsfield Lands After Fifty-Mile Trip in Two Hours.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Nov. 20.—Following a midnight trip from here, the balloon Pittsfield descended lightly in a vacant lot on the outskirts of Windsor Locks, Conn., while that town was sleeping this morning. The trip qualified J. J. Van Valkenburg of Framingham, Mass., as an international balloon pilot.

In the balloon with Mr. Van Valkenburg were Jay B. Benton of Boston and William Van Sleet of Pittsfield, both aeronautical pilots.

The ascent was made from Pittsfield at 11:22 Saturday night, and the landing was effected at 1:22 this morning, the balloon having covered fifty miles, air line. At one time a mountain top of the Berkshire range loomed up ahead, and several bags of ballast had to be sacrificed to avoid landing on the peak.

MASSACHUSETTS HUNTS DEER

First Open Season Since 1898—Many Accidents Are Feared.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 20.—The open season for deer, the first in Massachusetts since 1898, will begin at daybreak to-morrow. The carnage, for such it promises to be, will continue for six days, under certain restrictions, chief of which are that the deer must be killed with shotguns, and that no hunter shall kill more than one deer. The use of salt in springs to attract deer is also prohibited, and dogs may not be used.

The Massachusetts law requires all hunters to be licensed, an extra tax being imposed on those living outside the State. Some idea of the number of hunters who will be here this week may be gathered from the fact that the supply of license blanks of practically every City and Town Clerk in the western counties was exhausted weeks ago, and that the State Printer was set at work to meet the unexpectedly heavy requisitions. Hundreds of New Yorkers are registered in Western Massachusetts hotels in order to be on hand to the minute.

The character of some of the ammunition the hunters will use is the cause of grave misgivings. Shotgun shells loaded with a single large ball are calculated to knock over the thickest-skulled animals at a considerable distance. They come within the letter if not the spirit of the law, the intent of which clearly is to limit the slaughter of deer to such animals as may come within range of an ordinary shotgun loaded with an ordinary charge.

The prediction is freely made that not only will many hunters be injured by the raking fire with which unposted woods will be swept, but that women and children passing along the highways may be unwitting victims of amateur sportsmen.

The open season, for which hunters have been planning for months, finds little favor with the farmers. Thousands of acres of land were posted last week, and many Hampshire County farmers stayed away from church to-day in order to complete the work before to-morrow. The sixty-eight members of the Farmers' Protective Association of Worthington have posted 12,000 acres of land, and William T. Moore, the Secretary, expected that by to-morrow 22,000 acres of land in Huntington and Montgomery alone will be closed to hunters.

Mr. Moore resents the calling of men who post their land "hog farmers." They have the same right to prohibit hunting on their property, he says, that city hunters have to erect "no trespass" signs on vacant city lots, thereby depriving small boys of playground privileges.

"The farmer has never asked for the protection of the deer, said Mr. Moore to-day. "Why should he? He knows the damage that deer do to the crops in a short space of time. He protests against the whole body of deer legislation on the statute books, and is posting his land to show just where he stands. There is no State-wide organization as yet, but the work bids fair to expand, and later there may be an organization of wider scope."

It is pointed out, on the other hand, that the deer have indirectly placed tidy sums in the farmers' pockets, for the State has been compensating the farmer at practically his own valuation for the inroads of the deer on the crops.

WANT BRINCKERHOFF MONEY

More Than 125 Heirs Involved in Will Contest in White Plains.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Nov. 20.—As all the heirs of the late Mrs. Mary C. Brinckerhoff, who died at Langue Vue, her country mansion, at Hastings a few months ago, leaving an estate valued at more than $5,000,000, have been served with citations, it is expected that a contest of her will will be started to-morrow before Surrogate Frank V. Millard. More than 125 heirs are involved.

Those favoring the probate of the will comprise relatives of Mr. Brinckerhoff, to whom she bequeathed most of her millions. Those who will bring the contest are relatives of her mother, whom she cut off practically without a cent. Mrs. Brinckerhoff was more than 80 years old at the time of her death, and the contestants allege she was incompetent to make a will, and that undue influence was exercised.

A dozen lawyers will appear in behalf of some heirs. The main contestants are the Rev. William Williams of Lyons, N. Y., and the Miller family of White Plains. Edward R. Foster, a banker of White Plains, and Isaac Requa of Tarrytown, temporary administrators of the estate, met appraisers appointed by Surrogate Millard on Saturday to make an appraisal, but as the inventory of the bonds, stocks, and securities had not been completed, it was postponed for a week. Counsel for the Millers objected to the valuation of some paintings at $100 each. He said they were worth thousands. Mrs. Brinckerhoff owned more than $1,500,000 in real estate.

Dr. Flexner to Lecture.

Dr. Simon Flexner, Director of the Rockefeller Institute, will lecture at 5 o'clock this afternoon at Teachers College, Columbia University, on "Some Examples of the Control of Infectious Diseases." This is one of a course of lectures now being given at Teachers College in "Public Health Protection." The lecture will be delivered in the Horace Mann Auditorium, and will be open to the public.

HORSE SHOW MAKES PROFIT OF $50,000

For the First Time in Ten Years the Receipts Were Largely in Excess of Expenditures.

BEST EXHIBITION ON RECORD

Vanderbilt, Moore and Watson Horses Leave on Special Train for the Chicago Exhibition.

Before noon yesterday all the horses that competed for the $40,000 in money and cups last week at the National Horse Show had left Madison Square Garden. Many of them are on their way to Chicago for the annual show in that city, while the others were sent to Winter quarters, where they will remain until the Spring shows open in the South.

The twenty-sixth annual exhibition of the National Horse Show Association was the most successful held during the past ten years. It was a record-breaking show, both from an attendance and entry standpoint, and for the first time in many years the association will find a substantial balance on the right side of the ledger.

The total attendance for the seven days was over 105,000, giving a daily average of 15,000. On three of the four days of the show fully 20,000 persons paid admission, while on the other four days the total was below the average. The receipts for the show amounted to about $200,000. The price of admission was $1, while the reserved seats ranged from $1.50 to $3. Box seats sold for $5 and $8 apiece. The receipts from sale of seats aggregated about $175,000, while the entrance fees added nearly $20,000 to the treasury. There were 1,850 entries, and the lowest entry fee was $5 for single horses, and the highest $20 for four-in-hands. In addition to this the privileges, programme, and other minor receipts swelled the total by nearly $10,000.

The expenses of the show, however, were exceedingly heavy. The prize list, rent and decorating Madison Square Garden, cost of bringing the foreign army officers to this country, feed for nearly 2,000 horses, and a small army of employes made a severe drain on the association exchequer. It is probable, however, that $50,000 at least will be cleared by the association, which exceeds the aggregate of profits for the past seven or eight years.

The spectacular features of the exhibition did much toward attracting the general public, as the biggest crowds visited the Garden during the sessions of the international military competitions.

With few exceptions all the big horse show stables were represented by their best animals, while the entries of Walter and Louis Winans, William Foster, and the Aldershot drag hounds of England, and the Siftons, the Hon. Adam Beck, and other Canadians gave the show a thoroughly international flavor.

The Twentieth Century Limited yesterday carried the exhibitors from this city who will ride or drive their horses at the Chicago show. It was accompanied by a special train bearing the troopers, dragoons, grooms, and horses of four nations. The principal exhibitors who left this city were William H. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Watson and Alfred G. Vanderbilt, while the foreign contingent consisted of Lord Decies, Col. P. A. Kenna, Lieut. C. F. Walwyn, Lieut. Geoffrey Brooke, Lieut. Walter Brooke, and Lieut. T. A. Thornton, England; Lieut. H. Jollibois, Lieut. R. Mellarme, and Lieut. Baron de Meslon, France, and Lieut. H. Mathon, Lieut. Coblyn, and Lieut. A. van Gellicum, Holland.

Several of the English officers, before leaving for Chicago, expressed themselves as delighted with the treatment they received in this city and favorably compared the Madison Square Garden show with the international exhibition of horses at the London Olympia, and all expressed the hope of returning next Fall. The officers of the French and Dutch Armies added their thanks and appreciation to those of the Britishers.

Walter Winans was pleased with his success. He said that he had brought over only a few of his best horses this year, but intended to bring all of them to the next show in Madison Square Garden. He prizes very much the championship cup for roadsters which he is carrying back to England, and which was won by the trotting stallion Willy, for which Louis Winans paid $50,000.

The Chicago show will have more than a passing interest for New Yorkers this year, as it will bring again into competition the high-steppers of W. H. Moore and C. W. Watson. During last week's show the Moore horses captured twenty-seven blue ribbons, while the Watson entries got three.

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by his grandson,
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based chiefly upon original family letters and other documents, many of which have never been published, with illustrations and fac-similes.
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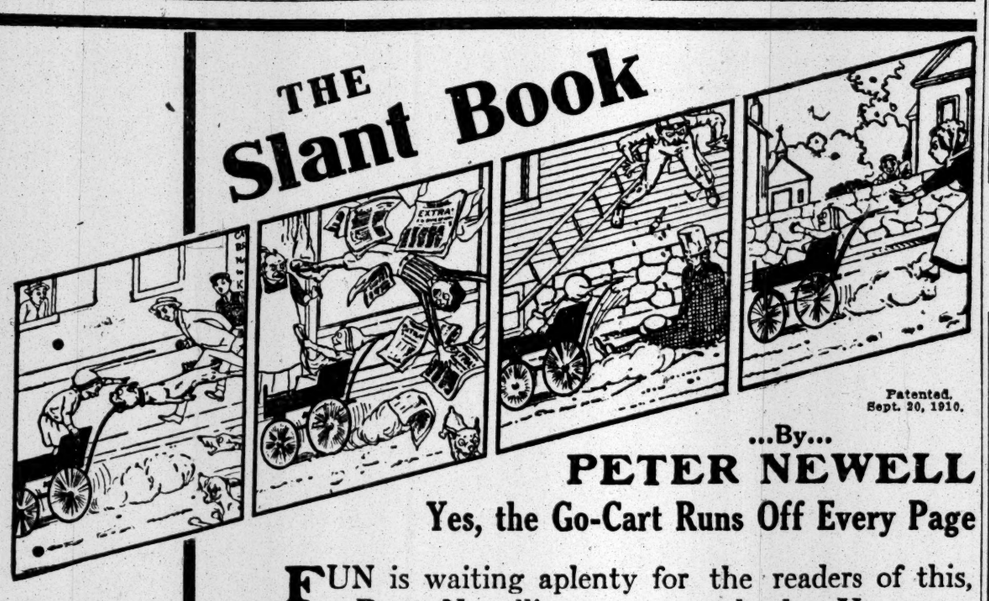

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ALLAN McLANE HAMILTON,

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The New York World says: "His book nevertheless is of very positive value and interest in his portrayal of a character and career upon which biographers less informed and concerned have differed notoriously. * * * Regarding the authorship of the Farewell Address, a moot question still in history, Dr. Hamilton quotes from letters which passed between Washington and Hamilton in July, August and September, 1796, to show 'that there was collaboration at least, and probably that much of the original material and many of the suggestions originated with Hamilton.'"

The Albany Evening Journal says: "Dr. Hamilton throws much light upon Washington's Farewell Address, which, it is claimed, was virtually written by Hamilton himself."

The New York Evening Sun says: "Much space is naturally devoted to the mooted question of the extent to which Hamilton was responsible for Washington's Farewell Address. The review of the evidence is complete and fair, closing with the earnest declarations written by Elizabeth Hamilton when 82 years old."

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SULZBERGER TO QUIT AS CHARITIES HEAD

President of the Jewish Organization Declares It Takes Up Too Much of His Time.

HE REFORMED ITS METHODS

Other Officers of the Institution Urge Him to Continue in Charge—Society Now Has Funds for Obligations.

Cyrus L. Sulzberger has declined reelection as President of the United Hebrew Charities. His term of office expired with the annual meeting held some two weeks ago, and the Trustees met last Monday to elect new officers. Mr. Sulzberger continued on the board, but declared that he felt that he could no longer devote the time to the work of the institution which it needs. As he had served two years, he desired that some one else should be chosen in his place.

A sub-committee, with Edgar J. Nathan, one of the Vice Presidents, as Chairman, was appointed to select a new President, but so far it has not met. Mr. Nathan said yesterday that it was the unanimous wish of the Trustees that Mr. Sulzberger should continue in office, and that they still had hopes that he would be induced to reconsider his decision. The next meeting of the Trustees will be held in the middle of next month, and the sub-committee will report then. Meanwhile, according to the Constitution of the Charities, Mr. Sulzberger continues in office till he is relieved.

Mr. Sulzberger said yesterday afternoon at his home:

"I have asked to be relieved of my duties because I feel that, as the work has taken up practically all my time in the last two years, I can no longer afford to give it the attention that it needs. I am quite certain that some one else can be found to take my place with just as much efficiency as I have shown, and I think it fair that I should be allowed to lay down the burden."

As an example of the difficulty of the work Mr. Sulzberger quoted a case now before the Charities. A man left this country to study music in Germany and sent his wife home to Poland. He divorced her, giving her notice only by publication, and returned to this country. He married again, and has a child by his second wife. The first wife returned here, and procured an annulment of the divorce on the ground of fraud. This made the child by the second wife illegitimate.

Then the relatives of the second wife came forward and offered to support the first wife if she would divorce her husband, so that he might remarry the second wife, and so legitimatize the child. The first wife refused, and declared that not for $1,000,000 would she release her husband, and not for $1,000,000 would she live with him again.

"Consequently," said Mr Sulzberger, "the United Hebrew Charities has this problem to face: Is it justified in continuing to support a woman who has others willing to support her, and who can, if she chooses, bring about the legitimatization of the child, or is it justified in refusing it?

"Such cases occur all the time," he said, "and they take up a great deal of time and thought. Whoever succeeds me will find that the place is an onerous one, and I feel that I cannot, after devoting practically all my time for the last two years to the work, continue in it to the same extent."

Speaking yesterday of the Trustees' hopes that Mr. Sulzberger might be persuaded to keep the place, Mr. Nathan pointed out the great service the President had given to the Charities in putting them on a better financial basis.

The year before Mr. Sulzberger took office the United Hebrew Charities were so short of funds that on Christmas Day, 1907, they were forced to announce that they must curtail their relief. Last year they spent about $320,000, the year before a little more, and they estimate that they will need about the same sum this Winter. At the present moment, after two years of Mr. Sulzberger's administration, they have all the $320,000 in sight, with the exception of about $30,000. A certain amount of regular income comes from trust funds, and the annual subscriptions and average number of legacies are estimated to bring in about $170,000. Consequently the Charities look forward to meeting all their obligations, and dispensing such relief as is needed without great difficulty.

It is understood that if Mr. Sulzberger continues firm in his determination to retire a President will have to be sought outside the present officers. The two Vice Presidents are Edgar J. Nathan and Adolph Lewisohn, Louis Stern is Secretary, and Samuel Weil is Treasurer, but none of these officers can afford the time to take up the President's duties.

GAYNOR FUND GROWS FAST.

Amount Collected for St. Mary's Hospital Now Foots Up $8,000.

It was announced yesterday that the Gaynor Hospital Fund had reached by Saturday noon a sum slightly in excess of $8,000, including the amount collected by Theodore F. Miller of the Brooklyn Trust Company, the Brooklyn member of the committee organized by Mr. Crimmins.

Since Friday these subscriptions have been received:

Previously acknowledged	$5,418
George Blumenthal	100
George J. Gould	100
Edwin Gould	100
Park & Tilford	100
M. Guggenheim's Sons	100
Jacob Ruppert	100
Peter Doelger	100
William D. Sloane	100
J. B. Greenhut	100
Arthur Curtiss James	100
Davies, Auerbach, Cornell & Barry	100
John D. Rockefeller	100
John D. Rockefeller, Jr.	100
Max Nathan	50
John D. Archbold	50
Moore & Schley	50
Austin, Nichols & Co.	50
Robert C. Ogden	25
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Calvin Tomkins	25
Clark, Chapin & Bushnell	25
John J. Murphy	25
Miss Annie Leary	25
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Richard Waln Meirs	10
Cohen, Goldman & Co.	10
James Douglas	10
Johnston De Forest	10
E. O. Champ	5
Louis Rabinowitz	1

John D. Crimmins, Chairman of the committee, said yesterday at his home that he had never known subscriptions made to any fund which seemed to afford the donors so much pleasure. One subscription from a lawyer came in the form of a decision of the "High Court of Charity," "Motion for extra allowance; Mr. Crimmins for the motion; no opposition; motion granted, with $10 costs," which was inclosed.

Mr. Crimmins said that all letters accompanying checks would be preserved as constituting in themselves a convincing testimonial of the affection and esteem in which Mayor Gaynor is held by his fellow-citizens.

"It would be well," said Mr. Crimmins, "for all those who contemplate sending checks to forward them promptly now either to me or to A. Barton Hepburn at 135 Broadway, as Thanksgiving is almost at hand."

Julian Story Here to Paint.

Julian Story, the artist, and his wife arrived yesterday in the Hamburg-American liner Hamburg. Mr. Story said that he had a number of commissions to execute. The Storys will make their home in San Francisco.

MILK CONFERENCE HERE NEXT MONTH

Country-Wide Agitation for a Pure Supply Will Bring Leaders Together for Action.

INTERNATIONAL IN SCOPE

Control by the Milk Trust, Sanitation, and Many Other Questions to be Discussed.

A special conference on milk will be held here on Dec. 2 and 3 as a result of the country-wide agitation on the matter of a pure milk supply and the action of the so-called Milk Trust, resulting in the increased price of dairy products. The conferees will include many of the noted sanitary authorities and State officers the country over.

Although this city has been selected for the conference, which is being called by the New York Milk Committee, the meeting will have more than local significance, since the speakers will include officials of the United States Department of Agriculture, Drs. J. W. Kerr and John F. Anderson of the Marine Hospital Service, Commissioner W. A. Evans of the Chicago Board of Health, and officials from the Agricultural and Health Departments of several States will deliver addresses.

President John Purroy Mitchel of the Aldermen will open the conference, which will be held in the United Charities Building, and Health Commissioner Lederle will preside at the afternon session of Dec. 8. Deputy Attorney General Coleman will relate his experiences in the Milk Trust prosecution, and will present a plan for State commissions to regulate prices and standards.

Representation at the conference will not be limited to the United States alone, for two prominent Canadians will enter the discussion—Dr. John Amyot, the Health Officer of Toronto, will speak on the sanitary side of the milk question, and W. F. Nickle, member of the Legislative Assembly from the District of Ontario, will take part in the discussion.

The conference will be divided into four sessions, two afternoon and two evening, and Dr. Ira S. Wile of the Vanderbilt Clinic is Chairman of the committee of medical men who have organized this first country-wide conference on milk. Although most of the strongest advocates of the conference are physicians, business questions as well as sanitary ones will receive attention. Chief among these will be the regulation of the price of milk as a result of the probing of the methods of the so-called Milk Trust last year. One definite problem to be submitted will be that of Deputy Attorney General Coleman for the control of the milk industry by State commissions. Each commission, according to Mr. Coleman's plan, should be empowered to regulate standards as well as prices.

The milk inspection situation will be thoroughly reviewed. As matters now stand, each city of considerable size sends its Inspectors into the districts from which its supply is drawn. Thus, supposing Philadelphia has Inspectors in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and New York, this city has them in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Connecticut, and Massachusetts, and Boston sends hers to New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Vermont, and so on. In this way the territory covered by different municipalities laps, causing reduplication of efforts at least, if not reduplication of work. Some plan will be formulated for further systematizing the matter of inspection.

Commissioner Lederle will preside over the meeting at which pasteurization and milk standards will be discussed. At present it is possible for milk refused by New York State Inspectors to be sold in another State or in small towns of this State. This has aroused the keen resentment of the Agricultural Departments and of the citizens of the other States on whom this condemned milk is palmed off. One remedy for this state of affairs will be offered in the suggestion that the entire milk inspection machinery be operated by the State Agricultural authorities rather than by different municipalities.

The list of speakers includes many men of note in the sanitation and regulation of the milk supply. Control of milk standards and prices will be left for the evening session of Dec. 8, over which Dr. H. L. Coit will preside. Enforcements of milk standards will be discussed by G. M. Whitaker of the dairy division of the United States Department of Agriculture and Dr. Charles E. North, Chairman of the Committee on Sanitation and Bacteriology of the New York Milk Committee. Control of milk prices and the action of the Milk Trust will be the subject of Deputy Attorney General Coleman's speech.

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Six months of darnless wear in a box of six pair

EVERWEAR hose combines appearance, fit and comfort, durability and economy, to a greater extent than any hose we know.

Of the appearance, we ask you to be the judge—an examination readily proves our claim for fit and comfort, as the wonderful elasticity made possible only by the exclusive EVERWEAR knitting process enables it to retain its fit despite many washings and long, hard service.

As to the durability, we guarantee six pairs to give you perfect service for six months, or new ones free for every pair that fails, and the price, coupled with the assurance of service, gives you greater value than is contained in any other hose at any price.

THE BOX OF SIX PAIRS

Silk Lisle, for Men 3.00, for Women 3.00

Egyptian Cotton, for Men 1.50, for Women 2.00, for Children 2.00

NEW YORK **Smith Gray & Co.** BROOKLYN

$14 Dining Chairs at $7.50

Here is the greatest dining chair bargain in all New York; very large and massive polished golden oak frame, with elaborate deep carved top; has upholstered back and full overstuffed spring seat, covered with genuine leather.

ARMCHAIR TO MATCH AT $10.75.
Fourth Floor.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO

Bloomingdales

LEX. TO 3rd 59th TO 60th St.

A $46 Sideboard for $35.00

A beautiful piece of furniture of highly polished quartered golden oak, elaborately carved; has a 48-inch swell front base and is fitted with an extra large 20x40 French bevel mirror over which is a handsome canopy top.
Fourth Floor.

Bloomingdales' Bought the Entire Stock of

Oriental Rugs

A Large Western Department Store Had!

This Western store handles high-class merchandise; in fact, in some instances it is too good for their trade. They bought an enormous stock of Oriental Rugs a few years ago when rugs were lower in price. They sold a few rugs but finally concluded that their investment was not a good one and decided to close out their Oriental Rug Department and devote space to more profitable merchandise. They wrote to us and

We Bought Their Entire Stock of $78,000 Worth of Oriental Rugs at 33⅓c on the Dollar

and will now astonish New York with the GREATEST SALE OF ORIENTAL RUGS ever held.

Every sale must be absolute. No C. O. D.'s without a substantial deposit. In the collection are rugs from Persia, Turkey, India and Asia Minor. To add to this sale we have included our own stock and cut the prices considerably.

THERE IS NOT A RUG IN OUR ENTIRE COLLECTION THAT HAS NOT BEEN SHARPLY REDUCED FOR THIS SALE.

The series of sales we have held has made BLOOMINGDALES' a rug centre for people who want first class Oriental Rugs at the lowest prices in the country.

We will not send Oriental Rugs on approval because the low prices at which we are selling them do not warrant the expense of a second handling, but if the rug you select was misrepresented to you in any way you may be sure we will adjust the matter satisfactorily.

Below we give a descriptive list of sizes and prices of about 3,000 small and medium size Oriental Rugs—glance over this list and then come to see the Rugs.

Lot No. 1—At $5.00

Values $15, $18 and $20.

Caucasian and Persian rugs, sizes average 2 to 3 ft. wide by 3 to 4 ft. 6 in. long, mostly Carabaghs, Kazakjias and Persian Hamadans.

They are all in good condition.

ONLY 3 TO EACH CUSTOMER

Lot No. 2—$7.75 & $8.75

Values $18, $20 and $25.

240 Kazakjias, Carabaghs and Beloochistans. Sizes average about 3x5 ft. Soft, subdued colorings that will harmonize with any $35 or $40 rug you may have.

A Wilton rug of the same size is sold for $7.50 and $8.50.

Lot No. 3—At $9.75

Values $25, $30 and $40.

Sizes average from 3 to 4 ft. wide by 5 to 6 ft. long.

About 600 Oriental Rugs, including some excellent Kazaks that were sold by this Western department store at $35 and $40. The colorings are soft and subdued. We cannot emphasize too strongly the values in this pile of rugs.

Lot No. 4—At $10.00

Values $30, $40 and $50.

Sizes average from 3 to 4 ft. wide by 5 to 7 ft. long. Lot consists of Daghestans, Shirvans and Moussouls. There are not just 30 or 40 rugs in this lot, but you will find 330 pieces from which to select.

They are not all equal values, but there is not a rug in this lot worth less than $30.

You know the values we have been giving all season at $15 and $20. We have added these piles to the sale to make the event much greater.

Lot No. 5—At $14.65

Values $40, $50 and $60.

Sizes average 3 to 4 ft. 6 in. wide by 6 to 9 ft. long. This lot consists of about 600 pieces in all and includes about every weave and coloring made. There are Moussouls, Irans, Feraghans, Guenjies, Kazaks, and India rugs from our own stock, that have been selling at $24.75 and $29.75. Some are 6x9 ft.

Lot No. 6—At $18.85

Values up to $65.

Sizes average 3 to 4 ft. wide by 7 to 9 ft. long.

Heavy piled Kazaks, and a fine line of Irans and Moussouls.

Lot No. 7—At $20.00

We have no new stock for this lot; so offer rugs from our own pile of hall strips which were $29.75 and $35.00.

They are mostly Persian hall strips, in sizes about 3 to 3 ft. 6 in. wide by 9 to 11 ft. long.

Lot No. 8—At $24.75

Values $50 and $75.00.

This lot includes Kazaks, Irans, also fine Feraghans and fine hall runners.

Lot No. 9—At $30.00

Values $75 and $100.

Sizes average 3 ft. 6 in. wide by 5 ft. 6 in. long. 50 Royal Persian Kermanshahs and Sarouks.

The wholesale price to-day is $32.50, buying in quantity. We have not picked the better pieces out for selling at higher prices, but offer the whole lot at $30.00.

Lot No. 10—At $40.00

Values $100 to $135.

Sizes average 4 to 4 ft. 6 in. wide by 6 to 7 ft. 6 in. long. The lot consists of Royal Kermanshahs and Sarouks in soft, delicate colorings.

Kermanshahs and Sarouks are the finest rugs made to-day in the Orient.

A few days ago an advertisement appeared offering rugs like these as Great Values for $75.00. If you have bought one at $75, kindly step into our Rug Department and see if ours at $40 are not just as good.

Lot No. 11—At $39.75

Values from $65 to $138.

Sizes average 3 to 4 ft. wide by 15 to 18 ft. long.

This lot consists of 168 extra fine Persian hall strips, including Camel's Hair, Irans, Feraghans and Serebends.

It is without doubt the greatest lot of hall strips ever put on sale in these large sizes at this price.

For an additional charge of $3.00 we will cut down any of these hall runners to the desired width.

It is a well-known fact that there are very few good narrow runners to fit the halls of New York apartments to be had, because the good runners were made for the people in the Orient themselves, where the halls are very wide. Consequently they have to be cut down when used here. This process does not injure the rug in any way.

Only 3 of these runners to any one customer.

650 Large Oriental Rugs

You find in this wonderful special sale two large rugs for the price of the same size and color elsewhere:

Value $600; Kermanshah, 12.4x9.2; sale price....	$195.00	Value $300; Mahal, 13.9 x9.9; sale price.....	$100.00
Value $300; Mahal, 11.4 x9.0; sale price.....	$97.50	Value $825; Meshed, 17.3 x13.9; sale price.....	$275.00
Value $265; Serapi, 12.4x 9.3; sale price.....	$88.00	Value $285; Serapi, 12.7x 9.2; sale price.....	$95.00
Value $150; India, 12.1x 9.2; sale price.....	$50.00	Value $200; India, 12.9x 11.2; sale price.....	$68.00
Value $175; Afghan, 9.10 x8.4; sale price.....	$78.00	Value $150; Afghan, 8.10x 5.3; sale price.....	$50.00
Value $750; Kermanshah, 14.4x8.8; sale price....	$250.00	Value $600; Kermanshah, 12.3x9.3; sale price....	$195.00
Value $450; Sarouk, 11.0 x7.7; sale price.....	$150.00	Value $265; Mahal, 11.9x 9.0; sale price.....	$89.00
Value $350; Serapi, 12.4 x10.1; sale price.....	$115.00	Value $385; Meshed, 14.9x 9.5; sale price.....	$128.00
Value $195; Afghan, 9.4x 7.7; sale price.....	$65.00	Value $150; India, 12.0x 9.2; sale price.....	$50.00
Value $300; India, 15.2x 12.2; sale price.....	$97.50	Value $150; Afghan, 8.4x 6.4; sale price.....	$50.00
Value $985; Kermanshah, 15.0x10.6; sale price..	$328.00	Value $565; Kermanshah, 12.7x9.0; sale price....	$188.00
Value $325; Meshed, 15.0 x10.0; sale price.....	$110.00	Value $265; Mahal, 12.2x 9.0; sale price.....	$89.00
Value $600; Sarouk, 13.3 x9.0; sale price.....	$195.00	Value $135; India, 12.0x 9.1; sale price.....	$45.00
Value $300; Serapi, 10.7 x9.10; sale price.....	$95.00	Value $195; Afghan, 9.4x 6.11; sale price.....	$65.00
Value $125; India, 12.1x 9.1; sale price.....	$39.75	Value $550; Kermanshah, 11.0x9.0; sale price....	$183.00
Value $750; Kermanshah, 13.7x10.0; sale price...	$248.00	Value $450; Mahal, 16.5x 9.9; sale price.....	$150.00
Value $300; Mahal, 12.1 x8.10; sale price.....	$100.00	Value $120; India, 11.1x 8.0; sale price.....	$39.75
Value $125; India, 12.0x 9.4; sale price.....	$39.75	Value $150; Afghan, 8.10x 6.9; sale price.....	$50.00
Value $120; Afghan, 6.6x 4.10; sale price.....	$39.75	Value $450; Kermanshah, 11.2x8.2; sale price....	$148 00
Value $1200; Kermanshah, 14.9x10.6; sale price...	$328.00	Value $240; India, 11.10x 10.9; sale price.....	$79.00
Value $450; Sarouk, 12.0 x8.1; sale price.....	$150.00	Value $120; Afghan, 9.2x 6.1; sale price.....	$39.75
Value $385; Mahal, 13.8 x10.3; sale price.....	$128.00	Value $135; India, 12.0x 9.3; sale price.....	$45.00
Value $265; Meshed, 12.2 x9.0; sale price.....	$88.00	Value $165; India, 12.2x 9.2; sale price.....	$55.00
Value $500; Serapi, 11.0 x7.7; sale price.....	$168.00	Value $150; Afghan, 7.3x 5.9; sale price.....	$49.50
Value $195; Afghan, 8.7x 7.0; sale price.....	$65.00	Value $120; India, 12.1x 9.1; sale price.....	$39.75
Value $865; Kermanshah, 13.5x10.5; sale price..	$288.00	Value $775; Kermanshah, 14.7x9.0; sale price....	$258.00
		Value $585; Meshed, 14.7x 10.0; sale price.....	$195.00

Dealers Are Not Invited to Attend This Sale—Bring the Sizes of Your Spaces, We Will Not Send Rugs on Approval.

We have not allowed "artistic" sentiment to share in the pricing of these rugs.

We look upon them as merchandise, which costs us so much, add a small profit, sell them, and be in the market for another big purchase.

The Store of Certain Satisfaction—BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

FIFTH AVENUE Kinsey's LINEN STORE

HOLIDAY HANDKERCHIEFS

Are here in all their freshness and beauty, and we believe nowhere in town can such an attractive variety of novelties be found. Where but at "Kinsey's" could every handkerchief want be gratified?

When in doubt give Handkerchiefs—they are always correct and are always appreciated by the recipient.

Women's Handkerchiefs
Hemstitched with Hand Embd. Initials.
$1.50, $2.00, $3.00 upwards for box of six

Women's Madeira Handkerchiefs
Beautifully scalloped, with Hand Embd. Initials—done as no other people in the world can do them. **$3.00** box of six

Armenian Handkerchiefs
Trimmed with beautiful Hand Made Armenian Lace. **45c** each

Men's Handkerchiefs
Hemstitched, with Hand Embd. Initials.
At $1.50, $2.00, $3.00 & $5.00 box of six

Men's French Swiss Handkerchiefs
Colored border—all newest Paris styles.
25c, 50c and 75c each, upwards

Children's Handkerchiefs
In large variety—plain white and colored borders—in fancy novelty gift boxes.
Box of six, 50c, 75c & $1.00

To-day is the time for Christmas shopping—the time when stocks are at their best and with prices as low as they ever will be.
Orders for monograms and initials should be placed now to ensure prompt delivery.

WM. S. KINSEY & CO.
240 FIFTH AVE. AT 28TH STREET

OUTSIDE EXPLOSIVE FOR NAVAL AIRSHIPS

Isham Believes the Preparation Which Sank the Puritan Would Be Most Effective.

USEFUL AT A LONG RANGE

Declares Shells Containing Outside Explosive Would Destroy at a Greater Distance Than Present Ones.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—If airships are to be part of the naval equipment of the future, as the successful flight of Eugene B. Ely from the cruiser Birmingham last Monday indicated, the proper ammunition for them to carry, in the opinion of Williard S. Isham, would be the high explosive which sank the monitor Puritan in Hampton Roads on the day following Ely's flight.

Mr. Isham says that nitro-glycerine-gelatine, the outside explosive used on the Puritan, will do much more damage to a battleship than the inside explosive now in use. The explosive itself was not originated by Mr. Isham, his contribution being a shell in which it can be fired without exploding before striking the object at which it is aimed.

As shown by the Puritan tests, Mr. Isham declared, no velocity would be required for the explosive to work its havoc. Therefore, if dropped upon a battleship from an airship, no matter how low the latter might be flying, the full effect would be felt. Furthermore, Mr. Isham is confident that nitro-glycerine-gelatine used in a shell like his is the explosive with which modern battleships should do their fighting. In a statement made to-day he said:

"The enactment of Congress under which the Puritan tests were made called for one test to determine whether the service armor-piercing shell can penetrate the thick armor protecting the vitals of a battleship at the minimum battle range of 8,000 yards and cause damage behind it. The other test was to determine whether the same armor protection could be blown into the ship and damage done behind it at the maximum range of the gun, say 25,000 yards, by the use of shells exploding on the outside of such plate.

"This latter test has just been completed and has demonstrated conclusively to me that an outside explosive shell exploding against the ship at any range and even without velocity will destroy it.

"Now, as it would be absurd to present the effect of a shotgun on a man as an argument for arming our troops with such weapons in the place of long-range rifle, so also is it absurd to oppose the effect of armor piercing shells which have only a limited range of efficiency to the effect of a shell which is efficient at the extreme range of the gun.

"The practical result made available by the Puritan tests is the knowledge made public that a single ship of twenty-eight knots armed with guns capable of being elevated to give a range of say 25,000 yards and supplied with an abundance of ammunition which a thinner armor would permit, could select and maintain such a position of attack on the high seas that even our whole navy, if brought into the fight, would be destroyed without this vessel being brought into even the range of our ship's guns.

"Gen. Miles and Major I. N. Lewis urged the advantages of such tactics when advocating the adoption of my shell before Congress more than ten years ago. Other progressive officers have continued to do so since then. The Russo-Japanese war emphasized the value of the claims made, and the present test has further corroborated them in this country; and it would seem that it is about time that the facts were brought clearly to the attention of the public, especially since we are spending millions of dollars annually upon defensive construction along lines that are known and have been proven by tests and actual warfare to be as antiquated as the flintlock musket."

HAY STRIKES AT CLARK.

Says Candidate for Speakership Should Speak Out on Committees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Representative James Hay of Virginia, who is recognized as the leader of that wing of the Democratic Party in the next House whose foremost demand is that the House itself should name its committees, announced to-night his determination to force this issue before the choice of a Speaker is made in the next Congress.

He urges that the country has expressed its distrust of the Republican Party because of the abouse of power by Republican Speakers, and insists that this was an issue from one end of the country to the other in the recent campaign. To fail to act in compliance with what he regards as a clear demand by the people would be a direct denial of popular government.

Mr. Hay evidently is trying to smoke out Champ Clark, as he says that no man should allow himself to be a candidate for the Speakership without coming out fairly with an expression of his convictions on this matter. No Speaker shall be chosen, he declares, until this question is fought out, and he will undertake to lead the fight without any regard to his own personal chances for election as Speaker.

The friends of Mr. Clark said to-day that he had now completed a careful count of his strength, and found that he had surely 137 votes at this stage of the contest, which, if true, would give him a majority of the caucus.

MESSAGE FROM TAFT SHIP.

All Well on Board—President to be Entertained by Virginians.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Secretary Norton to-day flashed a mesage to the White House that "all aboard the Tennessee are well." Mr. Norton has been busily working with the President on his annual message to Congress throughout the hurried trip to Panama and Cuba. He has also kept in daily communication with the executive offices. To-day's message was sent to Assistant Secretary Forster, who said the greeting was the only word received from the Presidential party during the day. The wireless came via Key West and Norfolk.

Changes in the itinerary were confirmed at the White House to-day. The Presidential party will return by way of Hampton Roads instead of Charleston, as originally planned. The Mayflower has been sent to Hampton Roads and will be anchored there until Wednesday. It is expected that the Tennessee will arrive off Old Point Tuesday. The President will then board the Mayflower and go up the James River to Richmond, where he will address the Virginia Teachers' Association Wednesday afternoon.

That evening the President will be entertained at a dinner that the Virginians predict he will long remember. It is neither 'possum nor 'gator, but a hare barbecue, fixed, it is said, in the fashion known only to Virginia sportsmen. Exactly what this fashion may be is not revealed. Gov. Mann will preside.

TO HEAR SHIPPERS TO-DAY.

Commerce Board to Listen to Protests Against Rate Increases.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission to-morrow will begin to hear the side of the shippers in the rate increase cases in the official classification territory. A month ago the railway Presidents offered their testimony and showed why it was necessary to increase their revenues. Now the shippers will undertake to show why they should not.

Many railroad men and shippers have arrived here to attend the hearing. Counsel for most of the roads involved will be present to cross-examine the array of witnesses for the shippers. Louis D. Brandeis of Boston, counsel for the Traffic Committee of the commercial organizations of the Atlantic seaboard, will make the opening statement.

The commission will sit here Nov. 28 and invite the railways and others interested to give their views as to the application of the long and short haul clause of the new railroad law. In putting this provision into execution the transcontinental freight rates of the country will be practically revolutionized. The question is whether or not the railroads will be allowed to raise their transcontinental rates to meet the rate basis now in effect for the interior points, or will be required to reduce the interior point rates to meet the transcontinental basis.

BATTLESHIP FLORIDA NEARING COMPLETION

Visitors to the New York Navy Yard Now Can Get an Idea of Her Appearance.

WILL DISPLACE 21,825 TONS

The Hull Is Complete, and the Ship Can Be Finished Without Reference to Weather Conditions.

The new battleship Florida, which is being built at the New York Navy Yard, is now 82 per cent. completed, and visitors to the yard may get an idea of what a mighty fighter the future flagship of the Atlantic fleet will be when she goes into commission next year. The naval constructors expect to have her ready next Spring, and some time next Summer the Admiral who will succeed Rear Admiral Schroeder as commander-in-chief of the fleet, will transfer his flag to her from the Connecticut. The Florida, Utah, North Dakota, and Delaware will make the first division of the fleet.

The hull of the Florida is completed, and has been painted the slate color of the navy. The main deck practically is completed, and it will be easy to finish the work in the lower part of the ship without regard to weather.

The displacement of the Florida, when ready for service, will be 21,825 tons, about 1,500 more than the new British dreadnoughts Neptune, Colossus, and Hercules, and about 1,000 less than the British ships, Orion, Monarch, Conqueror, and Thunderer, either complete or in process of construction. The new British cruisers Princess Royal and Lion are of more than 4,000 tons greater displacement.

The Florida will be greater in tonnage than any battleship or cruiser now building in Germany, the nearest to her in size being the three 21,000-ton ships of the Odin type, which are being built. France has two battleships under way bigger than the Florida, the Courbet and Jean Bart, and six of the Danton type, which displace about 2,000 tons less. The new Japanese battleships Kawachi and Settsu are smaller by about 1,000 tons, but the Mikado's new dreadnought reported to have been ordered in England a few days ago, it is said, will be about 4,000 tons greater.

Italy is building three dreadnoughts of about the same displacement as the Florida, and Russia has building a quartet of ships, known as the Sevastopol type, which will be about 1,200 tons greater than the Florida. Austria is also coming to the front with two battleships of 20,000 tons, while Argentina is having built in the United States, the Rivadavia and the Moreno, both of which will displace 6,000 or more tons more than the Florida. Brazil, in the Rio de Janeiro, which now is being built at Elswick, England, has the greatest battleship ever laid down. It will displace 32,000 tons.

In the Wyoming and the Arkansas, both of which are about half finished, the United States has, however, two battleships greater in size and armament than any under construction for any nation except Argentina and Brazil. These mighty ships will displace 27,243 tons, and each probably will carry a main battery of ten 14-inch guns, the largest ard most powerful ever built for any navy.

The Wyoming is about 45 per cent. finished, and her sister ship, the Arkansas, more than 50 per cent., and the Florida's twin, Utah, is more than 90 per cent. finished. Two other battleships, that probably will be known as the Oklahoma and Nevada, will be even greater in size and armament than the Arkansas and Wyoming. Contracts for these ships will be let within the next few days.

Bryan Preaches Twice in Dallas.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, Nov. 20.—William J. Bryan preached at two of the Presbyterian churches of Dallas and this afternoon addressed more than 2,000 persons in the Dallas Opera House under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association. He was the guest of George A. Carden, ex-Chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee, and received visits from some of the Old Guard of Bryan Democrats. He will take a hand in State political affairs.

REPORT ON COLD STORAGE.

Senate Committee to Indorse Dr. Wiley's Ideas of Regulation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The subject of Governmental regulation of cold storage in so far as the process enters into inter-State commerce will probably get before Congress when Senator Heyburn for the Committee on Commerce files the report which he is now preparing.

It is reported to-day that this report will in general indorse the suggestions of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, Chief Chemist of the Department of Agriculture, in favor of close supervision of cold storage rooms and official recognition of the length of such storage.

During the course of the Senate investigation of the high cost of living Senator Lodge, who headed the special commission, introduced a resolution calling for an inquiry into the practices and methods of the cold-storage business. He not only wanted to know the effect on food products of indefinite storage, but he wanted to know the effect on the general price level of food marketed through the storages. Practically all the testimony on that point is now in.

Imported Cigars
Of Highest Quality

We invite your inspection of our carefully selected importations from the

INDEPENDENT FACTORIES OF HAVANA

G. S. NICHOLAS & CO.,
41 & 43 Beaver St., NEW YORK.

Employers needing clerical experts have a good list of cashiers, bookkeepers, stenographers, typewriters, etc., to choose from in the New York Times Situations Wanted advertisements.—Adv.

John Daniell Sons & Sons Broadway, 8th and 9th Sts.

Men's Wear Dept.

OUR STOCK OF EVENING REQUISITES for men is complete in every detail and consists of all the newest styles in waistcoats, dress shirts, dinner and dress neckwear, silk half hose, knitted mufflers, white and grey gloves, etc.

Men's Underwear.

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, fine quality, heavy and medium weight, natural and white, at 1.00
MEN'S SWEATER COAT SPECIAL, Shaker knit in plain grey, white and fancy trim, value 4.25; at 3.00
OTHER SWEATER COATS, of all weights and styles, up to 7.00

Furs and Motor Wear at our New Store, Broadway, at 49th St.

BRILL CLOTHES WELL-MADE

A particularly fine Coat Model Shirt of woven madras, $1.50

Men's Winter Overcoats

Remarkable Values at $20, $25 and $30

Dress overcoats, three-quarter length, lined with fine silk, in black, oxford, plain grays and fancy weave effects, regular collars, fly front or button through. *Storm overcoats*, 50 to 52 inches long, of rough fabrics in Scotch effects of varying brown and gray shades, with convertible, storm or Presto collars.

BRILL overcoats *fit*. And the same skilled, careful work that made them fit will make them keep their fit and stand up under long, steady wear.

SUITS, of seasonable weight, in snappy designs and staple shades; men's and young men's models; well styled and well tailored; a great assortment to choose from **$15 to $40**

FIVE STORES: BROADWAY, At 49th Street. 279 BROADWAY, Near Chambers St. 125TH STREET, At Third Ave. 47 CORTLANDT ST., Near Greenwich. UNION SQUARE, 14th St., Near B'way.

Brill Brothers
THE HOUSE OF BETTER VALUES

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

The Smith Gray & Co. assortment just now is most complete—there are upwards of 50 distinctive suit and overcoat models for every conceivable dress, business and pleasure purpose, for men, young men and boys—all in that style which New York's best dressed men have stamped with approval for over 65 years—all tailored by an organization of longer experience than any other ready-for-service clothing organization in existence to-day.

There are also to be had

SPECIAL VALUES

from various sources, which will tempt you to better know Smith Gray & Co. stores.

$15.50 and **$18.50** for Winter overcoats that are $20 to $30 values; all models and colors—made possible only by the fact that there are but 3, 4 and 5 of a kind.

$37.50 for fine vicuna, melton and kersey silk-lined dress overcoats; values are $45, $50 and $55.

$3.75 for $5 and $6 pure worsted trousers.

$15.50 and **$18.50** for men's and young men's Winter suits; regular values $20 to $25.

$22.50 and **$27.50** for very special value handsome overcoats, in every model and fabric—semi-box, full box and convertible collar models.

$13.50 for boys' long trousers suits, sizes 32 to 36, regular $18 values.

There are also some 250 of those convertible collar 52 in. overcoats that are so very popular right now, new grays and browns—

special $15.50

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs
Auto Clothes Book on Request.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

On the Santa Fe Trail

All winter long, in sunny California, you may play golf, or tour in an auto over ideal roads. Try your luck at deep-sea fishing, go sailing or bathe in the Pacific surf. Visit the old missions, too. And you can stay at great resort hotels—world-famed for their luxurious service.

Just one best way to go—"Santa Fe all the way" to Los Angeles, San Diego, San Francisco. **Just one best train to take**—The California Limited. Finer than ever this season. Exclusively for first-class travel. **Fred Harvey** dining-car meals and Pullman for **Grand Canyon of Arizona.**

I will gladly send you on request three art booklets of this train and trip.

Geo. C. Dillard, General Agent, A. T. & S. F. Ry., 377 Broadway, New York City.

The California Limited

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street *34th Street*

On Monday and Tuesday, November the 21st and 22nd.

SILK DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

"McCreery Silks"
Famous over half a Century.

Advance showing of the new Printed Foulards for 1911. Exclusive designs.

Single width ..... 75c to 1.50 per yd.
Double width ..... 1.50 " 3.00 "

DRESS GOODS DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

Second Floor.

5,000 yards, Black Velveteen. 27 inches wide. 1.25 per yard
value 2.00

Spot Proof Black Broadcloth. 1.25 per yard
value 2.00

BLANKET DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

Sale of Blankets and Comfortables.

1,000 pairs, Fine White California Wool Blankets.

Single bed size ..... 3.50 and 4.75 pair
Double " " ..... 4.25 " 5.50 "

Down Filled Comfortables,—extra fine sateen coverings in new Persian or floral designs. 4.65 each

LINEN DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

Decorative Linens, trimmed with French handmade Cluny lace, at greatly reduced prices.

Centre Pieces .... 2.50, 3.50 and 4.50 each
Scarfs ..... 4.50, 6.50 and 7.50 "
Doylies ..... 3.00, 5.00 and 9.00 doz.

Scotch Satin Damask Table Cloths, new designs. Suitable for round or square tables.

2,000 Cloths .... 2.75, 3.75 and 4.75 each
Napkins to match ..... 2.75 and 4.25 doz.
Madeira hand-embroidered Tea Napkins, 6.50 doz.

Irish hand-embroidered Towels, 85c each

ORIENTAL RUGS. *In Both Stores.*

100 extra quality Serapi. Sizes range from 9 x 12 ft. to 11 ft. 4 in. x 15 ft. 8 in. 150.00 to 250.00
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Extra quality Persian Mahal Rugs. Size 9 x 12 ft. to 10 ft. 3 in. x 13 ft. 6 in. 100.00 to 135.00
value 135.00 to 185.00

Extra fine Cabistan, Shirvan and Daghestan Rugs. Average size 3 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 35.00
value 50.00

Antique Mosul and Kurdistan Rugs, large size. 19.50
usual price 30.00

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street *34th Street*

The Shoes You Buy AT ALEXANDER'S

Are better value, more authoritative styles and in greater variety than elsewhere; and the courteous service by competent people adds to the pleasure of the purchase.

ANDREW ALEXANDER
SIXTH AVE. AT 19TH ST., NEW YORK

OFF TO EDUCATE FOLK IN AVIATION

Moisant and Seven Brother Airmen Start To-day on a Year-Long Tour.

WILL COVER THE COUNTRY

Exhibitions Arranged for Small Towns as Well as the Great Cities—All Types of Machines Represented.

Aviation exhibitions conducted along educational lines is the latest project in aeronautic circles. The promoter of the enterprise is A. J. Moisant, a San Salvador banker, and brother of J. B. Moisant, winner of the Statue of Liberty $10,000 prize at the international aviation meet at Belmont Park. The organization known as the International Aviators, is capitalized at $250,000, all of which has been paid in, and the first exhibition will be given at Richmond, Va., on Wednesday.

Profiting by the experiences gained at the Belmont Park meet, Mr. Moisant has perfected an organization which includes seven prominent aviators. The organization will start to-day on a tour, which he expects will last at least a year. He expects to increase his corps of aviators to at least twelve before next Summer, when he hopes to return to New York and hold a big tournament.

The concern, which includes aviators, mechanics, ticket sellers and takers, and others, will travel over the country in special trains, and Mr. Moisant estimates his daily expenses at $2,500. The aviators engaged are Charles K. Hamilton, who made THE NEW YORK TIMES flight from New York to Philadelphia and return; John B. Moisant, winner of the Statue of Liberty Prize; Roland B. Garros of Paris, the only operator of a Demoiselle machine in the United States; Rene Simon of Paris, who flew a total of 1,229 kilometers at the recent Havre-Trouville meet; Rene Barrier of Paris, title holder of the Spanish, Portuguese, Luxemburgian, and Dutch altitude records; Edmund Audemars of Geneva, Switzerland, and John J. Frisbie, a pioneer balloonist.

Pay of the Aviators.

The seven aviators under contract will receive from $2,000 to $500 a week each. In addition each man has received a bonus or guarantee. Moisant and Hamilton each receive $10,000 and the other men smaller sums. Mr. Moisant has entered into personal contracts involving more than $500,000, and the amount paid out on account of these added to other expenses of the organization total $180,000. In explaining his plans Mr. Moisant said last night:

"We believe that these exhibitions can be conducted along broad educational lines on a scale of liberality hitherto unattempted, and yet with some pecuniary gain. This will be made possible by the combination of all of these famous fliers under a single organization, enabling exhibitions, comprising all types of flying machines, to engage in every variety of aerial contest, to be given at a minimum expense in even comparatively small towns. The outlays, of course, will always be heavy, but we shall save time by having our special train, carrying nearly a score of flying machines, with a large force of mechanicians, repair cars, and a full complement of men to pitch the large tents used for housing the aeroplanes.

"In all of our meets we will pursue the same policy as we have begun in Richmond, where we open on Wednesday of this week, and where we have presented complimentary tickets to all the children of the public schools and orphan asylums, as well as the inmates of the Soldiers' Home, and similar institutions. A chance will be given to everybody, but particularly to the young generation, to witness the wonders of aviation.

"The International Aviators will enter all open and honestly conducted meets where sufficient inducements are offered to defray the enormous outlays required for the educational campaign which is now being begun, and which it is intended to extend throughout the United States so as to give, within the shortest possible period of time an opportunity to all the people of the United States, those in the small hamlets as well as in the more important communities, to witness a practical demonstration of this, one of the greatest if not the most remarkable, achievement of civilization.

To Encourage Aeronautics.

"The purpose of this is evident. It cannot be predicted from what obscure village the inventor shall arise to solve the problem still confronting those who are wrestling with the gigantic task of making aerial navigation as practical and safe as other means of transportation. Obviously, the greater the number of minds that can be interested and become occupied with the solution of these problems, the greater becomes the probability of an early mastery of the obstacles now presenting themselves.

"There can be no monopoly of aerial navigation. No one man is large enough to hold within his grasp its wonderful possibilities. On the contrary, the combined genius of the world is necessary for the perfection of this science. We have to-day reached the point where we can safely say that any ordinary man can navigate the air; we are rapidly approaching the time when we shall be able positively to assert that any ordinary man can not only navigate the air, but can do so without any greater than the usual risks attending other methods of locomotion.

"The knowledge derived from the cooperation not only of the aviators themselves, but of the corps of mechanicians and inventors associated with them in this series of constant exhibitions will be freely offered to all persons seeking information on these subjects. Nor will the knowledge gained by this experience be limited to the mechanical branch, but will doubtless be of incalculable value in the formulation of rules governing not only the management of tournaments but the navigation of the air by the general public."

WILCOX'S BIPLANE SMASHED.

Columbia Student's New Machine Wrecked, but Driver Is Not Hurt.

Special to The New York Times.

GARDEN CITY, L. I., Nov. 20.—After several days of quiet flying, the new biplane of Philip Wilcox, the Columbia student, celebrated its public début by smashing up on the aviation field here this morning. James O'Hagan, who has been building the new machine with Mr. Wilcox, was in the aviator's seat this morning. He had got the machine thirty feet in air and was making excellent progress when a windsquall struck him. The front control and several struts were broken, but O'Hagan was not hurt.

The aeroplane will be rebuilt by Thursday, but save for very mild days, will not be taken out.

Young Wilcox created a sensation last August with his first Farman machine, which he built partly in the shops at Columbia, by falling with it from a fifty-foot height and miraculously escaping with his life. Nothing was left but the engine. Young Wilcox's family did everything to dissuade him from sticking to aeronautics, but the fascination proved irresistible.

Moroke, in a Schneider biplane, afforded an exhibition for a good-sized crowd here this afternoon. Marcel, in another biplane, was also out. Both men did four circuits of the field in splendid style.

Capt. Thomas Baldwin and Tod Shriver have left here for the West.

AIRSHIP FALLS AT DENVER.

Mars Tumbles Ten Feet and Wrecks His Curtiss Machine.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 20.—J. C. (Bud) Mars made three futile attempts to fly his Curtiss biplane at Overland Park today. On the third attempt he rose ten feet and then crashed to the ground within fifty yards of the spot where Ralph Johnstone met death on Thursday.

Pillagers of the type which fought over Johnstone's body for souvenirs, swarmed on the track, crushing down the boundary fences, but were driven back by mounted policemen. Mars was not hurt, but the right wing of his machine was wrecked. The accident ended prospects of flights in a Curtiss biplane at the present meet.

Arch Hoxsey, under a Wright contract, could not fly on Sunday, and 10,000 disappointed persons grumbled as they made their way through the gates.

Mrs. A. Foster Higgins III.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 20.—Mrs. A. Foster Higgins, wife of the New York banker and a prominent worker of the Episcopal Church in this State, is seriously ill at her home here with pneumonia. A consultation of physicians has been held and her death is expected. She is past 70 years of age.

LORD FISHER ARRIVES FOR SON'S WEDDING

Famous British Admiral, Who Remodeled the Navy, Says Airships Will Aid Sea Warfare.

FRIEND MADE HIS SON RICH

The Late Josiah Vavasseur Left Him Millions in Consideration of His Taking His Name and Coat of Arms.

Lord Fisher of Kilverstone, G. C. B., Admiral of the Fleet, and recently First Lord of the Admiralty, the man who reorganized the British Navy and is known to every British sailor as "Jacky" Fisher, arrived yesterday on the White Star liner Baltic to attend his son's wedding in Philadelphia to-morrow. He was accompanied by his brother, Vice Admiral Sir Frederic Fisher, K. C. V. O., and his daughter, the Hon. Mrs. Neeld.

In his long career in the service the Admiral has been noted for his reluctance to discuss naval affairs for publication. When the reporters met him on the Baltic yesterday he smiled pleasantly, but had little to say about his calling.

"I have come over to see my son married," said Lord Fisher, "and intend to return to England by this steamer on Saturday."

"Has any discovery been made recently to protect the lives of the gun crews on warships from loss of life by explosion?" he was asked.

"I have been away for some time taking a rest cure," replied the Admiral, "so that it is difficult for me to say anything definitely on what has been done in that time."

When told of the fatal gun accident at Indian Head on Saturday at the naval proving ground through the explosion of a charge, and asked if there was any way of lessening the loss of life at similar experiments, Lord Fisher said:

"I have not heard of it before, and could not give an opinion until I know the full particulars. You see it might have been caused by the negligence of some one or many other different causes, and I should not like to say anything that might reflect on those who were present at the time of the explosion."

"Do you think that aeroplanes may be useful in a naval war in the future by sending them up from a battleship?" was another question.

"Yes," replied the Admiral, "I think that when the airships are further developed they will be of considerable use in naval warfare, but I cannot say in just what way."

This is the first visit of Lord Fisher to this country, but his brother has been here twice in his career in the service.

In appearance Lord Fisher is a well-built man, rather below the average height, with blue eyes, clean-shaven face, with a square jaw, and hair tinged with gray. His son, Cecil Fisher Vavasseur, who met him on the pier, looks exactly like the portraits of his father taken twenty-five years ago. The brother, the Vice Admiral, is younger than Lord Fisher, and has a short, gray mustache and beard. He has a breezy manner, and called out:

"Heave ahead, Jack, the gangway's aboard," when the Baltic made fast to her pier.

Cecil Fisher Vavasseur, the only son of Lord Fisher, who is to marry Miss Jane Morgan, daughter of Randal Morgan of Philadelphia, in that city to-morrow, is wealthy in his own right, as he received some $2,000,000 three years ago, left to him by the late Josiah Vavasseur, who was one of the Directors of the firm of Armstrong, Whitworth & Co., the gunmakers. In addition he left the manors of Thetford, Croxton, and Kilverstone Hall to Cecil Fisher on condition that he adopt the name and arms of Vavasseur. Miss Morgan will therefore be Mrs. Vavasseur in the lifetime of her father-in-law, and it was to preserve the family name that the Admiral decided to take his title as Lord Fisher.

As a naval Lieutenant at Whale Island some years ago Cecil Fisher was instructed to attend the carrying out of some experiments with a new invention in connection with quick-firing guns, and the inventor was Josiah Vavasseur. The assistance and advice given by the young officer to the inventor resulted in a friendship which ended by the bequest of the estates and the sum of $2,000,000.

Miss Jane Morgan holds a master mariner's certificate to sail her own yacht, for which she passed the usual examination. After every piece of baggage, including the searching of the lining of his leather hat box, had been completed, Lord Fisher and his party left on the 7 o'clock train for Philadelphia.

LIBERIAN MINISTER BACK.

Thinks the American Policy There Is Not What It Should Be.

Ernest Lyon, United States Minister to Liberia, arrived here yesterday on the Cunard liner Carmania. He was appointed eight years ago during the Roosevelt Administration. He is retiring from office and will live in Baltimore.

"Liberia has made great advances," he said. "She is waiting patiently for the United States to help, as promised, in the solution of some of the problems the country faces. Germany has established a cable station there. The United States has not established even a graveyard there."

He said that when he is relieved of his office he may be able to tell what he thinks of America's policy in Liberia.

MOB ATTACKS POLICEMAN.

Crowd of Three Hundred Attempts to Rescue a Boy Captive.

Policeman Otto of the Alexander Avenue Station was taking 15-year-old George Cooper of 510 East 138th Street away from an empty store at 137th Street and Bergen Avenue, the Bronx, at the window of which, Otto had been told, the youngster was shooting with an air rifle, when the boy's elder brother, William Cooper, and two friends, Otto Deinhardt, a boarder in the Cooper home, and William Meyer of 2,232 Second Avenue, attacked him, at 6 o'clock last night, trying to take his young prisoner away. Otto rapped for assistance, and Policeman McIvers ran up.

McIvers took one look at the fight, shouted to a man to telephone for the reserves, and then pitched in himself. When the reserves arrived they found the two policemen surrounded by a mob of 300. They had the boy and the three men, however, and when the crowd had finally dispersed it was found that William Cooper was senseless from a blow on the head. All four were taken to the police station after the injured man had come to his senses.

Young Cooper was sent to the Children's Society. The others were sent to the Night Court.

AMERICAN SAILOR BURIED.

Mayor of Cherbourg Joins In Last Honors to Drowned Bluejacket.

CHERBOURG, Nov. 20.—The funeral of H. G. Weidlich, a sailor from the American battleship Louisiana, who was drowned in the harbor Friday, took place to-day. After a religious ceremony on the Louisiana, the coffin was taken ashore under an escort of officers and sailors.

The Mayor and representatives of the civic departments, a detachment of French sailors, and many civilians followed the body to the cemetery, where it was interred. Weidlich was a native of Altoona, Penn.

SLEUTHS HAD TO SHOW HIM.

Boy Wouldn't Tell What Was in His Package Until He Saw Their Badges.

Two detectives were strolling along the lower end of Lexington Avenue yesterday when a boy carrying a small leather case stepped out of a doorway. The sleuths, suspicious, stopped him and demanded sternly:

"What have you got there?"

"None of your business," was the reply.

"We are detectives," the officers informed him.

"You'll have to show me," answered the young skeptic. "I see lots of you guys floatin' around here sportin' phony stars. Let me see 'em."

The detectives demurred, but finally the boy had his way. After a critical examination of the badges the boy unwrapped his leather case and revealed an empty can.

"Goin' for milk," he said, departing just in time to escape the pedal impetus of the disappointed sleuths.

ITS VALUE

A $10,000 title policy costs you between $50 and $100, paid once for all when you buy your house. No renewals — no expirations — no new fees to pay. Its value to you in peace of mind cannot be estimated.

For protection against money loss it is worth $10,000, and we are adding generously each year to the guarantee fund behind it.

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176 Bway N. Y. 17 Remsen St. Bklyn.
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Try One More Good Dinner

Notwithstanding Your Digestion May Seem Beyond Repair, try eating anything you like, rationally and in moderation, same as when well, and while taking food Sip

MAN-A-CEA WATER

It rarely fails to show immediate improvement in promoting good digestion.
For Sale by Send for Booklet.

Park & Tilford

and all First-Class Grocers and Druggists, or
MANACEA WATER CO., 13 Stone St., N. Y.

Tales of Men and Ghosts

Contains practically all the stories written in the last few years

By Edith Wharton

Says the New York Sun:—

"Never before has she shown such sureness in execution. It is a remarkable collection of stories which the reader of culture will enjoy, for in the flood of modern books, even good ones, literary quality such as Mrs. Wharton's shows is almost unknown."

Says the New York Globe:—

"You will go far before you will find a better ghost story than 'The Eyes.' Here is the horror of Poe and the psychological mystery told with the same terrible lucidity and classical purity of language."

$1.50

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Special Offers For THANKSGIVING

Cranberries, lb	10c	Seeded Raisins, pkg	8c
Golden Pumpkin, can	10c	Table Raisins, pkg	15c
Poultry Seasoning, pkg	8c	Cleaned Currants, pkg	12c
Mixed Nuts, new, lb	15c	Cocoanut, pkg	12c & 6c
Walnuts, new, lb	17c	Smyrna Figs, lb	15c
New Dates, pkg	10c	Basket Figs, each	19c
Mince Meat, pkg	10c	Jelly Powder, pkg	10c

Lemon & Orange Peel, lb. 15c
Citron Peel, Bright Leghorn, lb. 19c
Thyme and Sage, package. 2c

GIMBELS

Travel Center of New York

Victor-Victrola Concerts in the Gimbel Auditorium
Beginning today and continuing through the week, there will be enjoyable concerts in the Auditorium, at 10 to 11 a. m., of popular, classical and operatic vocal and instrumental selections, rendered by the Victor-Victrola. You are cordially invited to hear them. Eighth Floor

This Morning We Inaugurate the First Gimbel FUR SALE In New York City

This most important event follows weeks of earnest preparation, to be sure that the occasion should be one that would be long notable among those who saw and shared the fine fur prizes that would be presented.

The assemblage is composed in great part of the choicest fur garments and pieces from the stock of a Fifth Avenue wholesale furrier who has no superior in the excellence of his furs and the character of his workmanship. These we were privileged to choose, early this Autumn, at well-decisive price-concessions.

To these we have added similar purchases of furs of high standard, which the makers, discouraged by the continued warm weather, let us have at low prices. Each piece has been carefully scrutinized before being accepted by us, is brand new, and desirable in style. Prices are far below what the garments were manufactured to sell for.

Notable is a superb group of IMPORTED FUR COATS, designed by Paris style-creators of distinction.

A most unusual event, indeed, at the beginning of fur-wearing time, and in a season when furs are more pronouncedly in fashion than ever.

Imported Fur Coats

Short Coats of Moire Caracul. $225 Francis model at $195.
Bernard model Coat of Moire Caracul, blended skunk trimmed, $310 model at $250.
Doucet model Coat of Moire Caracul. 52 in. $325 model at $275.
Poiret model Coat of Moire Caracul. 54 in. Braid and cloth trimmed. $350 model at $285.
Drecol model Coat of Moire Caracul. 54 in. Natural skunk trimmed. $550 model at $495.
White Caracul Coat with border, collar and cuffs of mole. $550 model at $350.
White Caracul Coat. 57 in. $250 Francis model at $195.
Bisam Seal Coat. 54 in. Drecol model. Natural skunk. $495 model at $395.
Bernard model Coat of Moire Caracul. 54 in. Entire coat bisam seal trimmed. $475 model at $375.
Doucet model Coat of Moire Caracul. 52 in. $450 model at $375.
Bernard model Coat of Moire Caracul. 52 in. $485 model at $385.
Bisam Seal Coat. 52 in. Poiret model Blended skunk trimmed. $495 model at $415.
Bisam Seal Coat. Ermine trimmed. Francis model. 52 in. $395 model at $225.

Domestic Furs

Add a third to one-half to the prices in this splendid collection to get usual prices.

Fur Coats

Pony Coats at $59.50. Two models. One plain of superior quality skin. Other with long shawl collar of skunk opossum.
Pony Coats at $75. New model. Lined with changeable silk.
Pony Coats at $95. New Poiret model with pony blouse.
Caracul Coats of full skins. Reinforced by hand. Three qualities, plain, at $59.50, $75 and $95. Trimmed with various furs, $125.
Arctic Seal Coats (French-dyed Coney); plain, $75 and $95. Trimmed with pointed fox, black fox, skunk and opossum. $95 and $125.
Bisam Seal Coats (Dyed Muskrat); plain, $145. Trimmed, $165 and $195.
Persian Lamb Coats, Leipzig dyed; 36 inches long, $149.50; 42 inches long, $175; 50 and 52 inches long, $197.50.

Fur Scarfs and Muffs

Black Fox Scarfs, $19.50 and $23.50; Muffs, $19.50 and $24.50.
Black and Blue Wolf Scarfs and Muffs, $12.50 and $15 each.
Pointed Wolf Scarfs, $19.50; Muffs, $19.50.
Natural Skunk Scarfs, $14.50, $19.50 and $25; Muffs, $19.50, $29.50 and $37.50.
Mink Scarfs, $39.50; Muffs, $39.50.
White Fox Scarfs and Muffs, $24.50 and $29.50 each.
Pointed Fox Scarfs, $29.50; Muffs, $29.50.
Natural Raccoon Scarfs and Muffs, $19.50 and $25 each.
Black Lynx Scarfs, $19.50 and $35; Muffs, $22.50 and $39.50.
Persian Paw Sets, $7.50 and $9.75 set.
Third Floor.

The following special offerings are in the Subway Store:—

Fur Coats

Pony Coats, $42.50.
Caracul Coats, $29.50 and $35.
Black and brown coney coats, $29.50 and $32.50.
Hudson Seal Coats (French-dyed coney), $55.
New Mink Coats (mink dyed marmot), $49.50.
Cloth Coats with fur lining and fur collars, $17.50.

Scarfs and Muffs

Black and blue wolf scarfs, $8.25; muffs, $8.25.
Black fox scarfs, $9.75 and $11.50; muffs, $9.75 and $13.50.
White Iceland Fox scarfs, $9.50 and $12.50; muffs, $8.50 and $9.50.
Skunk and sable colored opossum scarfs, $6.75; muffs, $5.75.
Black hare scarfs, $4.50; muffs, $3.50.
Caracul paw sets, $3.95 a set.
Subway Store, Balcony

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY SIXTH AVENUE NEW YORK THIRTY-SECOND ST. THIRTY-THIRD ST.

GIMBELS

Travel Center of New York

The Benz car, with which David Bruce-Brown won the Grand Prix race at Savannah, creating a new American record for a road race, in the average time of 70.55 miles per hour, will be on exhibtion all this week, on the fourth floor of the Gimbel Store.

GIMBELS

Travel Center of New York

Interesting News for Men and Young Men Concerning

Gimbel Winter Suits and Overcoats at $18

From our own regular $25, $28, $30 and $32 grades

WE naturally planned for a big clothing business, but the remarkably heavy selling which has been our portion since the opening of this new store now brings an unusual condition for us to deal with.

It is too late to secure, from the mills, duplicates of the high-grade woolens which were in the main woven exclusively for us and which have won such favor among the critical men of New York.

Result—Several lines incomplete in sizes; several groups without a full complement of the new patterns.

These we have gathered together and have repriced them to insure quick disposal today and tomorrow.

In the aggregate all sizes from 33 to 48 can be presented—regular, stout, slim and short—and a liberal variety in each size.

Suits—standard blues and blacks and new mixtures in wide variety.

Overcoats—plain blacks, oxford grays and an extensive variety of novelty overcoatings, Dressy box coats, smart raglans, and many convertible-collar overcoats.

Slip-ons—for service on misty, rainy days.

A notable feature of this occasion is the immense variety of high-class models and of the choice fabrics and pattern effects.

The price is $18 for men's and young men's suits, overcoats, and slip-ons taken from the regular Gimbel collections formerly $25, $28, $30, and $32.

Fourth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY SIXTH AVENUE NEW YORK THIRTY-SECOND ST. THIRTY-THIRD ST.

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOV. 21, 1910.

NOT A LITTLE DISCUSSION NEEDED.

We emphatically disagree with the opinion expressed by the Committee of Arrangements of the House of Governors that, in its session at Frankfort beginning Nov. 29, little discussion is needed before deciding that the States should act in concert to secure the popular election of United States Senators by a Constitutional amendment.

It is precisely because twenty-nine Legislatures have separately passed resolutions and applications to Congress for this very thing; because fifteen of the remaining seventeen States have by party indorsements expressed their sympathy with the project, and because thirty-two of the forty-two Legislatures meeting in 1911 could make it mandatory on Congress to call the Constitutional Convention to consider the framing of an amendment, that we ask the Governors to pause. Deliberation is needed before they write messages transmitting a uniform joint application to their Legislatures. The Governors are powerful shapers of public opinion. They are leaders and seers. It is not their duty to respond blindly to a popular outcry.

The pamphlet put forth by the Governors' committee summarizes the arguments in favor of this Constitutional amendment. It says nothing of the arguments against it. That strong reasons are urged in favor of the change it would be folly to deny. The Legislature of Delaware is dominated by a boss. Massachusetts hangs in the balance between two parties and their factions; a deadlock might invite corrupt practices, or deprive that State altogether of a Senator. Fourteen Legislatures have within fifteen years failed to elect Senators, and six States were deprived of their equal suffrage in the Senate. Mr. BRYCE has remarked that the Senate's millionaires have lately outnumbered its statesmen. Connecticut's "rotten borough" system is bolstered up on account of its two Republican Senatorships, and, in the larger States, the Federal loaves and fishes tempt party organizations to send to the Senate men not fit to represent the people.

But party conventions are as subject to organization evils as are the Legislatures. They are often dominated by bosses. Direct primaries have thus far proved a bad substitute for the convention system. The short ballot is effective where used, but that reform is only just started. All systems yet devised are subject to grave abuse. Probably the strongest argument for depriving the Legislatures of their power to elect Federal Senators is that they might thus be enabled to concentrate upon the States' internal business, ridding it of the distractions of National politics.

But the States, as States, have external business, too. The Senators have always been defenders of the integrity of the States, because, in a peculiar sense, they represent the State Governments. If the people elect honest Legislatures—and they can—these bodies are more thoroughly representative of the States than partisan nominating conventions can be, and more representative than partisan voters in the election of the States' Ambassadors to Washington. Each State, irrespective of its size, wealth, or population, has two Senators to conserve its interests in the Senate. The people voting directly often forget that the larger empire is a confederation of smaller empires, from which flows the sovereign power. It is the function of the Senators to remind them that they are not a bulky whole, ill-governed from the centre, but flexible units capable in large measure of independence and home rule. In Federal eyes the election of Senators directly by the people would mean their election by grossly unequal blocks of the Nation's population, not their designation by States as equal members of the Union. The States would lose in dignity. By and by the equality of the smaller Commonwealths might be denied.

Most of the States thus far applying for the amendment already nominate their Senators by voluntary party regulations, or directly through primaries, thus bringing their preferences unmistakably to the attention of their Legislatures. The Governors' pamphlet says that resort to this "incomplete, evasive, and unsatisfactory method," which "never shows the full force of the people's will," "seems proof beyond doubt of their demand." Sometimes, indeed, Legislatures have ignored these official petitions of the people, but they have done so at a risk to their membership. And is the method not usually effective? The alternative is the frequent election of demagogues to the Senate. Popular elections are for but one or two terms, while the re-elections by Legislatures have seated able Senators for fifteen to thirty years, or for life. What chance for long and distinguished service would popular elections give to a Webster, to a Clay, to a Calhoun, to an Edmunds?

The Governors should not proceed hastily. They should weigh the consequences.

TOLSTOY.

Now that TOLSTOY has breathed his last, his illogical philosophy, his vague and contradictory moral and social system, his benevolent and exalted vagaries are all gone, too. He will live in history as a great and good man, great in his attainments and his genius, good because he was as true as man can well be to the ideal he cherished. That ideal would be hard to describe definitely in a few words. As his practical and long-suffering wife has said, he frequently changed his views. But he dreamed always of happiness on earth through purity and brotherhood, of the abolition of poverty, of the regeneration of man, and he strove in his own inevitably imperfect way to make the ideal a reality.

The moral influence of his best books, which were not the books he esteemed in his later years, was strong. His literary workmanship in them was admirable. Perhaps his influence on literary art was larger out of Russia than within his own environment. In Russia he caused much apprehension, needless perhaps, for many years, yet there is likely to be a great manifestation of grief there over his death. He had done little or no harm. He was no political revolutionist. He had accomplished much good.

AN EMPLOYMENT CLEARING HOUSE.

It is an interesting work, with an admirable aim, that the Hon. MARTIN W. LITTLETON is engaged in, as described in THE SUNDAY TIMES. Broadly speaking, it is the adoption and extension in this country of the general system of Labor Exchanges, in which experiments have been made in Germany, Great Britain, France, and other smaller European countries. This system seeks by the coöperation of private and public agencies to bring into close and practical communication the demand and supply of the labor market, to bring, in Mr. LITTLETON'S terse phrase, "the jobless man and the manless job face to face."

Mr. LITTLETON is quite correct in his statement that the market for labor—altogether the most important, extensive, varied, and constant market in the world of industry—is in the most backward and unorganized condition of all. For this there are several reasons, the chief of which is what may be called the unfluidity of the commodity dealt in. Everything else required for industry, the raw materials, the machinery, even the energy and skill needed in administration or in the higher departments, can be readily moved. Labor cannot, because every worker is bound by certain ties to his home neighborhood, or is hampered in movement by his ignorance of general demand and the corresponding ignorance of those who make the demand as to their mutual needs. It is the latter obstacle that the Labor Exchange is intended to remove or, as far as possible, to reduce. Its purpose is to diminish as much as may be the friction that impedes the working of the vast and complicated machinery of industrial life in this rapidly developing land.

So far as public action, through Governmental agencies, is concerned, there is an important difference between our country and those in which the system of Labor Exchanges has been developed on any considerable scale. Their political systems are much more centralized than ours. While this may be, especially at the start, in some degree an advantage, it is not necessarily so in the long run, since it may prove easier to develop the system practically by experimentation in one great industrial State, like New York, or Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, or Illinois, than it would be if the system had to be adapted to the entire country. And we have, happily, in these days a strong tendency toward coöperation among the States which may be very valuable. It is substantially better to give each State the benefit of the experience and wisdom of all than it is to subject them all to the arbitrary guidance of the Central Government, however skillful this may be.

Mr. LITTLETON thinks that the labor unions should and would see that this system would be an aid to them in promoting the betterment of the conditions of workingmen. That is a safe prediction for the more intelligent leaders of the unions. It may not prove so for all of them. Quite a large proportion of the trades union managers have not reached the stage where this argument would appeal to them. They are still in the stage where the closest approach to monopoly in the supply of labor in their respective branches appeals to them more than the interest of their general class. Many of them not only seek to limit employment to their own members but they limit their own membership. Their aim, practically, is not common advantage, but special privileges. They adapt to their market the rule of the hated monopolistic trusts which will sell to no one who buys of any one else. Unionist leaders of this type—it is not universal, but it is considerable—cannot be counted on to support, or to refrain from opposing, a plan the avowed purpose of which is to increase very largely the supply of available labor in all fields, including those they wish to control. Nevertheless, the purpose is a sound one, and we do not think that opposition of this sort would prevail.

MADERO'S LITTLE WAR.

Not the least provoking thing about a petty political uprising, such as FRANCISCO MADERO has been engineering in Mexico, is that alarmists in and out of that country will be ready to believe that some more potent, hidden influence must be working behind the movement. The conquest of Mexico by MADERO would be a joke. He is a feeble political upstart with few followers, and none of note. He does not belong to the heroic line of HIDALGO, MORELOS, GUERRERO, and JUAREZ. He lacks the personal force and military skill of the Santa Anna and Alvarez type of revolutionist. He is no worthy successor, even, of those bloodthirsty soldiers of fortune, MIRAMON and MARQUEZ. With the strongest possible Church and military support he might develop into a lesser ITURBIDE, but the brief ascendency of that fantastic imperialist was possible only in an earlier and less enlightened age.

The sooner Gen. DIAZ silences MADERO, however, the better it will be for the peace and credit of his country. The most pitiful revolution is dangerous in a country whose population includes 52 different varieties of the Indian. The beginning of the petty hostilities in Puebla might have seemed significant, under different conditions, as Puebla is probably the most religious city in the republic, but it is not conceivable that the Church, or any of its officials, would countenance at this time such a mad and futile outbreak as that of Friday night.

President DIAZ's characterization of the recent disturbers of the peace as Anarchists is justifiable, for though they do not preach anarchistic doctrines, anarchy itself could be the only result of their temporary triumph in any part of the republic.

MR. FOSS'S TARIFF VIEWS.

It is very significant that the Governor-elect of Massachusetts should declare that he made his canvass entirely on the National issue of reduced tariff, with progressive reciprocity. It is still more so that he won while the rest of his ticket lost in the contest. These facts give weight to what Mr. Foss has to say as to the policy he went before the people with.

There are several points of special interest in the interview reported in THE TIMES, in which he explains this policy. One is that he speaks as a protectionist who sees that "we have overplayed the protectionist game—have played it to the limit, and got all that we are ever going to get out of it." In this respect the views of Mr. Foss are undoubtedly shared by a large body of Republicans throughout the country, the weary men who revolted in the name of protection against the deceit of the Aldrich tariff revision, rejected its authors and invited the opposition party to undertake the task in which the Republicans had proved unfaithful.

Another point of interest in Mr. Foss's statement is that he points out clearly the way in which he thinks that tariff reduction should be begun. He would free from duty the raw materials of industry—"coal, iron, wood pulp, and every product that is a factor in industry." He does not specifically say, but logically must mean, that a corresponding reduction in the duties on products from raw materials should accompany this change. He would not even wait for the distinct revision of the tariff to effect this result, but seek it through reciprocity agreements, especially with the countries of this continent.

Still another point of interest is the argument that Mr. Foss makes as to the true needs of the manufacturers of the United States for whom protection is professedly designed. He says that the high tariff is driving capital across the borders of the land to compete in foreign markets with our goods, while the industries of the country are more and more needing those markets, since their capacity is at least 50 per cent. more than the home market can supply demand for. All these points, it will be remarked, are made, not by an importer, not by any free trade theorist, but by an extensive manufacturer from the point of view of the true interests of the manufacturers. This spirit prevails all over the country. It ought to make the beginnings of tariff reform practicable in the next Congress. It is true that in form there is an apparent difference between the aim of the Democrats and that of the Progressives who condemn the Aldrich law. The former are more or less definitely pledged to a tariff for revenue; the latter are pledged to a tariff limited by the difference in cost at home and abroad. In reality there is no substantial difference, since the revenue that must in any near period be raised from duties on imports exceeds largely the difference in the foreign and domestic cost of the goods on which these duties would be levied. It is greatly to be hoped that the true friends of tariff reduction, whether Democrats or Progressives, acting on this fundamental fact, will seek honorable co-operation in the common cause.

A meaner thief than the one who has been stealing the meat provided for the poor inmates of the institutions on East River islands could scarcely be found, but almost as contemptible is the fellow who has been enticing the little squirrels in Central Park to come to him and then kicking them to death. What kind of malice or mental malady is it that derives relief from killing a Park squirrel? We have plenty of human brutes of our own hereabout to justify moderation in our comments on Texan lynchers and the methods of Mexican revolutionists.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

They Are Not So "Unwomanly."

Much of the comment to be made on the latest achievement of the English suffragettes in the way of fighting the police and getting arrested will doubtless be to the effect that such conduct as theirs is "unwomanly"—that it separated them from the normal majority of their own sex and showed them as imitators and would-be equalers of the other.

There is some excuse for taking that view of the episode, but, on looking beneath the surface of this riotous proceeding, one can see plainly enough that in these women the sex characteristics, instead of being minimized are emphasized and carried to lengths outrageous, admirable or amusing, as judgment or prejudice may decide. For obviously the petticoated warriors went into battle as women, with full confidence that the opposing forces would remember the fact and in repulsing their assault would act in a manner very different from the course that would be followed if men were the assailants.

To be sure, not a few of the militant suffragists have asserted, no doubt sincerely enough, that they were willing to die for "the cause," but they all know perfectly well that nobody is going to shoot them, and that, whatever they do, they will be handled, if not gently, at least with as little roughness as is compatible with the foiling of their illegal purposes. Such an enterprise as the forcible invasion of the Parliament buildings by men, if undertaken with determination, would mean a serious affray, with more or less killing and wounding as the first result, and later some trials for high treason, with hangings not far out of sight. The worst that the women had to fear was limited to dishevelment of hair and clothing, the arrest of the more obstinate or vigorous rioters, and a subsequent brief imprisonment that carried with it little or nothing of disgrace.

In other words, it was not war that the women made, but a "scene," and while it would not be either fair or true to say that all women love "scenes," it is both to say that a good many of them apparently do—that none of them seems to fear the public exhibition of emotion anything like as much as most men. So, in a sense—and a reassuring sense, too—while the riot may have been "unladylike"—which is no very grave condemnation—it was quite "womanly." In that it would have been possible only for women.

A Habit to be Proud Of.

A keen observer of himself as well as of others, Governor-elect WOODROW WILSON was moved, the other day, to describe as characteristically American the fact that as his train approached the station in Chicago where his journey was to end, he, like the other people in the car, rose and stood in the aisle instead of remaining quietly in his seat until the train stopped. Anybody who does any railway traveling in this country sees that done constantly, and quite as often by people for whom the consequent saving of a half or a quarter of a minute is at the time of no particular consequence as by those who really are in a hurry—who have a reason for hurrying, that is. It is a habit not followed by everybody, of course, but sufficiently widespread to be called National.

As Dr. WILSON put the case, "It is hard for us to be quiet. Each is like a dog straining at the leash." Adverse criticism was implied and no doubt intended by the simile, but evidently the New Jersey statesman doesn't think a tendency to "strain at the leash" one that is really or necessarily bad, else would he take more pains to conquer it in himself. The best dogs, not the worst, are eager to be up and doing, and dogs that never strain or break their leashes are apt to have as little energy to use as to waste. Of course it is true that some of the American hurry accomplishes nothing, but most of it produces results of one sort or another, and on the whole the results have been fairly satisfactory—as beginnings. We are going to do better by and by, but meanwhile, with so much undone, it is no disgrace to keep moving.

There is a lot of talk about "the pace that kills," but the cemetery records are lacking to confirm the talk. The foreign visitors who are often "appalled" by the rush and roar of American life, have usually seen only the points where the vital currents are swiftest and most noisy, and careful inspection would show them that the swimmers therein are for the most part abundantly competent to meet the demands made upon their strength. The Wall Street man of 60 is almost always "better preserved" than the farmer of the same age, or ten years younger, for that matter, and "straining at leashes" is more apt to send people to Gubernatorial chairs than to insane asylums.

Conduct of Our Bluejackets.

It is grievous to notice that the bluejackets on our warships are not showing in France the fine propriety of manner and conduct with which, during recent years, they have been credited in most of the world's ports.

They have been getting assaulted and robbed over there, which means, of course, belated lingerings in water-front taverns, and, still worse than that, they have been fighting among themselves, white against black. Can it be that the sailormen have for once forgotten their representative capacity—that when they misbehave it is not only their own newly acquired reputation for dignity and sobriety that suffers, but the honor of their country comes in for a share of obloquy?

Of course the offenders have been few, but even a few are too many. Probably the reports of disorder are exaggerated. That is to be hoped, and it can be believed, for there can have been no sudden change in the men who have been so successful of late years in changing accepted notions of the sailor ashore. Perhaps the French critics expected too much. Perhaps, with their different ideas of sport, they mistook for stern war what was only rough play.

Our Little-Known Neighbors.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice from your to-day's paper that you do not print anything about the new President of the United States of Brazil, and consequently, also, you do not refer to the date on which Brazil proclaimed itself a republic. I make this remark owing to the fact that no paper in South American countries fails to refer to the Independence Day of the United States of North America, Election Day, Thanksgiving Day, &c. On such dates South American papers have always warm words for this country, and this (I think) is the reason why South Americans know more about this country than North Americans do know about their countries. The business between the United States of North America and Brazil is not a small one, and if proper notices would be given it would certainly induce readers to learn something about their neighbors. So little is known about Brazil in this country that several weeks ago a friend of mine has been asked if Brazil was in Switzerland.

ALBINO FLECK.

New York, Nov. 18, 1910.

IMMIGRANT WOMEN.

The Y. W. C. A. Is Active for Their Americanization.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When probably no other social problem at the present time is receiving more attention than that connected with the incoming foreigner, the propositions suggested by your correspondent, Lajos Steiner, for the protection of aliens and their assimilation into our national life are very pertinent.

During the past summer the National Board of Young Women's Christian Associations, through its Committee of Research and Investigation, made a study of the immigrant problem in New York City to discover in what ways it might be of the most practicable help to the 200,000 or more immigrant women and girls who come to this land yearly.

The committee acquainted itself first with the work of other agencies in the field, for, recognizing that the need is greater than can be met by all organizations now at work, it desired to supplement, not duplicate, effort. Through one able to speak seven languages, close contact with the life of immigrant women was secured and "scores of young, unmarried women were found living within half a mile of the Battery who had not known any other America than that immediate vicinity." A practical experiment in teaching English was conducted during the month of July and, notwithstanding the terrible heat, an attendance of nearly eighty pupils demonstrated that this is a fruitful field of activity.

The committee has made its report to the National Board and its recommendations have been adopted. Briefly, some of the recommendations, providing for immediate work, are as follows:

1. That as early as possible a headquarters be established in lower New York for a work with immigrant women, such headquarters to include:

(a) The home of one or more workers able to communicate with foreign women coming to our shores.

(b) The office of a secretary competent to administer a bureau of information, working in close co-operation with homes, churches, schools, libraries, legal aid societies, employment bureaus and all betterment agencies which might be made helpful to immigrant women.

(c) An assembly room for the use of classes in English, for recreation and for such social opportunities as are demanded by normal, helpful living.

(d) An employment bureau, and

(e) A press bureau which shall keep our foreign-speaking peoples informed through their own publications of the advantages open to them in this country, and which shall keep English-speaking people informed of their opportunities for service through our undertakings.

2. That immediate steps be taken to provide instruction in English for immigrant women unacquainted with our language.

(a) By engaging someone qualified not only to teach but to enlist and direct a corps of volunteer teachers.

(b) By authorizing the securing of rooms for such classes in churches, libraries, settlements, or in any suitable places most accessible to those needing instruction; and

(c) By printing and circulating the series of leaflets and charts of "Early Stories in English for New Students of English," and "Later Stories in English for New Students of English," by Mark Clark Barnes.

3. That through the World's Committee of Young Women's Christian Associations, co-operation be sought from the associations in all the countries from which women come to our shores, in the printing and circulating of information concerning conditions to be met in America and our readiness to be helpful to those who come.

The National Board of Young Women's Christian Associations has been organized less than four years. During that time, in accordance with the purpose for which it was organized, it has been developing and unifying existing lines of work and extending association activities into new fields as rapidly as conditions and finances would allow. Because of its national character and international affiliations, the Young Women's Christian Association is an organization that should be peculiarly fitted to do a work with immigrant women and girls. If its efforts in this direction receive sympathetic and substantial encouragement a work may be done that will duplicate in usefulness that carried on by the Young Men's Christian Association with foreign men.

ANNA SEABURG.

New York, Nov. 14, 1910.

BURDEN OF THE TARIFF.

Believes Increase of Population Will Show Its Great Evils.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Nearly forty years ago, when I was a boy, the same kind of protectionist talk as was aired by an English enthusiast recently in THE TIMES was told me by dissatisfied men in London. The country was going to the dogs. Since then, however, the free trade policy has been maintained, and the condition of workers in England compares more than favorably with that in Europe generally, especially when it is remembered that in France and Germany there are large classes of workers who have had better technical education and who have exceptional natural abilities.

If we had a thousand million people here the conditions might approach what they are in England to-day, and far more than the average American thriftiness would be necessary in order to keep people contented, for in addition to the demands of the steel barons there would be a food bill of twice the present amount in order to pay the heavy rentals for land, which now pays little more than the return for the labor of the farmer.

Much of the distress in England has been due to the climate, which causes frequent heavy losses to the grain and hay crops, disorganizes the food supply, and throws the agricultural laborer into the towns, where he fails to find a constant supply of work suited to him. The low-priced foodstuffs from new lands in America, Russia, and Australia have helped to spoil the farmer's chances; but he has been able to grow other crops, and, had the prices of food been raised by "protection," in order to enable him to persist in growing what his grandfather did, the result would have been suicidal, for the great towns would have been half starved.

America, as a big land, with only a few people in it, can make lots of economic mistakes without feeling the punishment acutely, but every added million people here will be a thorn in the side of the protectionist, for as soon as we do not grow grain enough to feed us the owners of grain land will be able to add to their normal price the amount of the duty on foreign grain against every bushel of wheat grown here that goes to make our bread, and the loaf will shrink to half its size, or thereabout. This is true now with all things that we do not freely export, that are not on the free list, and it goes a long way to explain the high prices, the coming of which follows upon our ceasing to be an exporting country in these raw materials of our life.

F. M. BILLINGS.

New York, Nov. 19, 1910.

Increased Land Values.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. John Martin declares, without one atom of proof or argument, that Father Knickerbocker made a princely gift of six hundred millions—'tis a good round sum, to be sure—to fortune's favorites, otherwise landlords. No doubt Mr. Martin refers to the increased real estate valuations which have been to the benefit, so far as they are a benefit at all, of thousands of very ordinary folk as well as the holders of large tracts of suburban land.

Mr. Martin, however, is utterly wrong in his light and airy talk of untold millions. It was private energy and capital and foresight which saw opportunities for building tunnels and the like, which enabled the benevolent Father Knickerbocker, whom Mr. Martin represents as a gullible old party, to bring many square miles of hitherto waste land under the touch of the far from gullible old party's tax collectors.

Your correspondent seems to be one of the large number of those who think nothing is likely to be well done unless by public expenditure, so he wants large and generous appropriations for schools, though much of what is now given for them is wasted; so wantonly rich has Father Knickerbocker become that he lately over one and a half millions on ferries to Staten Island last year, simply because he had the money to burn, and if the "progressive" Mr. Martin's party had its way, everybody would soon be getting everything for nothing.

To do a doubtful favor to the family in the two-room flat, most of whom live so to save money, would Mr. Martin turn over all unimproved land, e. g., on Staten Island, to the kind Father Knickerbocker?

ROBERT P. GREEN.

New York, Nov. 18, 1910.

ASK CLEAN EATING PLACES.

Cornell Magazine Starts Crusade—Libel Suits Threatened.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 20.—An article in The Cornell Era, a monthly magazine published by Cornell students, has aroused the ire of the boarding-house keepers and restaurant men in this city, and a libel suit is threatened against the editors. The article is written by Stanley P. Lovell, managing editor of The Era, and is entitled "The Crime of the Boarding House."

It purports to give personal observation of insanitary practices carried on in the eating houses, where, in the absence of dining halls, the students have to eat, and demands from the Board of Trustees definite action to establish a commons and dining hall, as promised years ago. Conditions are as bad as in the epidemic days six years ago, The Era claims.

Jesse Norwood, proprietor of a "dog wagon" on the hill, took offense at what he considered a reference to his place, and employed an attorney, who served notice on the editors to recall the magazine or stand a suit. Some of the magazines were called back and the matter objectionable to Norwood stricken out, but others had already been distributed.

The Era claims it made a personal canvass of twelve so-called restaurants or "dogs" and twenty boarding houses in the student section, and in only four out of thirty-two places was the food satisfactory. The proprietors admit they are making money, The Era says, and yet the prices are no higher than they were ten years ago. It comes out of the food. The Era says:

> The more expensive places are no better than the cheaper. The cellar, ill-lighted, with room at a premium, seems to be the chosen place for students to eat. The description of a kitchen in a five-dollar cellar on Eddy Street told by an ex-waiter was fairly nauseating.
>
> The practice of "shifting" is common. "Shifting" consists of transferring from a plate returned to the kitchen to an outgoing dish of meat, potatoes, &c., that have not been consumed.
>
> It is a problem for the university. It is a problem that other universities have met and solved. If we cannot have both dining and residential halls, at least we may have the former.

Editorially The Era recalls that the Trustees already have placed themselves on record as being deeply interested in securing dining halls for young men.

"The undergraduates would like to know why certain promises have not been kept," it says.

AID FOR POOR MOUNTAINEERS

Branch of the Holman Association to be Formed in This City.

A plan permanently to establish a New York Committee of the Holman Association, which has for its purpose the promotion of rural nursing, hygiene, and social service, will be launched on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Edward Ringwood Hewitt, 127 East Twenty-first Street. Miss Holman, who is working among the poor mountaineers of the Alleghanies, will speak. The New York headquarters at present are at 44 East Seventy-eighth Street.

Dr. Welch of Johns Hopkins University is President of the National organization, and is working for its success. The association has issued an appeal for funds, furniture, old clothes, books, magazines, house furnishings, &c. Contributions may be sent to the Treasurer, Edwin Warfield, of the Fidelity Trust Company, Baltimore. The appeal says:

> There are thousands of American men and women living in the Alleghanies among conditions which make the lot of the city poor a veritable heaven by contrast. No charity visitor or district nurse or health officer reaches their inaccessible cabins. Generations are born, live and die without physician or the benefit of clergy.
>
> The men work their fields in the same primitive way their grandfathers did and the women and children labor with them. Families of over twenty people have been found living in cabins with two rooms and one window. Scarcely ever do these mountain homes have any sanitary arrangements, and when they do it is a menace to life. Tuberculosis, hookworm and mountain fever take their hourly toll, which increases every year.
>
> A railroad has been recently put through the district where Miss Holman works, and the contractors of the road have some buildings which were constructed for a temporary hospital for their workmen at Altapass, Mitchell County, N. C. They now offer them to be used as a hospital for the people along the line.
>
> It is proposed, the circular concludes, to accept the offer and start an infirmary and social settlement in these temporary buildings, until money can be raised and an organization effected to carry on a more permanent plant.

FEAST FOR FAR-AWAY TROOPS

Thanksgiving Transport Due at Manila To-day with 3,700 Turkeys.

The Government's Thanksgiving ship is due in Manila to-day or to-morrow with dinners for the troops on duty in the Philippine Islands. The transport Dix is the ship in question, and refrigerated away in her hold are 3,700 turkeys, 40 barrels of cranberries, 600 pounds of mince meat, and 50,000 of the finest apples from the North Pacific apple country.

The dinner is the gift of the Government to the soldiers in the tropics, and everything about it is the very best that could be bought. Never before has a Thanksgiving dinner been served from so great a distance as the one that the boys in blue will eat on Thursday. Many of the turkeys came from the East, and when they reach the tables from which they will be served they will be nearly 15,000 miles from the place of shipment. The cranberries come from Maine, while the mince meat from which the pies will be made was made in California.

Besides turkeys, mince meat, and apples, the Dix also has on board a large assortment of fresh meats, such as mutton and beef, and all sorts of tinned goods, fruit cakes, prunes from Oregon, fruits from California, butter from Minnesota, and other good things to eat in the furnishing of which nearly every State in the Union supplied a part.

Now that the Thanksgiving ship has fulfilled her mission, the transport officials are getting ready to dispatch the Christmas ship from San Francisco. This will carry Christmas and New Year's repasts for the Philippines, and also thousands of Christmas presents from the relatives and friends of the soldiers in the States. The presents are shipped free across the Pacific by the Government. Express must be paid by the sender to San Francisco. The Quartermaster of the Army in San Francisco attends to the shipment from there.

SKIMP SKIRTS ON WOMEN.

Rev. Dr. Reisner Doubtful Whether They Beautify—Madonna Type Best.

The Rev. Dr. Christian F. Reisner, pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church in West 104th Street, who came to this city recently from Denver, preached to his congregation last night on "Becoming Beautiful." While some women are bigger than the fool making fashions, he said, outlandish hats and skimp skirts make many women look ridiculous, and men soon grow disgusted with so-called "bohemian" wives. Goodness is vital to beauty, and artificial helpers must fall if the requisite thing is lacking.

Women, said Dr. Reisner, knowingly shorten their lives by the use of arsenic as a face beautifier. The most beautiful of all pictures," he declared, "is not the empty headed, gaudily adorned society butterfly, but the Madonna who bought her beauty with holy thoughts, suffering, and service."

SAY NOT ENOUGH PARKS.

Congestion Commission Thinks There Should Be a Considerable Increase.

This city is notably lacking in areas for parks and playgrounds, according to a statement issued yesterday by the Committee on Parks and Playgrounds of the Mayor's Congestion Commission.

This committee, headed by Alderman Campbell, has been making a special study of the park and playground facilities of the leading cities of the world, finding New York behind in this respect many others of much less importance.

It is generally admitted, says Alderman Campbell's statement, that thirty square feet are only a moderate area for play purposes for children, yet in the study made by the committee of conditions in October, 1909, it was found that the average area of school sites in the different boroughs per pupil was only about twenty-five.

CITIZENS' UNION IDEA OF REFORM IN ALBANY

It's the Committees, Not the Legislature as a Whole, That Need Changing.

THEY'RE NOW UNCONTROLLED

And as They Mold Actions of Both Houses, the Whole Law-Making Machinery Can Go Awry.

The Citizens' Union, which has been called "the public's watchdog at Albany," has recommended several reforms to protect legislative processes against improper influences to the Legislative Investigating Committee, which is seeking evidence of bribery in connection with measures considered by the Legislature in recent years. The suggested reforms have been sent in a letter by J. O. Hammit, Secretary of the Citizens' Union, to M. Linn Bruce, counsel for the Legislative Committee, in response to a suggestion from Mr. Bruce.

Mr. Hammit asserts that there are weaknesses in the present form of procedure and states:

"I submit that it is imperative that safeguards should be placed around the action of standing committees of the Senate and the Assembly. Until this is done the legislative processes will never be adequately protected against corrupt and improper influences."

The letter then continues:

> As you know from your own experience, the standing committees are expected to determine the course of legislation. Senators and Assemblymen frequently explain their blind support of these committees on the ground that the entire House cannot give adequate consideration to a pending bill and must therefore rely upon the proper committee to do so.
>
> Yet although the Senate and the Assembly rely upon their standing committees to determine the fate of most legislative bills, the only substantial safeguards against corruption and improper influences contained in the Constitution, the legislative law, or the rules of either House, are directed to the action of the Senate or the Assembly as a whole, and not at all to the action of committees. The standing committees, which perform so important a function in the making of legislation, are guided practically by no rule except the personal desire of the Committee Chairmen. The Chairman calls meetings of his committee upon short notice. He arranges the calendar of hearings. Ordinarily he decides what matters shall be considered at each meeting, what persons shall be heard, what postponements allowed. Often he actually makes up the report of the committee on an important bill without even going through the formality of a vote by the members of the committee. There is no written law and no written rule by which the committee procedure is definitely governed.

Mr. Hammit then cites several instances of how legislation has been treated in recent years in support of his contention that weakness exists in the form of procedure, asserting:

> The utterly slipshod manner in which the tremendously important functions of the standing committees are exercised is illustrated by at least one instance within my knowledge, when the Rules Committee delegated to Ray B. Smith, the Clerk of the Assembly, and one member, Beverley S. Robinson, power to determine the form of a constitutional amendment affecting the debt limit of cities. This was in the year 1908. They prepared the report of the committee in such a form that, had it not been for corrections made in proofreading by a representative of the Introducer of the bill, the bill would have been placed on the Senate files instead of on the Assembly files. The error would have come so late in the session that there would have been no opportunity to correct it, and the result would have been the postponement for two years of the adoption of the amendment. An indirect result would have been that the $48,000,000 excluded from the debt limit of New York City this year for purposes of subway construction would not have been available.
>
> Another illustration of the need for safeguarding the action of standing committees is found in the treatment of the general amendments to the Public Service Commissions law in 1908. These amendments were prepared in the first instance by the two Public Service Commissions, were introduced by Assemblyman Wainwright, and were referred to the Committee on Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, of which John R. Yale of Putnam County was Chairman. In the form in which they were originally introduced they provided for placing telephone and telegraph companies under State supervision, and also made numerous changes in those portions of the law which relate to railroad and lighting companies. The committee separated the bill into two measures. That part relating to telephone and telegraph companies was reported as a separate bill. That part relating to railroad and lighting companies was amended in committee in such manner as, if it had been enacted, would have weakened greatly the Public Service Commissions law, particularly in regard to the control over issues of stocks and bonds. The amendments to the bills adopted by the committee were so long and so involved that even a lawyer familiar with the subject could not have examined them thoroughly in less than several hours. Yet I was informed by a minority member of the committee—Thomas H. Todd of Queens County—that these amendments were not seen by the committee until about ten minutes before the end of the last meeting of the session; that they were brought into the meeting room by Assemblyman Yale with the remark that they were the amendments which the committee was to adopt, and that without much formality they were thereupon inserted in the committee's report.

After suggesting that it would be possible to furnish other examples out of the knowledge and experience of members of the Legislative Investigating Committee, Mr. Hammit states his belief that these safeguards should be established:

> Standing committees should be required to hold regular meetings at stated intervals. Special meetings should be held whenever the pressure of business requires it. Notices of all meetings, whether regular or special, should be published for the information of citizens. Such notices should be advertised in newspapers.
>
> It should be required that a majority of each standing committee be present when action is taken upon any pending bill.
>
> There should be a regular calendar of the matters before each standing committee, and these calendars should be published for the information of citizens. The placing of matters on the calendar of the committee should be governed by the rule, but a sufficient latitude should be permitted to the committee so that matters of pressing importance might in proper cases be given a preference.
>
> Each standing committee should be required to make a report in favor of or against the passage of every bill referred to it.

It was learned yesterday that several other suggestions for legislative reform will be submitted in the near future to the committee, by both the Citizens' Union and other organizations interested in the safeguarding of honest legislation. The committee has begun to discuss the report to the Legislature which will be made on or before Feb. 1, 1911, and it has invited suggestions.

The hunt for evidence in connection with the efforts of the turf interests to defeat the Hart-Agnew bill in 1908 will be resumed to-morrow.

TRIBUTE TO AN OLD TEACHER

Friends Give a Memorial to the Late Dr. Almon G. Merwin.

Exercises in memory of the late Dr. Almon G. Merwin, the veteran public school teacher, were held yesterday afternoon in the Janes Methodist Episcopal Church, Reid Avenue and Monroe Street, Brooklyn. About 700 educators, former pupils, and friends of Dr. Merwin were present.

The programme included several musical selections, and speeches eulogizing Dr. Merwin. City Superintendent of Schools William H. Maxwell, who was one of the speakers, lauded him for his work in the public schools. Dr. Maxwell's subject was "Mr. Merwin and the Public Schools."

Other speakers were Prof. Franklin W. Hooper, Director of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences; Algernon S. Higgins, former Associate Superintendent of Public Schools, who was an intimate friend of Mr. Merwin, and James J. McCabe, District Superintendent of Schools. Mr. Merwin was Principal of Public School 74 of Brooklyn at the time of his death, about six months ago.

'YSOBEL' FINISHED FOR NEW YEAR DEBUT

But, Says Miss Bessie Abott, Composers Are Mighty Hard to Deal With.

CHOSEN FOR THE HEROINE

And Has Mascagni's Own O. K.—Why the Black Hand Is Likely to Appreciate the Opera.

"Mascagni cabled yesterday that 'Ysobel' is completed, and that he can sail any day now."

It was Miss Bessie Abott, who is to star in Mascagni's new opera, which was to have been produced at The New Theatre on Nov. 21, who spoke.

"However, we don't want him just now," she continued. "It's no good producing an opera during the Christmas holidays. So we have cabled him to come in time so that the opera may go on shortly after New Year's.

"It has become the fashion to speak of the eccentricities and the whims of prima donnas, but I assure you that composers are much more difficult to arrange things with. They seem to live on an entirely different plane from the rest of us. Why, my representatives sometimes talked with Mascagni for an entire evening without being able to get in one single word of business. Every remark which was made would lead Mascagni to a new idea.

"When it was decided that I was to sing 'Ysobel' Mr. Tyler, the representative of the Lieblers, said that a date must be arranged for its production. He talked with Mascagni, who promised he would have the opera completed by the 1st of November. So it seemed to be easy to announce the first performance for Nov. 21. And there you are. We all took Mascagni's word for it, and Mascagni is a composer.

"I have read in musical biographies how Mozart used to turn out the best of his operas some two days before the first performance, but those things seem to be done differently nowadays.

"Anyway, when it came near the time and Mascagni was pressed, he said: 'What can I do? I must wait until I have written what I want to write!' and so he waited and we waited and here we are all of us over here, for the moment without an opera. However, to fill in the gap, we are going to take a short tour in 'La Bohème' and 'Madama Butterfly,' both of which I love."

"When Mascagn cabled that he couldn t finish 'Ysobel' in time, George Tyler asked me what Bessie would sing," interrupted Miss Abott's sister, Miss Pickens, "and I told him that I didn't know what else she would sing, but I was sure that 'La Bohème' would be at the top of the list."

"I do love it," resumed Miss Abott, "and this Summer Puccini told me that I must sing Butterfly, too. See, he has written it in my score. However, all this is to fill in until 'Ysobel' arrives, and 'Ysobel' is worth waiting for.

Singing to Suit a Genius.

"When the Lieblers signed a contract with me to star at the head of my own opera company, they went to work to secure me an opera. They knew that Mascagni had a subject in mind which they thought would do, and they sought him out.

"Mascagni, it seemed, had very definite ideas of what the heroine of his opera was to be like. He did not know me; he had never heard me sing; he had never even seen me. I went to Milan to meet him. I was told he would be there a week, and I asked Mr. Edmunds, the representative of the Lieblers, who was with me, to arrange it so that I could know some time before I was to sing for him. I didn't want it to be immediately after a heavy spaghetti luncheon. However, that, of course, is just how it fell.

"The second morning I was there I had eaten a great deal at the midday meal, when a messenger arrived with the news that the composer had come, that he had to hurry away the same afternoon, and would I please sing for him.

"It had to be, and so I did—the letter song from 'Hamlet' and something else. The moment he saw me he was kind enough to say that I was the type he wanted for the character, and when he heard me sing he was as enthusiastic as he well could be. Then we worked together for some time. He wanted to make the music suit my voice as much as possible.

"And it does suit my voice to perfection. There is no coloratura in it, but it is very high and very beautiful—and also very difficult. My part has been finished for some time, and I know it all, but I have no accompaniment for it; that all must come later, the putting together of my part with the orchestra and the parts of the other singers.

Notes on Ysobel's Gowns.

"The music is not like anything else of Mascagani's, not at all like 'Cavalleria,' nor like 'Iris.' It is calm, and a bit sad. In the first act there is a splendid air for the tenor, which is almost Wagnerian. The intermezzo in the second act, which is played while the tenor pelts the riding Ysobel with flowers, is very beautiful, and the love duet in the last act is magnificent.

"Mascagni will introduce two new instruments into the score. One, which is being made, will enable the performer to play bells very rapidly by means of a keyboard like that of a piano, and the other is a sort of grunting machine.

"The scenery by Rovescalli of Milan and the costumes by Caramba of Milan are wonderful, and they are all here, waiting, like the rest of us. My costumes, I think, are marvels. In the first act I wear a gown of white encrusted with heavy gold embroidery, over which I wear a heavy cloak. At the end of the act in the Tournament of Love I wear a splendid cloak of pallish green, embroidered with jewels and gold. My mantle in the second act is of the deepest blue, also embroidered with gold.

"There are some interesting details about Illica, the writer of the libretto, which, I think, are not generally known. As you know, he is the writer of countless other popular modern Italian librettos.

He is a descendant, he told me, of George Hadfield, who was on the staff of George Washington. He was an architect and helped design the Capitol and many other famous public buildings. One of his daughters married Richard Cosway, the famous English miniature painter, and she held famous salons in London, which are mentioned by Larousse, the French historian. She later had a villa on Lago Maggiore, which finally fell into the hands of Giovanni Riccordi, the founder of the famous Italian music publishing house.

Descended From a Black Hander.

"We are also assured against any encroachments from what is generally known as the Black Hand, because Spadoni, one of our musical directors, is the grandson of the famous Orsini, the bomb thrower. Perhaps you don't know how the term, 'Black Hand' originated. It was in the time when the Italians hated the Austrians and plotted against them. Those who were leagued in these plots dressed and were for the time being charcoal burners, the 'Carbonari.' They blackened their faces and their hands with charcoal, and often left the imprint of the hand upon suspects' doors. Orsini was one of the most noted patriots of this group.

"Napoleon III. joined the league when he came to Italy. Later, when he was crowned Emperor, he repudiated the cause, and turned to Austria. The league sent men to France to punish him for this. Orsini was among them.

"Orsini and his men threw a bomb at the Emperor's carriage while—he was on his way to the Comédie Française. As always happens in such instances, Napoleon was not hurt, but several other people were killed and the conspirators were caught and guillotined. Orsini is still regarded as a patriot by the Italian Government, however, as is evidenced by the fact that his daughter, who is Spadoni's mother, still receives a pension.

"Another interesting member of the company is Miss Grace K. Whistler, a contralto, who is a niece of the painter.

"When we have sung 'Ysobel' there are other operas under consideration. The first of these will doubtless be an opera based on a libretto by San Benelli, the young poet and playwright who is creating a furore in Italy at present. He wrote 'La Befia,' which Bernhardt recently played in Paris, and which is included in her American répertoire. The composer will be Brüggermann, who has written a new version of the Faust legend which he calls 'Margarethe,' and which was produced at La Scala last Winter. That is a very wonderful work. From the collaboration of these two men we may look for something especially good."

THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY.

Excerpts from "Jeanne D'Arc" and "Rondes de Printemps" Played.

At the fourth Sunday afternoon concert of the New York Symphony Society given yesterday at The New Theatre, Mr. Damrosch presented a number of new and unfamiliar selections. The symphony was a well-tried friend—Schumann's first in B flat. Several excerpts from Tschaikowsky's opera, "Jeanne d'Arc," quite unknown to New York, were given, an air for soprano, and the finale of the first act with a chorus of women's voices, and the ballet music. This is not of very distinguished fibre, though it is good and well-made music, and the last number of the ballet music is vigorous, rhythmical, tuneful, as such music is expected to be, and the composer was so careful to keep out the traces of his Russian nationality from it that there is not much trace of his own distinctive style in it. But it is all excellent theatrical music, and would undoubtedly have much effect in a dramatic performance.

The same chorus, which was from the Institute of Musical Art, was employed in the spinning chorus from "The Flying Dutchman," immediately following Senta's ballad. This, as well as the air from "Jeanne d'Arc," was sung by Mme. Sara Anderson, who thus made her first appearance in New York after an absence of seven years. She is a singer whose coming will be welcome because of her delightfully fresh and clear soprano voice, her artistic method, her unaffected and musical style. Her singing of Senta's ballad was vividly dramatic and poignant in feeling, yet showed repose and breadth, the freedom and confidence of an accomplished artist. These excerpts were preceded by the overture, a vigorous performance by the orchestra, which, however, had not all the power and sonority that there might have been in surroundings better adapted for the hearing of an orchestra.

The last number was the "Rondes de Printemps," by Debussy, which the Philharmonic had just played at its concerts in Carnegie Hall. This is one of the latest publications of the French composer, the third of a set entitled "Images pour orchestre." It seems now far from one of his best, with little of the characteristic charm of the "Afternoon of a Faun," for instance, or the "Fêtes," and some of the other earlier orchestral impressionistic pieces. The new style for which Debussy is said to be seeking is scarcely disclosed here. There is much of the Debussy mannerism, which seems to have developed into a formula, but for which there is only a thin substratum of idea. Nor is there the interest of the alluring, vaporous charm of instrumental color and atmosphere that distinguish so much of Debussy's writing for orchestra. There are occasional touches that remind the listener of his finest work, but there is much more that seems uncertain, unsuccessful, and desultory.

MR. HAMLIN'S SONG RECITAL.

A Large Audience Hears His Fine Singing In Carnegie Hall.

Mr. George Hamlin is a singer whom it is a delight to hear in his rare appearances in New York, and he delighted a large audience yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. Mr. Hamlin pursues an independent course in the practice of his art, and follows in no beaten track his selection of the songs he sings. He is, in fact, an indefatigable explorer in the ancient and modern literature of the song, and he brought forward yesterday some interesting results of his explorations. Thus there were an old German song, "Ein' schön' Tagweis"; an old Swedish song, "Das Magd'lein," both beautiful in the archaic folk-song manner; two songs of Beethoven that singers do not much affect; the gently melancholy "Wonne der Wehmut" and the mischievous "Der Kuss"; two unfamiliar songs by Brahms, "Wenn du nur zuweilen lächelst" and "Von Waldbekranzter Höhe," songs in Brahms's truly individual style, though not marked by the elements of easy popularity. A group of more recent German songs contained a remarkably beautiful one by Max Reger, "Flieder," which, as well as the much more commonplace "Lauf der Welt," by Grieg, he had to repeat. Other songs by Debussy, Fauré, Moor, and several by American composers were in his list.

It was a programme skillfully arranged with a feeling for contrast that made the several numbers on it heighten each other's effectiveness. It is not chiefly for delight in a voice of great natural beauty or of sensuous tone that Mr. Hamlin's singing is to be enjoyed, but rather for the truly musical feeling, the distinction of style, the innate perception of the salient and significant character of each of his songs that mark his singing. There was much that was fine in it yesterday, in finish of phrase and excellence of declamation and diction, in sentiment and variety of expression.

A RECITAL OF SONATAS.

Mr. and Mrs. Mannes Begin Their Fourth Season in the Belasco Theatre.

Mr. and Mrs. David Mannes entered last evening upon the fourth season of their sonata recitals for violin and piano, that have won the favor of a cultivated and sympathetic audience. These recitals are given in the Belasco Theatre, an audience room favorable for the delicate and intimate form of art that they cultivate; one in which the listeners may feel in close relations with the performers and their work.

The programme last evening consisted of a sonata (in the preclassical sense) by Heinrich Biber, a German composer of the seventeenth century, a work rugged yet pleasing, and in the classical and romantic sense Beethoven's Sonata in A, Opus 30, No. 1, and Schumann's in D minor, Opus 121.

The performance was refined and finished in style, seeking to elucidate the finer shades and subtler outlines of the music; yet there was an abundance of vigor in Biber's archaic music. Beethoven's sonata is one of the most charming and poetic of his works for the violin and piano, and the two concert givers were especially fortunate in their interpretation of it. There are fine traits in Schumann's sonata, characteristic touches of his romantic and imaginative spirit; but the sonata as a whole is under the shadow that darkened his later years, and that clouded the beauty of many—yet by no means all—of the works that he wrote in those years. It is manifested here chiefly in the diffuseness, the lack of logical coherency in the music.

BENEFIT FOR ACTOR GOLDEN.

Performers at the Hippodrome Not Permitted to Wear Stage Costumes.

A performance for the benefit of George Fuller Golden, a popular vaudeville performer who is now too ill to do any sort of work, was held at the Hippodrome last night under the auspices of the White Rats of America, a vaudeville organization. The house was well filled, and the proceeds will net between $1,500 and $2,000.

John B. Hill of the White Rats acted as announcer, and at the beginning of the entertainment he apologized to the audience for the lack of suitable stage costumes on the part of the performers. He said that a letter had been sent to Deputy Police Commissioner Driscoll asking permission for the actors to wear their customary stage costumes. He replied that it was impossible to grant this permission on account of the Sunday law, and that the performers must not disregard the regulations.

The programme consisted of twelve or fourteen numbers that seemed to find favor with the audience. The musical part of the entertainment was supplied by William E. Slafer's band of fifty pieces and the White Rats' Minstrels.

VAUDEVILLE NOW IN OPERA'S OLD HOME

Throng Packs Hammerstein's Manhattan and Sees "Turns" Instead of Hearing Songsters.

A TEST FOR THE PUBLIC

Management Wanted to Find Out How the Public Would Take the Change in the House.

Grand opera—or at least high comic opera—gave place yesterday to vaudeville at the Manhattan Opera House. Blackface comedians took the place of high-salaried vocalists, and half an hour after the performance started, afternoon and evening, all of the legal standing room was filled and the sale of tickets stopped. The real inauguration of two-a-day variety does not come until next Monday, but yesterday's concert was a feeler that seemed to indicate a demand for that sort of amusement in Thirty-fourth Street.

Whatever music lovers may think about the change of policy at the Manhattan, Mr. Hammerstein appears to have discovered a way to untie the public purse string without having to unwrap his own bank roll to any extent. Vaudeville may not be as artistic as grand opera or "Hans the Flute Player" but it is evidently remunerative. The audiences yesterday were quite as much at home in the grand tier boxes and the red plush orchestra seats as were those who attended the productions of last season's opera.

The programme did not differ in quality or arrangement from the bills given at Mr. Hammerstein's other vaudeville theatre, or the other vaudeville houses in town. It consisted of acts that have been seen frequently. There were nine "turns" in all, with McIntyre and Heath, late of "The Ham Tree," the headliners. Others who appeared were the Exposition Four, singers; Luciano Lucca, who vocalizes in soprano and barytone and sings duets with himself; Hedges brothers and Jacobson, who do a piano and singing act; Lillian Shaw, an impersonator of "types"; Avery and Hart, comedians; Belle Blanche, who imitates prominent actors and actresses, and Yorke and Adams, who do a "Hebrew comedians" specialty, and the ten Pianophiends, who resemble their title.

For the real vaudeville opening on Nov. 28, however, there are to be twenty-three numbers, which may convey an idea of the nature of the entertainment the Manhattan will afford hereafter. They include Maggie Cline, Billy B. Van, and the Beaumont sisters; Stuart Barnes, Odiva, "Motoring," James and Sadie Leonard, the Farrell Taylor trio, Luciano Lucca, the Two Pucks, Sanona, the five Juggling Jewels, Manning and Ford, the Konerz brothers, Dunlap's educated horse, the "Lightning Hopper," the Great Artusa, Frank and Edith Raymond, La Dent trio, and motion pictures.

GET $5,000 FOR ADLER.

Many Democrats Aid Benefit for Republican ex-Assemblyman.

"De Ate" and parts of other wards turned out in good clothes last night to give ex-Assemblyman "Charlie" Adler a real benefit at Weber's Theatre. There was a full house and a triple row of persons standing, to say nothing of the girls who carried baskets of roses and received a dollar each for the blossoms. The returns from the sale of tickets and the roses will net the beneficiary some $5,000.

"Charlie" Adler has been a Republican all his life. Many of those who organized the benefit, including Joe Weber, are Democrats, and the audience contained many Democrats. In the audience were Judge Joseph L. Mulqueen, Judge Charles H. Murray, Judge Joseph Green, Judge Rosalsky, Edward P. Carroll, Chief Clerk of the Supreme Court; Daniel Scully, Timothy D. Sullivan, Simon Steingut, Edward Lauterbach, Assemblyman Cohan, and others prominent in politics and municipal affairs.

Joe Weber was announcer, and the performers are well known in vaudeville and on the "legitimate" stage. They included Kitty Gordon and John McCloskey, who sang grand opera duets; Mullen and Carroll, Maud Raymond, Charlotte Leslay, Bixley and Fink, Frank Fogarty, Dorothy Jardon and Joe Smith, and Mme. Henrietta Seidlitz.

ALFRED HERTZ APPLAUDED.

Conducts Numbers by Wagner and Liszt at Metropolitan Concert.

The first Sunday night concert of the season at the Metropolitan Opera House last night drew a fair-sized audience. Alfred Hertz, who conducted two numbers in the middle of the programme, received more applause than any one else. The orchestra under his direction played "Tristan's Vision," an excerpt from the third act of Wagner's music drama arranged by Seidl, and Liszt's symphonic poem, "Les Préludes."

The soloists were Mme. Marie Rappold, who sang an air from "Trovatore" and a song by Van der Stucken; Mme. Lucie Weidt, who sang an air from "La Gioconda" and three German songs; Riccardo Martin, who sang airs from "Carmen" and "Tosca"; Walter Soomer, who sang two songs by Loewe, and Adamo Didur, who sang an air from "The Marriage of Figaro." Josef Pasternack was the associate conductor.

ENGAGE ENGLISH ACTORS.

Liebler & Co. Will Use Them in the Presentation of "Pommander Walk."

For the company to play "Pommander Walk," a "comedy without a plot," by Louis N. Parker, Liebler & Co. have engaged several English actors, some of whom have already appeared in America.

This play is said to deal so intimately with a phase of life distinctly English that the performance of the various rôles cannot safely be intrusted to any but English players. Among those engaged are George Giddens, who appeared here with W. H. Crane and Ellis Jeffreys in "She Stoops to Conquer"; Yorke Stephens, who was at Daly's about thirty years ago; Sybil Carlisle, who was leading woman with William Gillette in "The Admirable Crichton"; Lennox Pawle, Edgar Kent, Dorothy Parker, Winifred Fraser, Geoffrey Douglas, T. Wigney Percyval, and Cicely Roberts.

MEYROWITZ—RICE.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—Announcement is made of the marriage yesterday at the residence of Mrs. Herbert Percy Martin, 5,756 Madison Avenue, of Paul Alexander Meyrowitz and Mrs. Jennie Delony Rice, both of New York City. Mr. Meyrowitz is an optician. Mrs. Meyrowitz is a portrait painter.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

"He Loved a Lassie," a comedy by George Arliss, with music by Silvio Hein, will be produced in Schenectady to-night under the management of Daniel V. Arthur. George Evans and Adele Richie will have the principal roles.

The next of the series of "Wage Earners' Nights" will be held at the Hackett Theatre on Monday evening, Nov. 28, when "Mother" will begin the last week of its run before moving to the Circle Theatre.

Mrs. George Primrose, wife of the minstrel and formerly on the stage under the name of Esther Nerney, will soon make her appearance in vaudeville in a repertoire of old Irish songs. For the last two or three years she has been studying for grand opera.

May Irwin has decided to sing a different old song each night for the next few weeks in "Getting a Polish," at Wallack's Theatre. Since the opening night she has been singing "Teaching McFadden to Waltz" as the old offering. Beginning to-night she will run through the list of former songs such as "Senor Sandy Gonzales McCune," "When You Ain't Got No Money You Needn't Come Around," the "Frog Song," "Mistah Johnson, Turn Me Loose," "Ain't No Disgrace to Run When You're Scared," and "Sweet Genevieve."

MORE TYPHOID AT ANNAPOLIS

Infected Temporary Milk Supply Caused the Twenty Cases.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 20.—Six more midshipmen have been taken to the Naval Hospital suffering from typhoid fever, the whole number affected being now twenty. Medical officers of the Academy expect that a few more cases will develop, but believe that the source of the trouble, a temporary supply of milk, has been eliminated.

This milk was a small quantity furnished for three weeks while the regular dairyman was not able to supply the full quantity. Typhoid appeared among the midshipmen at exactly the time it might have been expected after the suspected supply had begun to be used. The use of this milk stopped on Nov. 9, but the danger period, the doctors say, is now nearly over. Several women nurses have been secured to assist the regular force at the Naval Hospital.

The midshipmen suffering with typhoid are Roy W. Lewis, Ohio; Frank R. Sessions, Michigan, first class; Ernest G. Small, Massachusetts; Jerome A. Lee, Minnesota, second class; Joseph H. Hoffman, Pennsylvania, third class, and John F. Varden, Pennsylvania, fourth class.

ANNIE YEAMANS CELEBRATES.

Actress Is 75 Years Young and Doesn't Mind Confessing It.

Mrs. Annie Yeamans, who doesn't mind being called the youngest actress on the American stage, celebrated her seventy-fifth birthday on Saturday, with an overflow meeting yesterday. She is now playing in "The Echo," doing a dance as one of her specialties, and "The Echo" company decided that her birthday deserved recognition.

Bessie McCoy, star of the company, spoke to her about it, and Mrs. Yeamans informed her that birthday celebrations had ceased to be a novelty and she didn't care for them. Especially she did not care for loving cups or engrossed resolutions of congratulation.

On Saturday night, however, the company disregarded her wishes and held a little celebration at the end of the second act at the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn. With Miss McCoy as spokesman, they presented to Mrs. Yeamans a bunch of roses, about the stems of which had been wound seventy-five new germ-proof dollar bills, the whole thing being tied with a blue ribbon. Mrs. Yeamans accepted the gift with thanks and sincere appreciation. All day yesterday at the Hotel Gerard, where she is living, she was receiving congratulatory telegrams from all over the country.

Sam Bernard's Son to Act.

Dick, nine-year-old son of Sam Bernard, will make his professional stage début in the Casino Theatre on Saturday afternoon, when he will appear with his father in "He Came from Milwaukee." Dick has been spending his Saturdays in his father's dressing room at the Casino, and has devoted a part of each to begging to be allowed to act. His father finally found a way to alter one of the scenes so his hopeful heir may have his chance.

Hilda Spong Enters Vaudeville.

Hilda Spong, who recently was starred in "The Penalty," is the newest recruit to vaudeville. She has been booked by William Morris and will open at the Orpheum Theatre, Cincinnati, next week, in a one-act play called "Bridge," written by Graham Hill. Her supporting company will consist of William Abington and Jack Standing. The play is being staged by Arnold Daly.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Arnold Dolmetsch, H. D. Blakeslee, and J. W. Ellsworth Among Them.

The transatlantic steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

BALTIC (Liverpool)—John E. Ballaine, Mrs. Bradbury Bedell, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Blakeslee, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick C. Bookshank, Alfred Law Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Coombes, Mrs. James M. B. Dwight, Edward Everett, Baron and Baronness G. F. Falkenberg, J. B. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Hartje, J. R. K. Higginbotham, Mrs. Alexander Louis, Mrs. Harry Gordon MacLellan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Middleton, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Norris, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel F. Sharpless, Mrs. Charles M. Terry, Mr. and Mrs. Rawson Underhill, and Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Worrall.

CARMANIA (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Abt, Capt. A. Akin-Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Brenon, Edward Brunner, Russian Vice Consul at Manchester; Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Campbell, Mrs. W. H. Clifford, Mrs. J. Blakeley Creighton, Capt. S. E. Darby, Mrs. Fitzhugh Edwards, E. T. Galt, William Albert Harbison, Stefan von Hedry, Attache of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy, Washington; Ronald Macdonald, Mrs. R. D. McFadon, Alfred M. Mossrop, Baron de Pattfoson, Mr. W. Robinson, Charles Shevlin, Louis M. Streep, and Mrs. S. W. Tilton.

ST. LOUIS (Southampton)—Mrs. J. M. Angier, J. A. Bailey, James W. Ellsworth, Hugh H. Ford, Mr. and Mrs. William A. M. Fuller, Mrs. Harold Russell Griffiths, Mr. and Mrs. James Elbert Howell, Assistant District Attorney Daniel J. Watson, Jr., Mrs. James F. McCullough, Dr. Hartmann Riera, Mrs. M. E. Shoemaker, F. C. Van Auken, and Mrs. R. W. Switcher

TOURAINE (Havre)—A. H. Bardy, Arnold Dolmetsch, the musician; Jose Elorza, Comtesse de Villelume de Sombreuil, Miss Kittie Stemmele, and Mrs. Ilka Ulreich.

LOST FOR THIRTY YEARS.

Alexander C. Frankel, Who Died in Newark, Long Sought by His Family.

Alexander C. Frankel, for twenty years a night watchman in Newark, died suddenly of heart failure on Saturday in his home, 23 Milton Street. He was 76 years old, and had lived in this country for sixty years.

During the first thirty years after he arrived here with his family nothing was heard of him. He disappeared immediately after reaching American soil, and continuous search failed to discover him.

His brother William, who lived in Springfield, Ohio, accidentally learned of his whereabouts through a cowboy, through whom the brothers were reunited. A year or two later both went to Newark, Alexander giving up the life of a ranchman and miner, which he had followed for three decades without communicating with his family.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. Father FRANK DENT, a retired Catholic priest, died suddenly yesterday at the home of his sister, Mrs. Butler, 47 East 128th Street. When he did not arise as usual for mass, Mrs. Butler became alarmed, and found him dead in his room. Dr. Daniel J. Donahue said death probably was due to apoplexy. Father Dent was born in Ireland seventy-one years ago, and until his retirement, ten years ago, had been chaplain to the Convent of Divine Compassion, 52 East 126th Street.

Mrs. CAROLINE MENK, wife of Charles W. Menk, former Board of Education Commissioner, of 367 Washington Street, Newark, became suddenly ill in Broad Street, Newark, late Saturday night. She was taken into a store and after being attended was sent home. She scarcely had reached there when she died of a stroke of apoplexy. Mrs. Menk was a native of Germany, but had lived in Newark since her early girlhood. She was 61 years old.

Mrs. JOHN STEWART, who was socially prominent in Brook Hill, Richmond, Va., died yesterday in the Buckingham Hotel, Fifth Avenue and Fiftieth Street, after a brief illness from pneumonia. Her daughter and four grandsons were present. Mrs. Stewart had been at the Buckingham for a week. The body was shipped to Richmond.

Mrs. WILLIAM H. McCORD of this city, wife of the iron merchant, and daughter of Archibald Park, died yesterday at her Summer residence at Belle Haven, Greenwich, Conn. Funeral services will be held Wednesday morning.

GRANT HOWARD BURROWS, former President of the National Association of Carriage Manufacturers, died at his home in Burlington, Vt., yesterday at the age of 83. It is said Mr. Burrows was the first man to introduce slate roofing in the Middle West.

HENRY M. HOYT DEAD; AIDED KNOX GREATLY

State Department Counselor Stricken While Negotiating for Canadian Reciprocity.

HIS FINAL ILLNESS SHORT

Had Served with Distinction as Solicitor General, and a New Office Was Created for Him.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Henry Martyn Hoyt, counselor for the Department of State, died at his home here at 8:20 o'clock this morning from peritonitis. Mr. Hoyt was taken ill in Canada while engaged in reciprocity negotiations between the United States and that country. Since his return to Washington last Monday he had been confined to his home, and physicians called into consultation with the family physician considered the case as extremely serious from the beginning. His condition was such last night that the attending physician, Dr. Robert M. Baker of this city, and Mrs. Hoyt, Henry M. Hoyt, Jr., and Mrs. Philip Hichborn, daughter of Mr. Hoyt, deemed it advisable to remain at the bedside throughout the night.

Shortly after midnight there was a change for the worse and a perceptible weakening of the pulse beats was noticeable. From then on, except for a short period during which he rallied somewhat, Mr. Hoyt sank rapidly until death overtook him at 8:20 o'clock.

Mr. Hoyt had been suffering from an intestinal trouble for more than a year, resulting eventually in an ulcer, which perforated the stomach and resulted in peritonitis. Following short funeral services at the residence here to-morrow, the body will be taken to Wilkesbarre, Penn., for burial.

Mr. Hoyt was the chief reliance of Philander C. Knox when the latter was Attorney General. When Mr. Knox became Secretary of State he lost no time in obtaining the transfer of Mr. Hoyt from the Department of Justice to the new office of counselor of the department. In that field he rendered invaluable service.

Mr. Hoyt went into the Department of Justice as an Assistant Attorney General in 1897, having been appointed by President McKinley. He was appointed Solicitor General by President Roosevelt on March 31, 1903, to succeed John K. Richards. He prepared and argued several noted cases with success. Many of them were of a constitutional character. One case in particular which he fought and won was the famous contempt case against Sheriff Joseph Shipp and other men of Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mr. Hoyt was born in Wilkesbarre, Penn., Dec. 2, 1856, being the son of Gen. H. M. Hoyt, once Governor of the Commonwealth. He was educated in the public schools, was graduated from Yale in 1878, took a post-graduate law course in the University of Pennsylvania in 1881, and afterward was admitted to the bar and practiced law in Pittsburg. In 1883 he married Anna, daughter of Col. Morton McMichael, one of the foremost citizens of Philadelphia.

He moved that year to New York to become assistant cashier of the United States National Bank, but after three years he returned to Pennsylvania to become Treasurer, and afterward President, of the Investment Company of Philadelphia. In 1894 he resumed the practice of law in Philadelphia, but came to Washington in 1897 to accept an appointment as Assistant Attorney General.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BONIS.—Nov. 17, 1,270 Madison Av., to Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Bonis, a daughter.
FEIFER.—Nov. 14, 111 East 81st St., to Mr. and Mrs. David Feifer, a daughter.
GREENBERGER.—Nov. 15, 100 East 141st St., to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Greenberger, a daughter.
KERN.—Nov. 14, 135 Hamilton Place, to Mr. and Mrs. S. Kern, a daughter.
MICHAELS.—Nov. 19, 320 2d Av., to Mr. and Mrs. I. Michaels, a son.
SOLING.—Nov. 14, 31 East 127th St., to Mr. and Mrs. M. Soling, a son.

Married.

TAUSZKY—MAN.—On Nov. 19, 1910, at 200 Riverside Drive, New York City, by the Rev. W. M. Mitcham, Margaret Hildegarde Man to David Anthony Tauszky.
WILKINSON—BURKE.—On Nov. 19, by Rev. John Henry Watson, at the home of Mrs. John Burke, Llewellyn Park, Henry Wilhelm Wilkinson and Edith Lee Burke.
ABRAHAM—WEZINSKI.—Nov. 16, Erna Wezinski to Saul Abraham.
GRAY—TOVAR.—Nov. 14, Beatrice J. Tovar to Earl L. Gray.
MARCUS—HAUPT.—Nov. 13, Rose Haupt to Arthur Marcus.
RAFSKY—ROGOFF.—Nov. 18, Celia Rogoff to Irving Rafsky.
STEINBERG — POLLOCK. — Nov. 15, Martha Pollock to Maurice J. Steinberg.
Brooklyn.
RICHARDSON — ANDERSON. — Nov. 16, Eva Anderson to Robert H. Richardson.

Died.

BAYNTON.—On Saturday, Nov. 19, at Lenox, Mass., Elyzia Baynton, for many years faithful maid in the family of John I. Kane. Funeral at Trinity Church, Lenox, Monday, 21st.
BLISS.—At Highwood, N. J., Nov. 19, Emily Fielder Bliss, wife of Delos Bliss, in her 60th year. Services private at her residence at 2 o'clock Monday, Nov. 21.
BRITTON.—At his late residence, 202 New York Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, George Post Britton, beloved husband of Anne F. Cornell and son of Eugene and Caroline Britton. Notice of funeral hereafter.
BROWNE.—On Nov. 19, John, beloved husband of Jane Browne, age 63 years, at his residence, 233 South Jefferson Av., Richmond Hill, L. I. Funeral services from the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., New York City, on Monday, at 8 o'clock. Interment at Kensico Cemetery at convenience of the family.
CARROLL.—Suddenly, on Nov. 20, Julia Nicholson, beloved wife of James Carroll. Funeral Tuesday, the 22d inst., from her late residence, 404 East 138th St.; thence to St. Jerome's Church, 138th St. and Alexander Av., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul.
CHACE.—At Providence, R. I., Nov. 19, Lucretia Gifford, wife of James H. Chace. Funeral services at her late residence, 112 Keene St., Monday, Nov. 21.
COCHRANE.—At Hackensack, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, Ella Brinkerhoff Cochrane. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Leveritt H. Sage, North River Street, Hackensack, N. J., on Wednesday, Nov. 23, at 3:30 P. M. Interment at Auburn, N. Y. Train on New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad leaves foot of 23d St. 2:10; Hudson Terminal, 2:25. Trolley leaves 130th St. ferry 2:20.
CONSTANTINE.—At West Farms, New York City, on Saturday, Nov. 19, John Constantine, in his 82d year. Funeral services Tuesday, Nov. 22, 10 A. M., from his late residence, 1,906 Vyse Av. Interment Greenwood. Kindly omit flowers.
DOBSON.—Thomas Dobson. Funeral service THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING.
GREENE.—On Nov. 19, Gertrude Van Schaick, widow of the late William D. Greene, and daughter of the late James W. Auten, at the residence of her son-in-law, George N. Janes, Rutherford, N. J. Funeral services at the Rutherford M. E. Church on Tuesday, Nov. 22d, at 2:30 P. M. Train leaves Erie depot, Jersey City, at 1:45 P. M.
HARROWER.—Entered into rest early on Sunday morning, Nov. 20, at her home, 245 West 104th St., Mary Simonds, widow of the late Rev. Peter P. Harrower of the Troy Conference. Interment at Albany, N. Y. Albany papers please copy.

Black Opal

Although we have advertised Black Opals for two years there are still some persons who are not familiar with the stones. No other gem we have ever sold has given such delight to the recipient as have black opals, whether set as scarf-pins for men or mounted in ladies' rings. The pleasure these stones give is out of all proportion to their cost when compared with the price of other precious gems. The colors blend as only Nature seems to be able to harmonize vivid hues, so that one may possess in the compass of half an inch all the glory and wonder of a wooded hillside in autumn reflected in a placid pool.

We extend an invitation to all persons who enjoy beauty in its many forms to inspect these condensed rainbows and sunsets.

Marcus & Co.
Jewelers and Goldsmiths;
5th Avenue and 45th Street, New York.

A Most Important Fur Sale
BY ORDER OF
One of New York's largest and best known Importers,
To-morrow (Tuesday) and four following days
Promptly at 3 o'clock each day,
in the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries
546 Fifth Ave. (at 45th St.)
Mr. James P. Silo (Auctioneer) will offer at unrestricted sale
A Magnificent Assemblage of
LADIES' FURS
in Neck Pieces, Muffs, Fur-lined Coats and Automobile Apparel
ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
GENTLEMEN'S FUR COATS
ANIMAL RUGS and ROBES
Exceptionally Rare and Large TIGERS, POLARS, LEOPARDS, WOLVES and BEARS
Also Fur Garments made from
SABLE, SEALSKIN, BROADTAIL, PERSIAN, CHINCHILLA, ERMINE and other Russian Furs in their latest style
NOW ON EXHIBITION

Died.

HALL.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, Marie Louise, widow of Thomas Henry Hall. Funeral private.
HAVILAND.—At her residence, 385 Classon Av., Brooklyn, Saturday, Nov. 19, Aletta M. Haviland, wife of C. Augustus Haviland and daughter of the late Abraham B. and Ann R. Rapalje, in her seventy-fourth year. Funeral Monday, 2 P. M.
JAMES.—On Saturday, Nov. 19, at Highwood, N. J., Edith Colbourne, wife of Thomas L. James and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Gardner Colbourne of Stratford-on-Avon, England. Notice of funeral hereafter.
LAWRENCE.—On Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, Josiah B. Lawrence. Funeral from his late residence, Garden City, L. I., 10:30 A. M., Tuesday, Nov. 22. Interment private.
McCORD.—Suddenly, at Greenwich, Conn., Nov. 19, 1910, Isabel Park, wife of William H. McCord, aged 68 years. Funeral services at her late residence Wednesday, Nov. 23, at 11:30 A. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Lexington Av. Terminal at 10:05 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.
McDONALD.—On Friday, Nov. 18, Edith P. McDonald, nee O'Gorman, beloved wife of James E. McDonald. Funeral from the residence of her parents, 318 West 108th St., Monday, Nov. 21, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St. Interment private. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.
MERRITT.—On Saturday, Nov. 19, at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Francis B. Aspinwall, Nyack-on-Hudson, Edward, son of the late Edward and Mary Crocheron Merritt. Funeral services on Tuesday, Nov. 22, from Grace Church, Nyack-on-Hudson, upon arrival of 1:34 P. M. train from Jersey City. Carriages in waiting.
MESIER.—On Saturday, Nov. 19,

HARVARD ELEVEN LACKED INITIATIVE

Resource to Cope with Surprising Yale Defense Was Missing.

HAD SCORING ABILITY

Unsatisfactory Outcome of Big Game Makes Choice of Season's Best Eleven a Puzzle.

The football season will come to a close on Saturday when the Army and Navy teams clash at Franklin Field in Philadelphia. On Thanksgiving Day, on the same gridiron, Pennsylvania and Cornell will play their annual game. The successful Brown eleven will close the year with the Carlisle Indians at Providence, and Syracuse will play St. Louis on that day, also. Unusual interest centres on the Army and Navy contest, for the teams have not played for two years. The Navy has a most promising eleven, and its goal line has not been crossed. They have played a steady, consistent game at Annapolis, and as the Army has a great record for the season, a hard and close battle should be the result.

With the playing of the Yale-Harvard game Saturday in the East and the Minnesota-Michigan game in the West, the season's big games were practically ended. The task of saying this or that eleven was the best team of the year presents a problem for sages. The situation is complicated and unusual in college football.

The failure of the Harvard team to live up to its promised worth was the season's great surprise. The Crimson's fall-down at New Haven is perplexing. Did Haughton in his effort to build up his machine crush out all individuality, so that when the great team was called upon to face new conditions all initiative and resource were lacking? Surely Harvard was the better team, as teams go. The Crimson has seldom had a more promising squad. But why, when a team is perfected in almost every feature of the game, cannot such an early season weakness as fumbling be eradicated?

One thing, perhaps, that caused Harvard to fumble was Yale's deadly tackling. It was determined and hard and sure. Kilpatrick, Brooks, Field, Daly, and Scully hit their men with powerful impact and brought them to earth with a crash. Field tackled Corbett so hard on the fifteen-yard line, when Harvard was tearing the Blue team to pieces in the last period of the game, that Field was stunned and dazed for several minutes. Corbett dropped the ball, but it was probably this terrific collision that did it. And the tide of battle turned right there. It was only the second down, and a touchdown seemed certain, or at least it was a beautiful opportunity for a field goal.

The game was as close to old-fashioned football as the new rules permitted. Yale not once tried a forward pass or onside kick. The Blue was afraid to play anything but a safe play. Harvard had a dozen opportunities for the new open football, but didn't grasp these opportunities. She felt so sure of her ability of battering her way through unmolested that it did not seem to occur to Wigglesworth to vary Harvard's attack and call on the repertoire of plays in which the Harvard players had been so perfectly schooled. Old football spectators said after the game that never had they seen such a wealth of fine talent used to such slight advantage. They believed that the Harvard scoring ability was there, but there was faulty generalship displayed in directing it. All attention was given to defense and too little attention to offense.

Perhaps Harvard was overconfident, but the Crimson learned lessons in this failing from Yale in 1907 and 1899, when supposedly second-rate Yale teams rallied at the eleventh hour and played favorite Harvard teams to a standstill. Yale's great rally at Princeton should have been a warning for Crimson overconfidence.

One of the things that the new rules promised was more scoring, and it was believed that a team making use of the numerous open plays made possible under the new code would do away, more or less, with the unsatisfactory no-score ties which often prevailed between closely matched teams in the old game. Yale, in her zealousness to play safe, not once used a new play of any kind. Harvard, with all the chances in the world to use open football, reframed most of the time from trying a play that would permit the ball leaving their grasp. The shifts of each team showed nothing surprising in attack. These plays had been so well scouted that each team was ready for the other when this formation was introduced.

One thing the big games have shown—the leading teams have not worked out and developed new football as the Rules Committee had anticipated. They have refrained from taking a chance with a forward pass or an onside kick in which there is such an element of uncertainty. The change has made the game more of a kicking contest, to be sure, and that in itself makes it easier for the spectator to watch. And the elimination of massing and pushing and pulling has made it easier to see where the ball is going, but outside of these changes the first year of the reformed game has developed little that is new in the game.

THE HARVARD CAPTAINCY.

Fisher and L. D. Smith Are the Names Most Prominently Mentioned.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 20.—Two names are mentioned in connection with the football Captaincy at Harvard for next Fall—Robert Fisher, the right guard, and L. D. Smith, the right end. Both are veterans on the 'Varsity team, and both will be seniors next year. They are first-class players, too, both of them. The impression seems to be that Fisher will be the man. He has done the best sort of work in his big games.

Players whom Harvard will not have on the team next year are Withington and McKay, the tackles; Minot, guard; Perkins and P. Smith, the centres, and Corbett and Leslie in the back field. It will be hard to fill the places of McKay and Withington, but there is lots of good material left among the substitutes and freshmen. Also of the men who played against Yale, the two ends, L. Smith and Lewis, will be left, as well as Fisher in the line and Wigglesworth, Potter, Wendell, Campbell, and Morrison in the back field. Felton, who is an end and a back, and a good punter, also returns to college for another year.

Cornell Picks Team for Penn.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 20.—After a long council in the rooms at the Athletic Association to-day Cornell football coaches picked the team which is to play Pennsylvania next Thursday, and out of the mass plays that have been worked out in the last few weeks selected the few formations on which Cornell will rely. The Cornell team, as the coaches stated to-day will line up against Pennsylvania, is as follows:

Eyrich, left end; Munk, left tackle; O'Rourke, left guard; Whyte, centre; Delano, right guard; Weekes, right tackle; Seagrave, right end; Butler, quarter back; Robb, left half back; Nichols, right half back; Simson, full back. There are two changes in this line-up since the Chicago game—O'Rourke at left guard and Delano right guard.

The coaches admitted that it was improbable that this team would play through the game intact, especially the back field, but in the past week they have been developing men for each position. There are four half backs of almost equal merit. When Robb goes out, as he will most likely at the end of the first half, O'Connor is to play, and Bates is to play at least part of the game at right half back in place of Nichols. Wilson, the sub full back, is as good as Simson and will certainly get a place before the game is over, but there will be no changes at quarter back. Butler is to play the whole game.

The second line consists of Pitcher and Teagle, ends; Champaign and Austin, tackles; Goff and Hale, guards, and Miller, centre. Pitcher is to be sent in should there be a chance to kick a goal by drop kick. The coaches announce a scrimmage to-morrow, and then a rest for the few days before the game, at Atlantic City, where the team will go to-morrow night.

YALE'S FOOTBALL RECEIPTS.

Season Will Net About $70,000—Howe Will Probably Be Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 20.—Yale's football receipts will probably prove to be about $70,000 this year. This is about $3,000 less than in years when Yale has had the game with Harvard in Cambridge. Yale fills her stands at home, no matter whether Harvard of Princeton plays here, but when Yale's other big game is with Princeton at Princeton there are only 29,000 people present, while there are 39,000 people at the game Yale plays biennially in Cambridge. This is, then, an off year in Yale football receipts, although the attendance at the Brown game was larger than ever before, and that at the Vanderbilt and Colgate matches showed a slight increase. The main items in the receipts will be as follows: Harvard game, $34,000; Princeton game, $29,000; Brown game, $5,000; Vanderbilt game, $1,500; Colgate game, $1,500.

The Football Association will not announce the exact receipts for several weeks. Yale's election for Captain may be called at once, although Capt. Daly said to-night that there is no hurry. The election of Arthur Howe may be made unanimously. The names of Morris and Paul are heard, but only for complimentary votes. Several of the players will go away Wednesday for Thanksgiving recesses.

Capt. Daly wrote this evening to Capt. Withington asking him to set a date for a meeting to flip the coin for the permanent possession of the football used in yesterday's game. Referee Langford has the ball. The Captains are likely to meet in Philadelphia this week and decide its permanent ownership by chance. The coaches' room in the Quinnipiack Club was closed to-night. Ted Coy was still at his home in this city, but he will probably go into business in the South. Instead of picking coaches from this year's eleven, it is believed that Capt. Howe will choose a squad of permanent coaches of the most skilled of Yale's tacticians, including possibly Tom Shevlin and Foster Sanford as field coaches and Walter Camp as advisory head of the coaching system. Yale will receive remarkably strong gridiron material from the freshman eleven, including Capt. Foss, quarter back; Gatins and McClintock, half backs, and Carpenter and Ketcham, tackles. Of yesterday's team Scully, Fuller, McDevitt, Paul, Vaughan, Howe, Field, Kistler, Childs, and Baker will return. Yale's material is vastly stronger than it was this year.

Navy Team Fears Typhoid.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 20.—It has been proposed to take the Naval Academy football team to Philadelphia a day or two earlier than intended in order to escape from the surroundings of Annapolis, which have been somewhat depressed by the numerous cases of typhoid among the midshipmen and also a form of stomach trouble which has affected a considerable number of midshipmen. No formal move has been made to this end yet, but it has been talked over and may be done. The fact that Herman Olcott, the old Yale guard, will stay out the week with the Navy team has given much pleasure to the local enthusiasts. Olcott finished his work with New York University Saturday, and agreed to help the midshipmen out during the last week before the great game. He will work particularly with the linesmen inside of the end. Olcott was one of the coaching staff at the Academy several years ago. The midshipmen have made a pool of $3,500, and will offer an even money on the Army-Navy game. Between the brigade and the corps money is always placed at even figures without reference to the sporting odds.

Easy for Morningside Eleven.

The Morningside Athletic Club eleven defeated the X eleven, claimants of the New Jersey football championship, at McNulty Field, yesterday, by the score of 31 to 0. The Morningside boys outplayed their opponents at every stage of the game and made several long end runs and forward passes, which made scoring easy.

Camerons Beat the Thistles.

An eleven of the Arcadia Thistles traveled to Van Cortlandt Park yesterday and went down to defeat at the hands of the champion Camerons by the score of five goals to two in an Amateur League game. James Williamson started the scoring for the home team soon after play had started from a pass from Isaacs. With the score of 4 to 1 after the restart the home eleven proceeded to make matters safe and Goodman again scored from a penalty kick. Five minutes before the end of the game Kirkpatrick added another goal to the Arcadia's total.

At Van Cortlandt Park yesterday the Cameron Reserves met and defeated the Bronx United second team by the score of four goals to one in an exhibition game.

The Cameron second team met the New York Celtics yesterday at the same grounds and met defeat by the whitewash score of 5 to 0.

Elevens of the Clan McDonalds and Bronx United met in an Amateur League game yesterday at Van Cortlandt Park and the former were returned victors by the score of 3 to 1.

In an Amateur League game played at 145th Street and Lenox Avenue yesterday, the Columbia Oval F. C. defeated the Astorias by the score of 7 to 2.

Gossip of the Golfers.

The last gasp in a competitive way for golfers in the metropolitan district takes place this week. On this account amateurs generally are highly pleased with the four days' programme announced by the Country Club of Lakewood, and the chances are that the meeting which will start on Wednesday with the seniors will be one of the best in the history of the organization. On the first day, golfers owning to the age of fifty-five or more will be eligible to take part in an eighteen-hole medal play handicap, and it is expected that a good many of those who appear annually at Apawamis will try their luck.

The tournament proper, under the auspices of the Country Club of Lakewood, will begin on Thursday with an eighteen-hole testing round. Golfers will qualify in four sixteens. Just at present it is impossible to say whether or not such prominent amateurs as Walter J. Travis, Fred Herreshoff, Jerome D. Travers, and Albert Seckel will be on hand. Quite likely on or more of those named will compete and it is possible that W. C. Fownes, Jr., the National champion, will be tempted to take a chance. It is several years since he has been seen playing over the course among the pines.

Looking through the goggles of anticipation, the golfers of the Far West are casting envious glances toward the East with regard to the holding of the annual National amateur championship. It has already been hinted that the championship should go to the Pacific Coast, or at least some course farther West than Chicago, which up to the present time has been the limit of travel at least once in four years. Only the production of a champion would be needed to add some importance to the claim of the Pacific Coast golfers, consequently the realization of this may or may not be a long way off.

It is considered by some that the growth of the game west of the Ohio River has been retarded somewhat by the fact that for the most part the championships have been held in the East, and, moreover, that it has been no little hardship for the Westerners to make the long trips East to take part in these events. The cost of transportation in each direction, the amount of time necessary to make the trip and the incidental cost of living are the other arguments put forward by some in favor of the championship tournament being held in the Far West in proportion to other sections of the country.

It has been suggested that the annual affair might be held on the links of some Middle State. The links for such a contest should, of course, have the topographical conformation to give the players a thorough trying out in all kinds of play and over all kinds of ground, but it is thought that such a course could easily be found in the great Middle West without having to be compelled to always hold the event in New York, Massachusetts, and New Jersey. There is no rule, it is argued, which stipulates that any certain course must be used. New Jersey, New York, and Illinois have, with the exception of Ohio and Rhode Island, been the scenes of the golf classic. Ohio and Rhode Island have had the event once each. Hence, Illinois has been the farthest West, while the States farthest East have had the honor on the most occasions.

While Illinois has had a goodly share of the tournaments as well as champions, still the Far Western golfers are inclined to classify this Middle West State as in the East, and point to the fact that it is a hardship for Pacific Coast golfers to make these trips every year. They claim that the fairer way would be to hold the championship two years running in the Middle States, alternating with one year in the Far East and one year in the Far West, thus giving the Far East and West an equal chance, at the same time not allowing the Middle States golfers to play all the time in their own bailiwick.

As if to offset the argument that the entries and attendance would not be so large if the championship were sent to the Pacific Coast, the Westerners claim that unless that section is given a fair chance this is likely to be the case. However, they claim that under different conditions there is no reason why the Far West should not have as heavy an entry list as any other section. They call attention to the fact that the East is not able to lay out any more diverse and attractive courses than the Far West, and declare that in the consummation of this plan the event would be in reality a National championship affair.

A. A. U. GOVERNORS MEET HERE TO-DAY

Annual Session of Delegates—Baltimorean Wants the Presidency.

With the advance guard of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union already in town in anticipation of the annual meeting to-day in the Hotel Astor, indications point toward a lively conclave. Despite the unwritten law, laid down a dozen years ago that a President of the union should hold his tenure for not less than two years, rumor has it that the precedent will be fought and every effort made to depose Everett C. Brown, Chicago A. A., the present incumbent.

The cause for this action is that before last year's election a compromise is said to have been effected between partisans of Brown and Henry G. Penniman of Baltimore, whereby the latter was to stand down and not become a candidate; in return for such defection he was to be unopposed for the position in to-day's meeting. Apparently a misdeal was made, as the supposed contract is repudiated and charges of bad faith reverberate. At any rate, the present incumbent will again be the selection of those who are in accord with the two-year tenure, the argument being that it has proved absolutely essential to the success of the organization that its leading officer should serve two terms.

With the exception of the present holder of the office, each of the five previous Presidents held down the honors for two years, these being Bartow S. Weeks, 1899-1900; Edward E. Babb, 1901-2; Walter H. Liginger, 1903-4; Joseph B. Maccabe, 1905-6; James E. Sullivan, 1907-8-9. The main reason for the three-year service of Mr. Sullivan, or at least the infliction of the extra year, wasinsisted upon by the delegates to show their confidence in him and as a tribute for the work he did in furthering American interests at the Olympic games, won so decisively by the team for which he was the commissioner, appointed by President Roosevelt.

The Record Committee, of which Fred Rubien of this city is the Chairman, held a lengthy session yesterday afternoon, shaping up their books for the reception of the host of new marks made by the kingpin performers all over the United States. The new records are legion in number, many of them displacing figures which have stood for a score of years, and which have looked well-nigh unassailable. There is some talk of a controversy anent the Dan Kelly "hundred" mark of 0:09 3-5, which is generally discredited, as he never showed the form at any time before the supposed performance or since. At the time of the supposed making of these wonderful figures he was clocked by men who were not familiar with the handling of a stop watch, and have stood on their timing laurels ever since. At the time of the acceptance of this mark the acceptors admitted that they had no alternative but to accept in view of the fact that a score of affidavits were made attesting that the time was done, although the members of the committee were at a loss to know how any one could so attest, not having held a watch on the event. Kelly himself admits that he thinks the record is "phony," having told Mel Sheppard so, with the addition that "if they want to hand it to me, why I'd be foolish not to take it."

Bartow S. Weeks, Dr. D. E. Weber, Frederick B. Pratt, Dr. Luther Halsey Gulick, and James E. Sullivan will present their reports as to the best measures to be adopted to increase the activity and preserve the purity of athletics, especially in its relation to church, settlement, playground, and other similar developments.

The following, most of whom are now in the city, are the delegates to the meeting:

Florence J. Curran, John J. O'Connor, St. Louis, Mo.; Bert Martin, Denver, Col.; Sid B. Jones, Birmingham, Ala.; Harry W. Fitzpatrick, New Orleans, La.; T. Morris Dunne, Portland, Ore.; James E. Sullivan, Bartow S. Weeks, Fred W. Rubien, Ed T. Hart, H. Oberhilbeising, J. W. Stumpf, New York City; M. F. Winston, Lynn, Mass.; Alfred J. Lill, Jr., Boston, Mass.; Thomas F. Riley, Cambridgeport, Mass.; J. Frank Facey, Cambridge, Mass.; George F. Pawling, Allan P. Cox, Dr. George W. Orton, Philadelphia, Penn.; Dr. George K. Herman, Everett C. Brown, Chicago, Ill.; Joseph R. Hickey, San Francisco, Cal.; Dr. D. E. Wiber, Theodore E. Straus, Baltimore, Md.; James O. Shea, Philadelphia, Penn.; John Stell, Major John J. Dixon, Brooklyn, N. Y.; R. G. Betts, Gustavus T. Kirby, George D. Pratt, R. P. Kelsey, W. Scott O'Connor, A. G. Mills, Charles C. Hughes, New York City; Leslie H. Boyd, Montreal, P. Q.; Charles H. Carter, Boston, Mass.

RACE ATTRACTS STARS.

Many Famous Runners to Start in the Marathon Event of Mercury A. C.

Followers of long-distance running among amateurs will have their innings on Thanksgiving Day at the annual race of the Mercury Athletic Club, which starts from the Hollywood Inn, Yonkers, at 12:30 P. M. The event has attracted the best talent of the Marathoners East, West, and South, and as far north as Beaverton, Canada. The entry from the land of the maple leaf, which will carry terror to the hearts of the other contestants, is Jimmy George, a Chippewa Indian, the only runner to win the Hamilton Herald road race, an event of nineteen miles, twice in succession. Other starters from over the border will be Eddie Cotter, who won the Ward Marathon a year ago; Jimmy Forsythe of the Queen's Own Rifles, the most recent winner of the Ward Marathon, and Dan Sheridan of Toronto, who finished second in last year's Yonkers Marathon.

Other famous stars who are announced to start include Bob Fowler of the Boston A. A.; Henri Renaud of Nashua, N. H., winner of the Boston Marathon in 1909; Sidney Hatch of Chicago; George Bell of Muncie, Ind.; Jack Clinton, the Sioux Indian, who won the recent fifteen-mile race at Muncie, and Louis Tewinima, the Carlisle phenom.

The course leads from the inn south on South Broadway to Valentine Lane, to Riverdale Avenue, north on Riverdale and Warburton Avenues, to Hastings, where the car tracks are followed to the right to Farragut Road, to Sawmill River Road, south on which the trail leads to the Tuckahoe Road, to Central Avenue, to Yonkers Avenue, to the Empire City race track, where the remaining nine miles of the race will be run. Only the first fifty men to enter the race will be allowed to finish the race. The full distance will be twenty-five miles, and open to all registered athletes of the United States and Canada.

Shrubb and Wood Team for Marathon.

Alfred Shrubb, the English runner, will be one of the starters in the Marathon team race which will be held at Madison Square Garden on Tuesday night, Nov. 29. Shrubb's partner will be A. E. Wood, the ex-amateur champion of England, who has just come to this country in search of professional honors on the cinder path. Wood was ten-mile A. A. A. champion in 1909 and champion of the Southern counties and international champion in 1909 and 1910. He has negotiated the ten, twelve, and fifteen mile distance within a few seconds of Shrubb's best time.

On paper the Shrubb-Wood team look as if they will be installed favorites for the race, even against such a strong combination as Holmer and Queal, who sent in their entry last Thursday. Shrubb has a race in the meantime, being matched to run Tom Longboat in Boston on Thanksgiving Day afternoon.

Benefit for Mrs. Willie Anderson.

Arrangements are making for a benefit to be tendered the widow of Willie Anderson, the famous golfer. The matter is in the hands of G. B. Lloyd, who plans to get up entertainments in New York and elsewhere and show a series of moving pictures of the late Mr. Anderson in competitive action. The pictures have been show in the West, and are expected to create the same wealth of interest here as there. Many prominnt amateur golfers have announced their intention of lending a helping hand, and there is every assurance of success.

ENGLISH HORSES OUT.

Walter Winnans Shows His Team of Trotters on Speedway.

Members of the Road Drivers' Association and amateur horsemen from Brooklyn and Newark turned out in large numbers yesterday to watch the Sunday morning sport on the Speedway and incidentally have a look at the pair of roadsters brought over from England by Walter Winans. Early arrivals chose the lower stretch of the drive for speeding and the spectators as well as late comers followed them, the attendance being one of the largest seen this Fall. Mr. Winans was among early arrivals with his team of trotters, Bonnie View and Rip, and after vainly looking around for the trotting pair which was to race against him, he therefore hitched them in single harness and had his first brush with Bonnie View against Mahlon Wilkes, driven by President Gibbons of the association.

They raced well from the start with Mahlon Wilkes in the lead about three furlongs, but Mr. Gibbons slowed up his horse and Bonnie View won handily. The same performance was repeated in the second trial and would have taken in the third, but, much to the amusement of the crowd, Bonnie View broke near the finish and Mahlon Wilkes won.

Later on Mr. Winans brought out Rip and had plenty of sport with him, a number of trotters and pacers acting as escort. His pair was later hitched double and driven several heats. Joseph Meyer of Newark, former owner of the noted Grand Circuit pacer, Nathan Straus, 2:03½, showed with a new pacer and gained a decisive victory. The newcomer was Miss Syracuse, 2:10¼, which, until this year, was quite an important race mare over mile and half-mile tracks.

M. C. Reynolds, driving Dr. Threet, had quite a tilt with E. O. Benson's black gelding, Prince of Letters, with Trainer Rue Clarke in the wagon, and won two straight heats rather handily.

E. Bottemus, driving his gray pacer, Peerless Peet, 2:19¼, had an early fight with William O'Neil's Tasteful and won a heat and repeat with some to spare. The Bon Voyage colt, The Trip, with A. Smith in cart, tried to head off Louise Brown twice, but failed both times.

E. T. Bassett, who always has one or more fast horses in his matinee and road string, showed his pacer, Belle Vara Boy, 2:10¼, and proved beyond all doubt that the son of Merivale and Belle Vara, 2:08¾, is destined to become one of the pacing cracks of the drive. Among the pacers which he beat was C. Hackett's Who Knows, the latter failing to get in the lead at any time during the two heats.

R. L. SPOTTS LEADS GUNNERS

Wins High Gun Honors and Is First in Scratch Events.

Local weather conditions favored the gunners of the Larchmont Yacht Club yesterday, so that full scores were made in all but one of the eight contests decided. Ralph L. Spotts carried off the honors of the day, for he not only won the first prize of the season as high gun with a score of 119, but he also won the ten and five bird scratch events, and the leg for the Sauer gun. He also won the 200 target match, his score being 186. J. C. Ayer was the runner up, with 183 to his credit.

J. C. Ayer, with a full score of 25 targets broken, won the leg for the November Cup, shooting from scratch, and Stuart Scott, with a handicap of one, captured a 25 target trophy. The leg for the Accumulation Cup was won by E. A. Wilson, with a full score of 25, and in a special 25 target match, J. G. Bready was high gun with 24 targets broken.

The summary:

High Gun Score.—J. C. Ayer, 110; J. G. Batterson, 101; K. R. Hooker, 111; E. A. Wilson, 110; W. E. Bemis, 94; S. Scott, 114; G. J. Bready, 85; J. Henry, 110; R. L. Spotts, 119; L. C. Dalley, 79.
Won by R. L. Spotts.

200 Bird Match, Du Pont Trophy:

	1st Leg.	2d Leg.	Total.
J. C. Ayer	91	92	183
S. Scott	90	92	182
J. Henry	90	89	179
R. L. Spotts	91	95	186

Won by R. L. Spotts.

25 Birds, Handicap, for Sauer Gun.—J. C. Ayer, 21; J. G. Batterson, 16; K. R. Hooker, 24; E. A. Wilson, 22; W. E. Bemis, 21; S. Scott, 21; J. Henry, 25; R. L. Spotts, 25; L. C. Dalley, 21; W. B. Short, 23; G. J. Bready, 17.
Won by R. L. Spotts.

25 Targets, Handicap; Leg on November Cup.—J. C. Ayer, 25; J. G. Batterson, 25; E. A. Wilson, 25; L. C. Dalley, 22; W. E. Bemis, 22; S. Scott, 24; J. Henry, 24; R. L. Spotts, 23; Short, 24; J. G. Bready, 24; K. R. Hooker, 25; T. Lenane, Jr., 22.
Won by J. C. Ayer.

25 Bird Handicap.—J. C. Ayer, 23; J. G. Batterson, 20; E. A. Wilson, 24; L. C. Dalley, 25; W. E. Bemis, 21; S. Scott, 25; Henry, 23; R. L. Spotts, 24; J. R. Collins, 22; Short, 25; G. J. Bready, 22; K. R. Hooker, 25; Lenane, 17; A. B. Alley, 17.
Won by S. Scott.

Mott Haven "Ped" First Home.

T. Neuendorfer of the Mott Haven A. C. captured first honors in the five-mile invitation walk of the Morris Athletic Association yesterday, covering the distance over roads of the Bronx in 41:24. Ten pedestrians started in the event and all kept well together until the last mile was reached, where the Mott Haven man increased his stride as the remainder of the field began to lag and won handily by almost two minutes to spare. The order of finish: T. Neuendorfer, Mott Haven A. C.; J. Kelly, New York A. C.; J. Cavanaugh, Trinity A. C.; C. Carmody, West End A. A.; E. J. Sharkey, Harlem Lyceum A. C.; M. Freidburg, Morris A. A.; E. Beamer, Morris A. A.; F. Ruggles, Morris A. A.; A. Labandorf, Morris A. A.; M. Krause, Morris A. A.

Mexican Billiard Player Beaten.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—Getting a long lead at the start, Walter Lauben of Chicago took the third and final game of the home series with St. Louis in the three-cushioned championship of the National Billiard League by defeating Pierre Maupome, the Mexican player, 50 to 43 last night.

The Mexican expert did not perform as consistently as he did on Thursday night in his match with Van Lewin, nor was he as spectacular. Maupome did not resort to much deliberate safety play, but failed to utilize a number of openings left by the Chicagoan.

The game was the longest of the series, taking 111 innings. Lauben averaged .450 and Maupome .381.

Three-Cushions at McGraw's.

Beginning to-night and continuing over to-morrow and Wednesday nights there will be three cushion match between Thomas A. Hueston and George Moore. In their previous contest the latter was just beaten in a handicap match.

Detroits Beaten in Cubo.

HAVANA, Nov. 20.—The Havana baseball team to-day defeated the Detroit Club by a score of 2 to 1.

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Sack Suits .....$18 to $50
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ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

JACKSON LEADS LEAGUE BATSMEN

Cleveland Outfielder Ranks Above Cobb and Lajoie—Official Averages.

The official batting averages of the American League players, which have just been announced, show that Jackson, the Southern League outfielder, who joined the Naps near the close of the season, holds the highest mark among the batters of the Johnson circuit. The real honors, however, go to Ty Cobb, with .385 for 140 games, against Jackson's .387 for only 20 games. Larry Lajoie is close behind Cobb, with a mark of .384 for 150 games. The batting figures do not differ to any great extent from the unofficial averages published by THE TIMES at the close of the season.

The .300 class contains only thirteen names, divided among only five of the eight teams. Cleveland and Philadelphia show the way with five each, and New York, Boston, and Detroit furnish the remaining three. Washington, Chicago, and St. Louis are not represented in the select circle. The Yankees' one representative in the list is Jack Knight, who batted for .312 in 117 games, and he stands ninth in rank. Of the thirteen .300 batsmen only eight figured in more than forty games. These are Cobb, .385; Lajoie, .384; Speaker, .340; Collins, .322; Knight, .312; Oldring, .308; Easterly, .306; Murphy, .300. Hal Chase ranks next to Knight among the Yankees, with .290, and the other Yankees are as follows: Cree, .287; Wolter, .267; Laporte, .264; Daniels, .253; Gardner, .244; Hemphill, .239; Quinn, .232; Mitchell, .230; Austin, .218; Roach, .214; Ford, .208; Sweeney, .200; Criger, .189; Warhop, .177; Hughes, .164; Vaughn, .133; Foster, .132.

Lajoie holds the honor for the largest number of hits, having turned in a total of 227. He was the only player to pass the double-century figure. Ty Cobb was next in line with 196, and Eddie Collins was third, with 188. Excepting Tris Speaker, who collected 183 bingles, no other player got beyond the 170 mark. Hal Chase led the Yankees with 152, Birdie Cree got 134, and Jack Knight 129. Lajoie played in the greatest number of games, 159; Hooper of Boston took part in 155, and McBride of Washington and Crawford of Detroit figured in 154. Wolter was the busiest of the Yankees, having played in 135 games.

Harry Hooper of Boston was the leading sacrifice hitter, with thirty-four to his credit. Tom Jones of Detroit ranked second, with thirty-three, and Harry Purtell of Chicago and Boston was third, with thirty-two. Jimmy Austin, who led the Yankees in this department, stands eighth on the list, with twenty-five sacrifices. Wolter has twenty, and Knight, Chase, and Laporte have nineteen.

Eddie Collins of Philadelphia walked away with the base stealing honors, with eighty-one pilfered sacks. Ty Cobb, the closest rival of the Athletics' speed marvel, stole only sixty-five. No other player reached the half-century mark, and only six players in the League went beyond forty. Bert Daniels, the Yankees' best base stealer, stands sixth on the honor roll, with forty-one steals. Chase is credited with forty and Wolter with thirty-nine.

Lajoie leads in two-baggers, with fifty-one; Cobb is next, with thirty-six, and Duffy Lewis of Boston ranks third, with twenty-nine. Only seven players went past twenty-five. Jack Knight leads the Yankees, with twenty-five, and he is tied for eighth place. Sam Crawford leads in triples, with nineteen, and Lord and Murphy, both of Philadelphia, are next in line, with eighteen. Birdie Cree is tied for fourth place with Jake Stahl of Boston, each having sixteen.

In club batting Philadelphia showed the way, with a mark of .265. The Athletics also led in number of hits, two-baggers, and three-baggers. Boston led in sacrifice hits and home runs, Detroit scored the greatest number of runs and New York stole the most bases. The Yankees ranked fourth in team batting, fifth in number of hits and sacrifice hits, third in home runs, fourth in doubles, and sixth in triples.

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Attractive prices on 30 and 40 H. P. Models. Guaranteed same as new cars. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway.

E-M-F 1910 touring car, fully equipped; speedometer, wind shield, 3 lamps, tools, top, &c. Baldwin's Storage House, 304 West 54th.

Reo touring car, 4-cylinder, 1910, like new; fully equipped. Reo Co., 1,759 Broadway.

BRUSH 1910 ROADSTER LIKE NEW.
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Reo touring car, 2-cylinder, latest model; fully equipped; $950. Reo Co., 1,759 Broadway.

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Premier, 1909, fully equipped 7-passenger, open and limousine body; $1,400. Premier, 1,759 Broadway.

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ATLAS Perfecto two-cycle engine. Atlas Motor Car Co., 2010 B'way. F. H. Adams, Mgr.
AUTOCAR Commercial—Pleasure. 428-430 W. 19 St. Tel. Chelsea 6060.
BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
BRUSH Cars. 1,875 Broadway. 'Phone 5369—Columbus.
Carhartt Cars HOTEL PLAZA, 59th St. & 5th Ave.
ORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) '

MANY GOOD BOUTS AT BOXING CLUBS

Goodman to Meet Sammy Smith at National—Amateurs to Box.

Close followers of the boxing game will have no let-up this week if they intend to keep in touch with the many bouts scheduled. Competitively both amateurs and professionals are catered to, the pick of each class from middleweights down being carded to provide entertainment for the members of the various local clubs.

The "Simon Pures" will begin their two nights' series to-night at Coney Island under the auspices of the Brighton Beach A. C. and the sanction of the A. A. U., with three classes—110 pounds, 130 pounds, and 145 pounds—as the weights. Each has filled well, and some capital bouts are anticipated, as all the leading amateur clubs in the city will be represented in the various classes. The incentive will be gold watches in each class to the respective winners.

At the Olympic A. C. in Harlem, Lew Powell and Young Otto will do battle, and a corker is the tip, as Powell feels that he has got to take the measure of Otto, who is said to be in the best possible shape, because Dan McKettrick, his manager, says he doesn't want any more losers in his stable, and won't stand for anything but a victory from his new protégé. At the Bridge A. C. in Brooklyn Irish Paddy and Young Bingham of New Haven will mix it up for ten rounds. Still another series is carded for the City of Churches to-night by the Marathon A. C., which announces Young Ahearn and Battling Hurley as their star attraction at ten rounds.

Harry Stone and Willie Howard, lightweights, will be the factors in the principal bout to-morrow night at the Reno A. C. in Brooklyn. These boys are well matched, and should put up a sterling battle.

On Wednesday night the Sharkey A. C. will have the field pretty well to itself. Manager Buckley thinks he has arranged a bout which will make amends for previous disappointments, and announces "Tim" Nelson, the reputed champion of Australia, in the welterweight division, whom he has matched against Mike Glover, a well-known local fighter. This will be the main bout. Nelson, since his arrival here, has knocked out Jack Clifford, and is said to have made a chopping block of "Fighting" Kennedy. Battling Larry Ryan and Jeff Smith will clash in the semi-final at six rounds. Three other goes will make up the card.

The stellar attraction for the week will in all likelihood be the ten-round battle on Friday night at the National Sporting Club, with Jack Goodman and Young Sammy Smith as the principals. This should draw out the complete membership, as the names of the pair imply a fight worth going miles to see. This will be led up to by a bout which under ordinary circumstances would be a star go in itself if it were not in a measure overshadowed by the Goodman-Smith affair. Barry Hill, the most recent amateur champion banner in, and the best seen "redboot" in years, will again mix it up with Young Reilly, with whom the members were so taken when they saw the battle last week. The Long Acres will have their usual Saturday night card.

McVey Knocks Out Jim Johnson.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—Sam McVey, the American colored heavyweight pugilist knocked out Battling Jim Johnson last night in the twenty-first round of a fight for the championship of Europe.

Many American bluejackets saw the fight.

Win Bailey Wins at Fordham.

That sturdy little wearer of the winged foot, Win Bailey, again demonstrated his competitive worth yesterday at the run of the Fordham Catholic Club by winning for the third consecutive time the honors in the race of this organization, incidentally breaking the course record by 20 seconds, doing 19:32 for the distance, estimated to be about three miles and three-quarters. W. Burke of the Mott Havens was his nearest attendant at the end, he in turn just beating young Jim Crowley, Glencoe A. C., and C. Murphy, Mohegan A. C., who were aligned at the finish. The course was along Bedham Parkway, and proved a fine bit of running ground. Order of finish: W. Bailey, N. Y. A. C.; W. Burke, Mott Haven A. C.; J. Crowley, Glencoe A. C.; C. Murphy, Mohegan A. C.; J. Bowen, Mohegan A. C.; B. Major, Fordham C. C.; T. Cassidy, Fordham C. C.; C. Monk, Fordham C. C.; J. Fellows, Una Club; J. Burke, Fordham C. C.; W. Merritt, Una Club; W. Caufield, Fordham C. C.; J. Purcell, unattached; W. Byrnes, St. Luke's Lyceum; R. Sullivan, St. James Club; P. Sanford, Fordham C. C.; C. Murphy, Fordham C. C.; F. Mullen, Fordham C. C.; G. Manley, Fordham C. C.; B. Bradley, unattached.

Large Pack in Morningside Run.

W. Wilson of the Hudson Guild won the weekly cross-country run of the Morningside Athletic Club yesterday, covering the course of three and three-quarter miles in 20:02. The winner had to extend himself, as C. Timmins of the Morningside Athletic Club gave him a hard fight to the finish line. E. Wilson, a member of the Morningside Club, showed the way to the pack for half the distance and then fell behind, wearied by the spurts of his closest competitors, and he was the ninth of the pack to finish. Timmins took the lead at the third mile, but in the last quarter W. Wilson went ahead and held a slight advantage to the finish. Timmins finished only three seconds behind Wilson, and P. Lally of the Union Settlement Athletic Club was fifteen seconds behind Timmins. About seventy-five runners took part in the event. The first twelve to finish and their time follow:

W. Wilson, Hudson Guild, 20:02; C. Timmins, Morningside A. C., 20:05; P. Lally, Union Settlement A. C., 20:20; H. Strvdil, Mercury A. C., 20:33; A. Reiff, Mott Haven A. C., 20:38; V. Davis, Lanzuria A. C., 20:40; C. Huris, New West Side A. C., 20:41; M. Barck, West End A. A., 20:45; E. Wilson, Morningside A. C., 20:47; F. Forester, Sprocket A. C., 21:08; M. Manfredi, Xavier A. A., 21:13; J. O'Neill, Morningside A. C., 21:19.

Champion Walker Beaten.

Sam Liebgold, the National champion walker and a member of the Pastime A. C., was beaten in what was estimated to have been a four-mile walk yesterday, held under the auspices of the Jamaica A. C., the time for the distance being 30 minutes by Sam Schwartz, the winner, and a wearer of the Brazilian Cross. The latter took the lead early in the event, only to be headed by the champion before the first mile was finished. During the second mile this pair alternated in the making of pace, with the result that the rest of the field was soon left far behind. At the beginning of the last mile, the two leaders were nearly half a mile ahead of the others, and as far as first honors were concerned they were the only ones with any real interest. In the final mile Schwartz surprised even his admirers by pulling away from Sam, who showed the effects of the pace, and who finally finished in apparent distress fifteen seconds after his clubmate, Schwartz. Liebgold had his own troubles defeating F. R. Plant of the Long Island A. C., who finished in capital style.

The order of finish was as follows: S. Schwartz, Pastime A. C.; S. Liebgold, Pastime A. C.; F. R. Plant, Long Island A. C.; R. J. Browne, Glencoe A. C.; H. Saville, Trinity A. C.; E. R. Dackman, unattached; P. Disonza, U. S. I.; G. Schmidteshoff, unattached; A. Jacobs, Jamaica A. C.; J. J. O'Leary, St. Peter's A. C.; John Merritt, unattached; John B. Odell, unattached.

Trinity Club Beats St. Brendan's.

The Trinity Club won a closed race against the team from St. Brendan's Lyceum yesterday over a six-mile course. S. Reicard was the winner in 33:06, just being in front of A. Morefa and Louis Seltas.

Ransinger Again Beats Embryos.

E. Ransinger of the Embryo Athletic Club again defeated his clubmates in their weekly road race, held yesterday in Glendale. This makes his third consecutive victory. E. Dietz won the walking event.

Champion Kramer in Front.

Willie Kramer, the five-mile National champion, had an easy time winning the four-mile road race of the Rival Athletic Club yesterday in the sterling time of 21:34, 0:12 2-5 better than the course record, held by himself. East New York was the scene of the contest, and William Murtz, Kings County Athletic Club, was second, and I. Garsh, Sheridan Athletic Club, third.

DOESN'T WANT EQUALITY.

Dr. Adler Says Too Close Contact Between Classes Is Undesirable.

Speaking before the Society for Ethical Culture at Sixty-fourth Street and Central Park West yesterday on "Christianity and Socialism," Dr. Felix Adler said that the idea of brotherhood was the thing that both had in common, and declared that in his opinion neither the ideal of brotherhood nor of divine paternity, which, he said, came to the same thing as expressing the thought of common origin, was as worth while as the ideal of a common goal.

"I do not think of the drunken man in the gutter as like me," he said. "He is like and yet he is very unlike. I don't like too close contact—I would prefer a certain distance between myself and my fellowman, like that which separates the planets, each revolving about the sun and governed by it, yet each in its own orbit.

"Socialism expresses equality by equality in the satisfaction of desires, has the ideal of brotherhood in the brotherhood of equal shares. I do not object to equal shares. I would not mind wearing the same sort of clothes as a workingman, eating the same sort of food, living in the same kind of a house. That is not the reason why I object to expressing brotherhood as equality of satisfaction of desires.

"I object to stating justice in that way, because that shades off into materialism. That is not the ideal goal. I do not wish material things for society, because I have had material things, and they have done me no good. I do not find that any of these material things have helped me.

"It is the Sphinx that has me by the throat—the Sphinx, the problem of human fate. I cannot see that, in the last analysis, it profits me to give to others what does me no good. That is why Socialism cannot be a religion to me. I am looking for another goal."

WEST POINT ATHLETICS.

Council's Report Advocates More Attention Being Paid to Hockey.

The report of the Army Athletic Council, in charge of athletics at the United States Military Academy, just made public, shows that athletics were never in a healthier condition at the Military Academy than at the present time. The report deals with all branches of athletics in the year that ended with the deciding of the baseball championship between West Point and Annapolis last June.

"The spirit of the corps of cadets," says Lieut. Col. W. B. Gordon, President of the Council, "is excellent, and the record of the season just closed is sufficiently varied to secure the interest of all concerned in maintaining those conditions which always lead to a fair share of success."

In reference to the injury to Cadet Byrne, which caused his death the following day, the game is described as "a clean and hard fought one," and the accident as "one that could easily have happened to any other player caught in the same position in which Cadet Byrne must have been caught."

"The excellent feeling between Yale and the Military Academy," the report says, "has always been a source of pride to all of us, and this feeling is something to be kept and fostered."

The work of the Football Advisory Committee is praised and its continuance urged.

The baseball team that represented West Point last year is described as a superb base running, a good fielding, and a fair hitting one, and the report continues that "its success is again, as last year, almost entirely attributable to Mr. Strang (once fielder for the Giants,) the coach," and the re-engagement of Strang for next year is recommended.

In track athletics a new cinder track is urged, as the rain last year put the track in such shape that it lowered the standard of performances during the annual field day exercises. The failure of the class of 1910 to enter the track competition last year is regretted, and on this point the report reads:

"It is sincerely to be hoped that a repetition of the action of this class may not be recorded against any other class in the future. Athletics are at present the only means through which class spirit can be fostered, as they are the only common centre about which a community of interest of a class can be developed, and class cliquishness and enthusiasm so developed makes only for what is admirable and wholesome."

In hockey, however, the outlook is not so bright, and on this subject the report says:

"As in the past, so in the last season, this splendid game could not be developed satisfactorily on account of the weather conditions and lack of suitable and proper facilities. Everything possible was done to provide a suitable rink but without success. Unless some permanent rink can be constructed for this game it is feared this sport will have to be abandoned. The scheme to build a rink of concrete or asphalt in the rear of the new gymnasium is now being considered, and if this is found feasible the game bids fair to become the most popular Winter sport at the Academy."

"Nine games were scheduled but only six could be played. In comparing the work of the cadets with that of the visitors the fact that the former had scarcely any opportunity for practice must not be lost sight of. The wonder is that they did as well as they did."

The report also gives a list of the cadets who excelled in athletics in the past year.

Keleher Makes New Mark.

The first two athletes to cross the line in the weekly cross-country run of the Union Settlement A. C. yesterday over a five-mile course established a new club record for the distance. The previous record for the course of 27:27 was held by T. Harris of the Glencoes, but in yesterday's run both J. Keleher of the McChesney A. C. and O. C. Nelson bettered Harris's figures, Keleher's time for the five miles was 26:47, while Nelson completed the distance in 27:00. The event was one of the best contested runs ever held by the club, as the competition was unusually keen, and several of the contestants ran close up to the old mark. Keleher went out in front at the start and set the pace for the entire field, being closely followed by Nelson, who strained every point in order to get into first position, but without success. The victor, although hard pressed throughout the entire run by Nelson, refused to be passed, and as the latter drew near he put on more speed and gained a safe lead. The fight for third place was closely contested, three men fighting it out. The order of finish: J. Keleher, McChesney A. C.; O. C. Nelson, unattached; C. McCann, Riverside A. C.; J. Brooks, Bronx Catholic Club; E. E. Stanley, unattached; J. Bailey, Pastime A. C.; S. D. Richmond, unattached; F. Grote, St. George A. C.; S. Horowitz, Mott Haven A. C.; S. Steiner, Commerce High; J. Gilday, U. S. A. C.

Biddle Makes Maloney Hustle.

With Matt Maloney of Marathon fame acting as pacemaker one of the largest fields of cross-country runners in the history of the organization faced the starter yesterday in the weekly cross-country run of the Morris Athletic Association, Maloney covered the course in 23:05, which is 17 seconds better than the time of Harry Hallowell of Paterson, who holds the record for the course.

H. Biddle of the Mohawk A. C. won the event, covering the course in 23:29. Biddle went to the front at the start and continued at a fast pace for over two miles, leading the entire field, including Maloney, by a good margin, but was soon compelled to slow up, and was overhauled by Maloney, who crossed the line first. The Mohawk runner hung close to the professional for the remainder of the course, until within a quarter mile from the finish, where Maloney let out all his speed, in order to hurry the pack, and crossed the finish line first by a good margin. The order of finish:

H. Biddle, Mohawk A. C.; C. W. Green, Mohawk A. C.; T. Morris, Pastime A. C.; M. Nelson, Mohegan A. C.; S. Rosenbaum, Morris A. A.; S. Aggen, Morris A. A.; W. F. Tepper, West End A. A.; J. F. O'Connor, Morris A. A.; G. Maier, West End A. A.; T. McGah, Mohawk A. C.; S. Ost, Morris A. A.; J. Feinberg, Morris A. A.; C. Ochsenreiter, Trinity A. C.; J. Levy, unattached; E. E. Hendricks, unattached.

Harris Leads the Glencoes.

Tom Harris of the Glencoe A. C. led a pack of a dozen over the Bronx hills yesterday, and just beat Jim Crowley, a clubmate, in the run home of a chase of about five miles. This pair was followed by H. Jamison and F. McCullough, both of the Glencoe A. C.; J. Murphy, National A. C.; J. Bedell, unattached; C. Andrews, Xavier A. A.; C. Muzzarco, Glencoe A. C.; S. Bennefitto, W. S. A. C.; G. Brown, Jamaica A. C., and G. Earle, N. Y. A. C., third respectively.

NEW DEPARTMENT IN AMERICAN MUSEUM

A Bacteriological Exhibit and Laboratory Is Now Being Prepared There.

WILL PROVIDE SUPPLIES

No Complete Collection at Present Nearer Than Prague, Austria—Prof. Winslow in Charge.

A department of public health has been created by the American Museum of Natural History, and as a first step toward the development of scientific work along practical lines for the benefit of the health of the community a bacteriological laboratory, which will be second to none in this country, is now being established. There is at present no comprehensive collection of bacteria in the United States, and investigators who desire authentic cultures are obliged to send to Prague, Austria, unless a near-by laboratory happens to have the particular organism wanted.

The bacteriological laboratory now being built at the Museum will install and keep under cultivation a complete collection of bacteria. Materials from the colleges and Board of Health laboratories of this country and Europe are being obtained. The Museum authorities purpose making their Department of Health a central bureau for the distribution of bacteria. They will supply the needs of corresponding laboratories and of schools and other institutions which may occasionally need cultures. The laboratory collection, when complete, will furnish an excellent opportunity for studies of the systematic relationships in this group, in which a better biological classification is needed by investigators.

The public exhibits of the new Department of Health will deal chiefly with certain phases of municipal sanitation. The conditions which affect human life and health in the congested parts of the city will be shown. Temporary exhibits will soon be on view to illustrate the history and development of the more important phases of city life as relating to public health.

The first of these exhibits will deal with the problem of water supply sanitation, illustrated by models and specimens as well as by charts and photographs. Also will be shown models of the sources of water, the manner in which it is collected for public use, the danger of infection, the development of the microscopic algae and protozoa in reservoirs, methods adopted for the purification and resulting effects upon the public health. The development of the present and future water supply of New York will also be portrayed.

Although these exhibits, as a whole, are only temporary, their chief features will be preserved as a permanent exhibit at the Museum. Several such exhibits are now possessed by German cities, but there is no such exhibit in the United States, so far as the Museum authorities have been able to learn.

Prof. Charles Edward Amory Winslow is the Curator in charge of the Museum's new department. Prof. Winslow has joined the Museum forces after ten years of service with the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where he was Assistant Professor of Sanitary Biology. He was also biologist in charge of the Institute's sanitary research laboratory and experimental station.

It was largely through his efforts that the system of factory inspection in Massachusetts was changed two years ago by the creation of District Medical Inspectors, who act under the Board of Health, and have supervision of all factory inspection.

HOLYROOD CHURCH SOLD.

Congregation Will Erect Another Edifice on a New Site.

It was announced at Holyrood Episcopal Church, Broadway and 181st Street, yesterday that the, "Little Church in the Old Fort," has been sold for $200,000, and that a new Church on a site already owned by the parish at Fort Washington Avenue and 179th Street will be erected.

It was also declared that matters between the trustees and the rector, the Rev. Dr. Stuart Crockett, are somewhat improved. The price of the new site is $85,000. After paying for it and all debts of the parish $80,000 will be left toward the new church.

Holyrood Church was started as a mission by the Rev. W. O. Embury while he was chaplain of the House of Mercy.

Elmendorf Lecture on Berlin.

The second of the Elmendorf lectures was given last night in Carnegie Hall, Berlin being the subject, and the lecturer carried his audience through the city and on a tour through the Sprewald, illustrating his talk with many views of street scenes in Berlin. The illustrations included news of the army manoeuvres, and the visit of the King of Sweden. There was a large and euthusiastic audience.

Manning Springs a Surprise.

Twenty-five students of the Morris Evening High School participated in the semi-weekly cross-country run of the school yesterday. Superb weather conditions favored the studious athletes, and as a result all twenty-five finished in fine condition. The run was over the regular course, with an additional half mile on the track at Macomb's Dam Park, which afforded a good finish. The run was a handicap event, and J. Manning, who started on the back mark, sprung a surprise on the field by reserving his speed and strength until Macomb's Dam Oval had been reached, where he cut loose from fourth place on entering the track and won in great style. A. Russman, with a handicap of 3:45, went out in front and led the pack to the oval by a good margin, but was forced to relinquish the lead to Manning, who was closely followed by J. Simawitz, who had a smart on his opponent of 2:00. These two men fought it out for first place in a gruelling struggle, but Manning proved too strong for his opponent and won by a small margin. The order of finish:

J. Manning, (scratch,) J. Simawitz, (2:00,) A. Russman, (3:45,) H. Epstein, (4:00,) W. Tandler, (2:30,) L. C. Kelly, (1:30,) M. Krauss, (4:00,) F. O'Donnell, (4:00,) W. Green, (2:30,) L. Cohen, (2:45.)

Sprocket Runner Is First.

In a race of three and a half miles over the Jamaica A. A. course yesterday A. Richmond of the Sprocket A. C. was first in 18:10. V. Staros, Pastime A. C., and T. Carroll of the home club finished second and third. The time of the winner eclipses the former record by five seconds.

Sheridan A. C. Holds Games.

The members' games of the Sheridan Athletic Club were held yesterday at Evening Recreation Centre No. 62, and resulted in several exciting contests. The feature event of the day was the one-mile run, which was won by Damiano, who is to represent the club in the Yonkers Marathon Thanksgiving Day. Z. Goldstein, the club's crack sprinter, after an absence of seven months from the track, surprised his mates by capturing the forty-yard sprint and finishing second in the 300-yard run. L. Burnstein scored the most points with two firsts and a second. The summaries:

40-Yard Dash.—Won by Z. Goldstein; H. Paplofsky, second; L. Reipstein, third. Time—0:04 4-5.

300-Yard Dash.—Won by H. Paplofsky; Z. Goldstein, second; M. Finkelstein, third. Time—0:35 4-5.

Hop, Step, and Jump.—Won by L. Burnstein, with 39 feet 8 inches; L. Greenstein, with 37 feet 6 inches, second; H. Goldstein, with 36 feet 8½ inches, third.

One-Mile Run.—Won by S. Damiano; I. Garch, second; L. Greenstein, third. Time—4:58.

880-Yard Run.—Won by M. Finkelstein; H. Goldstein, second; I. Garch, third. Time—2:18.

High Jump.—Won by L. Burnstein, with 5 feet 1 inch; M. Finkelstein, with 4 feet 11½ inches, second; I. Eisenberg, with 4 feet 9 inches, third.

Three Standing Jumps.—Won by S. Heck, with 29 feet 8 inches; L. Greenstein, with 28 feet 6½ inches, second; H. Goldstein, with 28 feet 4 inches, third.

Maplewood Athletes Compete.

Athletes of the Maplewood A. C. had a four-mile run yesterday, at the finish of which J. Paravane was declared the winner. His time was 20:10. C. Osmond of the Morningside A. C. and Z. Schwartz finished second and third respectively.

JUST LIKE WESTERNERS.

Gov. Vessey of South Dakota Says Financial Bonds Are Uniting All.

Gov. Robert S. Vessey of South Dakota, with the breezy manner of a Westerner, who says his wife never gave him a chance to talk much until he went into politics, told the congregation of the Metropolitan Temple last night that he thought it was about time for the wealthy New Yorkers who have made fortunes out of South Dakota to give back some of the money. Gov. Vessey is in town to obtain money for a new church in Pierre, S. D., the capital of his State. He wants to make the new sanctuary one of the largest and finest in the West.

The Governor, who is a Republican, has just been re-elected, although he neglected to mention the fact in addressing his audience last night. But he told them they had a lot to be thankful for this Thanksgiving.

"I'm out of my class here to-night," began Gov. Vessey. "I'm a Westerner. I'm not a public speaker. In fact, when my name was first mentioned as a candidate for Governor, my wife announced one morning at breakfast that I had better stop thinking about it.

"'It's no use, Bob,' she said. 'You know you can't talk.'

"I told her then and there that for twenty-five years she had never given me a chance.

"When I came to New York I expected to find a different sort of people than we have in the West. But I find that you New Yorkers are just folks, like we are in the West. I hope there is in you those three things of which our National flag is made. I hope in you there is the red, which stands for courage, and the blue for loyalty, and the white for purity, and I am sure you have all of those.

"And now I want to talk about how close we of South Dakota are to you of New York. In distance, yes, we are far away, but there are bonds which draw us close together. For a long, long time our resources have been coming this way and finding a resting place in the pockets of you New Yorkers, or in your banks and other great institutions. Out in South Dakota we are paying some $3,000,000 or $4,000,000 a year in life insurance premiums, for instance, most of which comes to your great insurance companies. And here, in your big banks, we are loaning wealth to you at 2 per cent. If I came here with the best security in the world to borrow some of that wealth back I would have to pay from 4 to 6 per cent. We are close together, all right, only it's all on your side."

Gov. Vessey called attention to the fact that his hair was white. It used to be quite black, he said, but the white appeared during that trying period of financial depression between 1893 and 1897.

ITALIAN SHOT IN THE BACK.

Police Think They Have the Man Who Did the Shooting.

Hearing the report of revolver shots in the vicinity of First Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street last night, Patrolman Falvy of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station and Patrolman Drolesky of the East Twenty-second Street Station ran toward the corner. On the way they met several excited Italians, but could learn nothing from them.

Nearing a grocery store, Drolesky saw a man run southward on the avenue. He followed the man and overtook him near Twenty-sixth Street. The fugitive had a bullet wound in the back and was sent to Bellevue Hospital in an ambulance.

Before the arrival of the ambulance Drolesky discovered that the man was armed with a revolver. In the prison ward of Bellevue the prisoner said he was Antonio Cattalano of 50 Jefferson Street, Newark. He was badly wounded, but is expected to recover.

Soon after the capture of the wounded man Patrolman Falvy captured a second Italian, who, according to the policeman, was trying to escape through Twenty-eighth Street. This captive had a revolver containing three exploded shells and two loaded ones, the police say. He declined himself as Frank Christopher, but refused to give his address. There were twelve loose cartridges in his pockets. He was locked up in the East Thirty-fifth Street Station charged with felonious assault on Cattalano, although the latter declared he did not know him when Christopher was taken to the hospital for identification.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Decker, Patrick & Co., Salt Lake City, Utah; J. Decker, hosiery and men's furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Lion Department Store, Indianapolis, Ind.; J. H. Hill, general merchandise; 621 Broadway.
Akron Dry Goods Co., Akron, Ohio; M. J. Federman, general buyer; 621 Broadway.
Hager & Bro., Lancaster, Penn.; E. E. Snyder, clothing; 41 Union Square; Hotel Breslin.
Lion Dry Goods Co., Toledo, Ohio; J. M. Walker, dress goods and silks; 214 Church Street; Hotel Breslin.
Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co., St. Louis, Mo.; B. Swordon, shirts; 258 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.
Davenport Bros., Chattanooga, Tenn.; R. B. Davenport, notions, and furnishing goods; A. N. Wheeler, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Denholm & McKay Co., Worcester, Mass.; W. A. Silvernail, boys' clothing; 2 Walker Street; Hotel York.
Goodkind, M., Troy, N. Y.; ladies' wear; Hotel Wellington.
Bronner, H., & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; H. Bronner, clothing; Hotel Wellington.
Gilchrist Co., Boston, Mass.; J. W. Kelly, china; 57 White Street.
Porteous & Mitchell, Norwich, Conn.; J. Porteous, cloaks and suits; 55 White Street.
Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; A. Leith, cloaks and suits; 55 White Street.
Kilpatrick, T., Company, Omaha, Neb.; Mr. Cowell, dress goods, silks, and gloves; 258 Church Street; Hotel Seville.
Schiff & Bloom, Baltimore, Md.; M. L. Bloom, skirts; Hotel Wellington.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. B. Swayne, rugs; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Seville.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; D. M. Ryan, silks; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Latham.
Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; E. McGrath, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Broztell.
Hub, The, Baltimore, Md.; E. A. Walsh, clothing; Hotel Imperial.
Barle, William, Dry Goods Company, Saginaw, Mich.; W. Barle, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Leverton, J. L., & Co., Washington, D. C.; J. L. Leverton, cloaks and suits; Hotel Grand.
Hunter & Hardie, Dalton, Ohio; W. Hardie, laces, notions, and furnishing goods; Hotel Grand.
Wand & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; J. Wand, hosiery and gloves; Hotel Cadillac.

Flannel Shirts in Blue, Gray and Colored
from $6.50 to $30.00 per dozen.
STOCK ON HAND, IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
ROGGEN BROS. & CO.
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SALESMEN wanted to handle as a side line a popular-priced line of skirts for a well-known firm to cover the following territories: North, South, East, West, and the coast; will only entertain communication from business getters. Apply, stating full particulars, G 56 Times.

A HUSTLER wanted to sell popular-priced line of skirts of a well-known firm for the city, Brooklyn, and surrounding towns; also one who is acquainted with office trade; good inducements will be made to one who can show results. Apply, stating full details, G 53 Times.

Salesman on cloaks and suits for West and for Coast; only ones with A1 trade need apply. P 216 Times Downtown.

Guide for Buyers.
Directory of Wholesale Merchants.
One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

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A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
CROCHETED LACES.
N. Jannelli, 324 East 14th St. (Imported.)
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A. A. Chibbaro, 324 East 14th St.
DIAMOND JEWELRY.
A. Jaffe & Son, 49 Maiden Lane.
EGYPTIAN SCARFS AND KIMONOS.
Azoon & Bonamy, 75 Washington St.
HUMAN HAIR.
Milton Mayer, Importer, 87-89 University Place.
M. Schechter & Co., 125 Fifth Av.
JEWELRY NOVELTIES & SPECIALTIES.
Singer Bros., 82 Bowery.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
NECKWEAR Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 Broadway.

PROPOSALS.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 6th day of December, 1910, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $28,222.80. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, October 31st, 1910.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Used Pianos

Offered much below their intrinsic value.

The room they occupy is needed for the display of new goods.

Uprights and Miniature Grands.

Among the prominent makes represented are:
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Chickering, Weber,
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UPRIGHTS from $75 to $250.
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Weber Grand Pianola Piano, cost $1,875; used less than a month; in perfect condition; beautiful mahogany case. Our price, with 50 rolls of music, $1,250.

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RARE OLD SHEFFIELD PLATE.
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Mr. James Curran
OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
consisting in part of Ball and Clawfeet Chairs, High Case Clocks, Escritoires, Sideboards, Dining and Extension Tables, Pierced Tables, Highboys, Lowboys, Chests of Drawers, Card and Work Tables, Dressers, High Post Bedsteads, Sofas, Cellarettes, Pier and Side Tables, Desks, Bookcases, &c.
The sale by auction takes place on Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday, November 23, 25, 26, at 2:30 P. M. Daily.
CATALOGUES MAILED UPON APPLICATION.

Great Fur Sale
This Day at 1:30 P. M.
AT
The Old Galleries, 43 Liberty St.
(NEAR NASSAU.)
11 Hampers Containing
A Wonderful Variety of
MANUFACTURED FURS
Comprising Fashionable Garments for Men and Women.
A fine Assortment of
AUTO APPAREL
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OSTRICH WILLOW PLUMES
(IN VARIOUS COLORS.)
These have just arrived from the
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but too late through delays for the wholesale market.
They will be sold
THIS DAY & TO-MORROW (Tuesday), by public Auction, commencing promptly at 1:30 P. M., within the above Galleries.
Expert Furrier will be in attendance at the sale to describe and appraise the goods for intending purchasers.
The sale will be conducted by
AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

Keeler Art Galleries,
70 LIBERTY ST.,
One door east of Broadway.
PEREMPTORY SALE BY AUCTION
WITHIN THE ABOVE GALLERIES,
Commencing This Day at 1 P. M.
and following days, same hour,
OF A
MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF HIGH GRADE
RUSSIAN FURS
BY ORDER OF THE IMPORTERS,
BATTAT AND RASHTI.
Exclusive and fashionable styles of ladies' fur and fur lined Coats, Neckpieces, Muffs, &c., in infinite variety.
Also a large line of the best quality gentlemen's fur lined Coats and Auto Furnishings, TOGETHER WITH MOUNTED
WILD ANIMAL SKINS,
rare specimens; Polar Bear, Royal Bengal Tiger, African Lion, Grizzly Bear, Leopard and Wolf Skins.
On view this morning from 8 A. M.
The sale will be conducted by
MR. GEORGE W. KEELER.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW York.—By the grace of God free and Independent.—To HARRIET A. DICKINSON, DANIEL S. MILLER, GEORGE J. GOULD, EDWIN GOULD, HELEN M. GOULD, HOWARD GOULD, ANNA DUCHESSE de TALLEYRAND PERIGORD, FRANK J. GOULD, DWIGHT C. HARRIS, HARRIET A. DICKINSON, FREDERICK Z. DICKINSON, DANIEL S. MILLER, Executors of the will of EMILY M. NOYES, the executors, heirs and next of kin of Emily M. Noyes, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Harriet A. Dickinson, Frederick Z. Dickinson, and Daniel S. Miller of the City of New York, have lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last Will and Testament of Emily M. Noyes, late of the County of New York, deceased, Therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 5th day of December, one thousand nine hundred and ten, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last Will and Testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the (L. S.) said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. JOHN P. COHALAN, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the 6th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.
CANNON & CANNON, Attorneys for Petitioners, 135 Broadway, New York City.

The New York Times maintains a strict censorship on all advertising and excludes all objectionable and decoy advertisements.—Adv.

SCHOOLS.
NEW YORK—Manhattan.

Strong Muscles, Clear Brains and Good Health at the Y.M.C.A. GYMNASIUM

Boxing, wrestling, fencing, swimming.
Cross country tramps—races, and a hundred other things to develop clean-limbed, well-muscled bodies.
Expert physical instructors—ideal training systems for developing efficient men.
Y. M. C. A. men are prominent in field, track and aquatic meets. Many important events are won by Y. M. C. A. teams and athletes.
But—
Our main standby is the overworked BRAIN WORKER who needs physical exercise to quiet his frazzled nerves and to keep him fit mentally and physically.
Young men, athletes and business men are welcome. Small fees.
Write, telephone or call for "Health Booklet" to nearest branch.
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Harlem Branch, 5 W. 125th St.
23d St. Branch, 215 W. 23d St.
West Side Branch, 318 W. 57th St.

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NEW YORK—Manhattan.

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OVER 400 BRANCHES IN LEADING CITIES.
Pupils traveling may transfer the value of their lessons from one Berlitz School to any other in the world.
ALL LANGUAGES BY SUPERIOR NATIVE TEACHERS.
Terms Reasonable. Trial Lessons Free.
Private lessons and classes. School or Residence.
GRAND PRIZES AT ALL RECENT EXPOSITIONS.
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LANGUAGES
961 Madison Av., near 75th St.
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Languages taught in classes or privately.

Coaching in grammar and primary grades by experienced teacher. A. M., 263 West 125th.

Miscellaneous.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York Spring examination schedule. Franklin Institute, Dep't 208A, Rochester, N. Y.

YOU ARE WANTED for Government position; $80 a month; write for list of positions open. Franklin Institute, Dep't 208A, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
In great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. S

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Diversify Your Investments

IT IS a good plan to distribute money among different types of investment, rather than to place it all in any one class of security. The benefits are twofold; *first*, a well-diversified interest in the field of conservative investment; *second*, a return averaging a liberal rate of income.

Write for our Circular No. 828 "Investment Securities."

Spencer Trask & Co.
43 Exchange Place, New York
Albany—Boston—Chicago
Members New York Stock Exchange

Back of the bonds we offer is a system of investigation more complete and more thorough than any individual has the time, the facilities or the disposition to undertake.

The statement that a bond is recommended by us means that the purchaser can place perfect confidence in it.

Write for latest bond circular, A G 51

N. W. Halsey & Co.
BANKERS
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Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

Same System
Example No. 36

During May, 1908, we sold at 80, Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton 4% Notes, due July 1, 1913; and secured by Refunding Mortgage 4s—a 9% basis.

Now these Notes are guaranteed by the Baltimore & Ohio and sell at 97—a 5¼% basis.

Recurring Opportunities

We now offer, with equal confidence, at a price to yield 5.40%, the Mortgage Bonds of a large Road controlled by the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton. Listed on the N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Circular on request.

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BONDS

We offer municipal and corporation bonds in small denominations—$100, $250 and $500 to yield 4¼% to 5%.

Send for list of high-grade investments. Also leaflet containing suggestions for investment of small incomes.

W. N. Coler & Co.,
43 CEDAR STREET.
New York City.

A Profitable Investment

In 1909 we offered a First Mortgage Bond to yield over 5½%, with a stock bonus of 25%. This stock is now selling at 80, and dividends are guaranteed. Paid 3% in 1909 and now paying 5%.

With Equal Confidence
we are now making a similar offer of
First Mortgage Bonds
to yield 6%.
secured upon properties of demonstrated value and earning power.
Full particulars furnished on application.

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BANKERS,
11, 13, 15, 17, AND 19 BROAD ST.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold for investors or carried on liberal terms.
Banking accounts received subject to check at sight. Interest paid on daily balances.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
LETTERS OF CREDIT
Issued Available the World Over.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The speculation on the Stock Exchange last week was of the kind which always robs that market of any value as a guide to general financial or business conditions. Prior to the elections there was undoubtedly a fair volume of investment and semi-speculative buying of securities based upon a belief, which was very widespread, that with the success of the Democratic Party at the polls there would be for a year or more at least a surcease of the political agitation which had contributed so largely to the unsettlement of sentiment throughout the country. With the elections the buying movement from this source came to an end simply because the verdict at the polls had been, as is usually the case, discounted, and subsequent fluctuations in prices as well as the dealings in stocks have had their source and inspiration in purely professional circles. The level of quotations has been maintained, when maintained at all, by judicious use of a short interest in securities, and when that short interest has been by repeated misfortunes reduced to a minimum and no longer of service to the manipulators there must be a change in the direction of prices as a whole unless those engaged in the campaign for the rise find something new and powerful in the way of a lever to further their interests. There is something decidedly unpleasant to the outside observer of the Wall Street machinery in such revelations of its manipulative cogs as were made toward the week's close; it is doubtful if the really insignificant profits which a limited number of the members of the Stock Exchange are able to make by driving this part of the machine at top speed before the public's eyes at all compensates for the distrust, not to say suspicion, which the spectacle necessarily calls down upon the whole structure, excellent as that may be.

There was the usual mixture of good and bad in the week's events of concern to financial markets. There seems to be little question now of the safe passage by our own and the London money market of the ordinarily troublesome Fall and early Winter months, and this is, of course, a fact in which extreme satisfaction may well be taken. London's 5 per cent. bank rate appears to have been entirely effective, for while outside rates influenced by the official quotations, of course, are still firm money is nevertheless fairly abundant, and the bank itself has attained a position of exceptional strength. Its proportion of reserve to liabilities as reported on Thursday last was 52.36 per cent. This figure compares with an average of 45.96 per cent. at this season in the past ten years, and has been exceeded in that period at this season twice only. Developments of the week in the English capital makes it plain that the Directors of the bank had something more in mind in raising the rate several weeks ago than the Egyptian demand for gold, which at that moment was addressed to it in such volume. These demands have ceased entirely, but they have been replaced as a factor in the English money market situation by a much more troublesome matter; the political crisis which is now practically assured as a result of the failure of the conference between the Lords and the Commons upon the proposal to deprive the former of the veto power. In accordance with a custom which is not too readily understood in this country this development becomes the moving cause of the resignation of the present Ministry, then of a general election which will be dragged out until well along in February, and then of a possible upheaval in English political and social affairs if the party in power is returned and choses to force its opponents to the wall. Now our own interest in all this is simply that our inadequate trade balances and the necessities of our railroads have caused us to turn to foreign markets for capital. If there is to be in England a political disturbance of sufficient moment, however peaceful, to unsettle financial sentiment, then by exactly the extent of that unsettlement our own projects for raising money abroad must suffer. There is much loose talk of the English situation as a matter of favorable import to us on the supposition that uncertainty there would induce investment here, but such was not the case a year ago in the protracted contest over the budget, nor is there any real reason to believe it will be so in the present instance.

All the surface currents of our own money markets are favorable, and the only question which the banking position suggests is whether credits have been expanded to a point where nothing more can be added and something must be taken off. For the second week in succession New York banks came out ahead on their dealings with the interior, the flow of funds this way proving stronger than that inland. As this is the season at which a change of this kind usually occurs it may safely be assumed that the crux of the crop-moving demand has been experienced, and that hereafter we shall have nothing more to deal with than the routine payments for Government and other purposes which interior banks as a rule shift upon their correspondents until after the close of the year. Money rates have been distinctly easier, both on demand and on time loans, and the foreign exchange market has moved in a level which favors this market. Very shortly now we shall have the returns from the National banks under the call issued last week by the Controller of the Currency, and from these it will be possible to form judgment as to the progress made in the liquidation of the loan account, which it is everywhere admitted has been—in the last two Controller's returns—of momentous dimensions. While too much emphasis was probably placed upon it the present declining tendency of commodities which enter into the daily consumption of the people of this country suggests one of the methods by which the general money market situation can be materially relieved. If the shrinkage in prices so widely discussed should become a permanent matter there is no doubt whatever that there would be an immense liquidation of banking loans with the proceeds of which commodities of a thousand kinds have been carried by their producers. So strong and so general, however, is the effort not to seek this solution of the cost of living problem, but to raise wages and incomes of all kinds to a compensating level that legitimate doubt may be entertained of the permanency of the movement in commodities.

To the favorable balance secured on our foreign trade in September there has now been added, according to the report of the Bureau of Statistics last week, an excess of exports over imports for October of $84,189,000. Some shrinkage there was in imports, but the figures were practically records nevertheless for the October month, and for genuine satisfaction we must therefore turn to the export showing of $208,037,000, which has only been exceeded in our trade history by the forced shipments in the months immediately following the 1907 panic. It is too early, in view of the five months of the current year returning excesses of imports over exports, to predict from the October and September figures a definite betterment in our international trade relations, but the sum of nearly $136,000,000 placed to our credit abroad in these two months is helpful, and the volume of exports also reveals, in spite of the preponderance therein of cotton, a substantial manufacturing activity. The largest single examples of industrial power, the steel and iron trades and the railroad equipment lines, are still kept in partial idleness by the determined policy of the railroads to withhold all but imperative business until the rate controversy is settled and the money markets favorable to securities issues. There still seems to be a rather general expectation that some part of the increases asked will be granted to the railroads, but if this is done it will be a tribute to the discriminating intelligence of the people, acting through the Inter-State Commerce Commission, because of their refusal to harbor prejudices against the railroads as a whole in spite of the invitation to do so, which is directly extended by such disclosures as have been made of late regarding the accounting practices of certain lines.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

LONDON TRADERS RELIEVED.

Decision of Government to Appeal to Country Not Unwelcome.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The political situation hampers business on the Stock Exchange, although the decision of the Government to appeal to the country upon the veto resolutions was received with a considerable amount of relief, as it is felt that the verdict of the country will finally settle the matter.

So far as the Stock Exchange is concerned the elections will come at a favorable moment, the amount of business being at a minimum.

In the money market the increasing strength of the Bank of England is convincing the market that there will be no money stringency in December.

BERLIN BOURSE INACTIVE.

Canadian Pacific an Exception—Mexican Issues Unaffected by Trouble There.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 20.—There was unusual inactivity on the Boerse last week. Trading in most issues was practically at a standstill.

Canadian Pacifics were a notable exception, the price advancing to an unprecedented point on expectation of a higher quarterly dividend, and receding when it was announced that a dividend would remain on the old basis.

Mexican issues were not affected by exaggerated reports of a "civil war" and impending "hostilities" with the United States. The German Christmas trade was opened promisingly.

PARIS PRICES RECOVER.

Decline on First Day of the Week Soon Overcome.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—Monday had a gloomy look on the Bourse. There was a general decline, which continued on Tuesday, though in a less degree. The mid-month liquidation, however, was effected without difficulty, and was immediately followed by a steady rise all around.

Rio Tintos, which lost more than 12 francs on Monday, advanced 22 on Tuesday, and thereafter didn't vary greatly, although they closed Saturday with a gain of 11 francs for the week.

$300,000.
New York Central Lines Equipment Trust 4½% Certificates of 1910

Authorized: $30,000,000 Outstanding: $22,500,000
Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee
Dated January 1st, 1910 Interest payable January and July 1st
Maturing: $1,500,000 on January 1st, 1911, and annually thereafter up to and including 1925.

Under the provisions of the Equipment Trust Agreement the following five companies jointly and severally covenant to pay the principal and semi-annual interest in gold coin:

The New York Central & Hudson River R. R. Co.
The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Co.
The Michigan Central Railroad Company.
The Cleveland Cincinnati, Chicag & St. Louis Ry. Co.
Chicago, Indiana & Southern Railroad Company.

We are offering a limited amount of these certificates at a price to yield about 4½% on the investment.

Special circular may be had upon request.

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Wishing to take advantage of present Low Prices for High-Grade
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TAX EXEMPT BONDS
Circular sent on application describing Amendment to the Tax Law enabling bonds on New York State property to be made tax exempt.
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MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
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HOPES DEFERRED IN STEEL TRADE

No Expectation Now of Big Buying Soon by the Railroads.

SHEET AND WIRE BOOM OFF

Pittsburg Hopes for Rail Orders After New Year's, but Looks to See Present Estimates Well Cut Down.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 20.—Promises of improvement in steel lines fade one by one as November progresses. Rail, steel car, track supply, and equipment interests are now persuaded that there will be no large influx of orders from the railroads till after the first of the year. The brief boom in wire and sheet steel died down last week, jobbers having begun shortening sail preparatory to the annual inventory season. Interests that have the placing of large tonnages of plates and plain structural material are holding back specifications. The steel industry, from present prospects, will run on short orders till February.

Pig iron has shown a marked price improvement, and a constantly enlarging volume in demand during the past ten days only because consumers have assured themselves that the present low price levels cannot obtain past the first of the year. Furnace interests all through this territory are becoming weary of selling pig iron at less than the cost of production, and pocketing losses on maintenance, repairs, and the relining of the blast furnaces. Shrewd buyers do not expect to see the low prices of October in pig iron duplicated for years to come—until new processes and new economies are created. The pig iron industry has gone through its period of enforced liquidation—sufficiently costly to throw three large furnace interests into receiverships.

The puddling trades and the cast and wrought iron pipe interests are experiencing an unusual run of large lettings, nearly all of which, however, are for public works, private enterprise being represented to a very slight degree. Very low prices are being made on this business, as exhibited by the pipe letting at Cincinnati last week, which was taken by the United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Company at $22.95 a ton, 1,900 tons. Prices made on rolled iron are a revelation to those who have not kept in close touch with the market—as is instanced by the settlement last week of the puddling mill wage scale for the bi-monthly period of November and December, which is based on the averaged realized price of bar iron on actual flat sales during the two months preceding. The sales sheets submitted by the bar-iron producers showed the average price to have been between 1.35 cents and 1.37½ cents, as compared with an average of 1.45 cents for the previous two months, July and August. This, notwithstanding the fact that open quotations on bar iron in this district continued up to the very day of settlement to be on the 1.45-cent basis. The settlement means a reduction for the puddlers in the bar-iron mills from $6.12½ a ton to $5.87½. It is the first reduction in the bar-iron wage under the sliding scale in fifteen months. wages in the puddling mills having risen continually during that period.

Sales of pig iron for the week were large, but it was not so much the impetus of actual sales that sent the pig iron market higher, as the fact that the furnaces at present operating will not be sufficient to supply the steel industry, even at the present reduced rate of operations, through the Winter. There has been a steady, consistent decline in pig iron output under present prices. One after another the furnaces have been going out of blast rather than pile up stocks or face deficits in running capital. Stocks of iron in Pittsburg and Valleys territory, under recent estimates, are much lower than in the East or the South. The entire Central and Western territory has kept accumulated stocks well within bounds. The withdrawal of the low prices on basic and foundry iron two weeks ago, by three interests that had been selling at greatly below cost, was accepted by consumers as the turning point in the market, and was followed by a general putting out of inquiries for next year's iron.

The American Steel Foundries Company took 10,000 tons of basic iron for first half delivery at its Alliance, Ohio, plant, getting the iron from a Valley producer at $13.50, furnace, as against the October minimum of $13. A low freight rate to buyer's works, however, gives the company the iron at less than $14, delivered, as against $14.40, which would be the delivered price at Pittsburg on this purchase. The Colonial Steel Company secured a part of a 9,000-ton inquiry for basic for first half at $13.50, furnace, but will probably have to pay more for the remainder. The Grand Crossing Tack Company, Chicago, paid $13.75 at furnace for 2,000 tons of basic, for first quarter. Two sales of No. 2 foundry iron were recorded for first quarter at the new minimum of $14, Valley furnace, as against the October price of $13.75. Two blocks of Bessemer iron, aggregating 4,500 tons, passed hands at $15, furnace, the price at which Bessemer has been pegged since August. The Bessemer iron interests indulged in many "I-told-you-so's," last week, when The Iron Age advanced its quotation on that grade back to $15, after having raised a fearful ruction in the trade by quoting $14.70, Valley furnace, the week before. The leading Bessemer interests still deny that there was any shading of the $15 price, though it is admitted that a brokerage house turned in a quantity of Bessemer to a consumer on a trade deal at $14.70, Valleys, in exchange for ingot molds, which were given a compensatingly high valuation. It is claimed, however, that the iron cost the broker the full $15, in his purchase from the producer. A second sale of 1,000 tons to a Pittsburg foundry interest, at $14.60, has been proven to be near-Bessemer, off on sulphur and phosphorus analysis.

The decision of the Pittsburg Steel Company, the largest independent wire interest in this region, to add two 400-ton blast furnaces to its plant at Monessen, Penn., will withdraw another heavy consumer of pig iron from the open market. Construction work on the new furnaces will begin in sixty days. This will give the immediate Pittsburg district a total of fifty-six blast furnaces, with an annual capacity of 8,000,000 tons of pig iron a year out of the total capacity of 37,000,000 tons a year in the entire country. The incident is pointed to by Pittsburg iron men as refutation of the claim that the building of Gary has affected Pittsburg's prestige as an iron and steel centre, Gary's total rated production, as at present planned, when complete, being about 1,200,000 tons a year.

The selling of spot furnace coke by "wildcat" brokers down to $1.30 and $1.35, Connellsville, stopped last week, after about 25,000 tons had been disposed of at those figures, the cut-throat minimums being withdrawn and the former minimums of $1.55 to $1.60 re-established. The immediate result of the break in the market was a wild scramble by the independent coke operators to raise the "selling agency" umbrella. Up till yesterday, Connellsville operators controlling about 7,000 out of the 22,000 open market ovens had subscribed to the selling agency plan. Its success is still problematical. There was much contracting for 1911 coke during the week on sliding scale basis, generally based on average prices of Bessemer or basic iron. There were no offerings of first half contracts for furnace coke at flat prices under $1.85 oven. Foundry coke commands $2 for spot, $2.10 to $2.20 on contract.

The effort to assure the steel interests that the railroads were sincere in their promises of large contracts for Winter rolling failed to produce any optimism in the steel camp. Total orders for the week in rails aggregated only 45,000 tons. The general impression is that the needs of the Pennsylvania, New York Central, Boston & Maine, and other primary lines now mentioned as preparing large specifications will show materially from recent estimates when the actual reservations appear. In steel cars, the railroads are preparing to build their own rolling stock to a much greater extent than ever before. The plate mills are receiving specifications for tonnage direct to a number of railroads that were expected to be in the market for business from the steel car companies. As for some time past, the larger orders last week with the steel car companies were for passenger rolling stock, which does not require large tonnages of steel.

As a result of the distinct falling off in new business in sheets there was more shading in that line during last week, the October list being cut $2 a ton or more on black and galvanized. Merchant bars also showed some softness, and the shading of the 1.40c price became more general. Prices in plates and structural material are much more strongly held, there being less small producers to demoralize the market. Mills will be able to run at practically their present rate of operation up to the holidays.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

BOSTON, Nov. 20.—Advices from the Lake are that there is practically no copper on the shipping docks or at the smelting plants of the Calumet and Hecla Company. October shipments through the Portage Lake waterways aggregated 10,410 tons.

Ojibway is finding excellent rock in both its shafts. In No. 1 shaft drifting is in progress on three levels, and diamond-drill exploratory work continues.

Operations at La Salle have proved disappointing, and nothing is doing except on the old Tecumseh property, from which about 90,000 pounds of copper per month are being taken.

No. 1 shaft of the Gratiot has encountered rich rock at the seventeenth level. Eight carloads of rock are being shipped daily, six of which are from the stock pile at No. 2.

Sinking of C shaft of Mass Consolidated has reached the ninth level. The management reports a better average yield of copper per ton.

Production at Centennial is steadily decreasing, work being largely confined to Wolverine ground.

Osceola's rock, from the Kearsarge lode, is yielding only sixteen pounds of copper to the ton. Work on the Osceola lode is at a standstill.

Ray Consolidated expects to start milling Feb. 1.

Boston Miami and Live Oak managements have arranged for joint churn drilling along the Live Oak-Montezuma boundary, recently acquired by the former company. Drill hole No. 33 is in ore, making the estimated length of the ore body 1,700 feet.

The mill at Utah-Apex has been closed down, and the force is at work developing three new ore bodies.

During last week the East Butte Company mined 1,837 tons of ore, of which 1,287 tons were first class. The average of all was 5.5 per cent. copper.

Nevada Consolidated produced (estimated) 5,250,000 pounds of copper in October, an increase of 98,792 over September.

A Director of North Butte is authority for the statement that the showing on the 2,500-foot level is better than ever.

A new ore body has been encountered in the Sierra de Cobra property of Greene-Cananea making three new ore bodies now under development. The company's October output was 8,576,000 pounds of copper.

The new ore body in the Eureka Mine yields 4 per cent. copper.

At the Boston and Corbin the drift at the 900-foot level is in six feet of high-grade ore.

Cactus has for the present discontinued prospecting with churn drills.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The following is the forecast for Monday and Tuesday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Eastern Texas—Fair Monday and Tuesday; light, variable winds.

Western Texas—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Utah—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

Oklahoma, Arkansas, Missouri, and Kansas—Fair Monday, Tuesday generally fair.

Tennessee—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Kentucky—Unsettled Monday. Tuesday fair and somewhat colder.

Ohio—Unsettled and slightly warmer, with light rain or snow Monday. Tuesday unsettled, with snow near the lakes; moderate south to west winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Unsettled and somewhat colder, with rain or snow in northern portion Monday. Tuesday generally fair; winds becoming moderate northwesterly.

Michigan—Snow flurries and somewhat colder Monday. Tuesday snow flurries; winds becoming moderate northwesterly.

Wisconsin—Generally fair and colder Monday. Tuesday unsettled; moderate northwesterly winds.

Minnesota—Cloudy Monday and Tuesday; colder Monday; moderate northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

Iowa—Generally fair Monday Tuesday unsettled and warmer.

North and South Dakota and Nebraska—Unsettled Monday, with rising temperature. Tuesday rain or snow.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Canned Sea Moss Is Held Not to be a "Crude" Vegetable.

The North American Mercantile Company has been unsuccessful in an attempt to persuade the Board of United States General Appraisers to grant free entry to merchandise invoiced as "canned sea moss," used as food by the Chinese and Japanese residents in this country. The Collector of Customs assessed duty on the moss under paragraph 252 of the Payne tariff law of 1909, which provides for "vegetables prepared in any way."

The importers stated to the board that the article is what is known in the Japanese language as "nori," and their claim is that the goods should be classified under paragraph 630, which provides for free entry for "moss, sea weeds, and vegetable substances, crude, or unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for in this section." Some testimony was taken in the case, but Judge Waite, who writes the decision for the board, says that the testimony is simply to the effect that the commodity is "nori," the sample in evidence showing it to be put up in small hermetically sealed tins.

In overruling the claim for free entry, Judge Waite states that edible seaweeds, of which this nori is typical, are known to be commonly used among the Orientals as vegetables, and for this reason the Judge is inclined to the belief that their inclusion in the vegetable category is in accordance with former rulings of the board on various kinds of fungi and algae, shown to be part of the vegetable diet of the Chinese. The protests are overruled.

Stockholders Sue for $2,040,000.

Suit to recover $2,040,000 from the Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis has been filed in the Circuit Court by three minor stockholders of the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Company. The petition alleges that the Terminal Railroad Association has failed to pay the interest on $2,000,000 6 per cent. bonds of the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Company, which it controls.

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Southern Railway
Earnings and Progress 1905 to 1910
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Grand Central Terminal,
New York, Nov. 18, 1910.
The undersigned Sinking Fund Commissioners, under the C., I., St. L. & C. Consolidated Six Per Cent. Mortgage, hereby certify that we have this day made a drawing of bonds to be applied to Sinking Fund Account, as of Nov. 1, 1910, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage, and that bonds bearing numbers as follows, viz., 283, 397, 534, 790, 901, and 914, have been drawn for such purpose, that interest on said bonds shall cease on and after the first day of May, 1911, and that the bonds will be taken up on that day at 105 per cent and accrued interest at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., New York.
W. C. BROWN,
W. A. WILDHACK,
F. BLISS,
Sinking Fund Commissioners.

THE TANANA VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY
Notice is hereby given that three First Mortgage Bonds of the TANANA VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY, Nos. 1, 411 and 516, have been drawn by lot for redemption from the amount to the credit of the Sinking Fund, and will be paid for at the rate of $1,050 per bond, with accrued interest, at the office of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York City, on the first day of December, 1910, after which date said bonds will cease to bear interest.
KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee,
By CHARLES H. KEEP,
President.

NEW COUNTERFEITER ARREST

Police Say Chapman Owned the Machine Operated by a Gang.

Detectives arrested yesterday another member of the alleged green-goods gang, three of whom were caught in a raid by United States Secret Service men at 125 Flushing Avenue, Brooklyn, on Friday night. The prisoner said he was Bernard Chapman of 288 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn. He is a Russian, and the name he gave is believed to be fictitious. He was arrested at Flatbush Avenue and Hanson Place.

Chapman was expected at the Flushing Avenue address at the time of the raid on Friday. He was regarded as an important member of the gang, which had been bargaining with Secret Service Agent Otto Klink to sell him counterfeit money, which they claimed to be able to make by a machine. Chapman, who was to have brought the machine, failed to appear, so Klink signaled the detectives to make the capture.

With the arrest of Chapman the detectives hoped to get the machine, but it has not been found, and Chapman refused to talk. He was locked up in the Adams Street Station, and will be arraigned before United States Commissioner Benedict in Brooklyn to-day. The other three members of the gang were held in $10,000 bail each.

To Educate Pennsylvania Farmers.

Continuing its efforts to arouse interest in scientific farming, the Pennsylvania Railroad will carry on an active campaign this Winter with its educational trains, the first of which will be operated next Saturday on the Bedford Division. The train will leave Altoona at 8:10 A. M., stopping at East Freedom, Claysburg, Osterburg, Bedford, and Mann's Choice. The lecturers will include Alva Agee, Acting Dean; F. D. Gardner, C. F. Shaw, H. E. Van Norman, R. L. Watts, and M. S. McDowell, all of the State College of Pennsylvania. Representing the railroad will be the Division Freight Agent, Division Ticket Agent, Superintendent, and other officials of the division.

Funeral of Johnstone.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 20.—Funeral services were held to-day for Ralph Johnstone, the aviator who plunged to death during a spectacular flight at Denver on Thursday. The services were held at Trinity Episcopal Church, and were attended by many who had known the daring aviator in life. Wilbur Wright and Walter Brookins attended the funeral, and were also present at the burial in Mount Washington Cemetery.

FARMERS' MEAT CLUB.

Kill a Beef a Week in Minnesota and Divide the Carcass.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 20.—Near Hancock, Minn., twenty farmers have organized themselves into a "meat club," through which they are enabled to have fresh meat at all seasons. On Friday of each week a beef is killed and cut up into twenty pieces, each being numbered. Each farmer takes a different number each week, so that at the end of twenty weeks each has had a whole beef.

The beeves are furnished by the members of the club, and the meat is sold at from 5 to 11 cents per pound, the owner retaining the hide and paying $2 for the killing and cutting. The killing and delivering is all done at a central point in the neighborhood. The beef is hung up in a cool cellar Friday night and cut up and delivered Saturday morning.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED NOV. 19. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 2,476,686.

Range for Year 1909. High	Low	Range for Year 1910. High. Date.	Low. Date.	Closing Saturday, Nov. 19. Bid.	Ask	Net Change from Last Week.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent	Period	Range for Week Ended Nov. 19. First.	High.	Low	Last	Closing a year ago	Sales Week Ended Nov. 19, '10.
245	190	251 Nov. 17.	250 June 1.	247	..	+ 7	**Adams Express Co.**	100	$12,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	8	SA	251	251	251	251	..	100
57½	38	54⅜ Jan. 5.	27 Aug. 5.	32⅛	34	+ 3	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,050,000	Feb. 1, '04	1⅝	Q	32	34	32	34	55½	300
99⅛	65	90¾ Jan. 5.	55¼ July 13.	70⅜	70¾	+ 2⅜	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,100	Aug. 29, '10.	½	Q	68¼	71	68⅛	68⅜	93⅜	69,200
50	33½	49½ Oct. 21.	25 July 26.	43⅜	45	+ 1¼	Amer. Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	.....	..	..	44¾	45⅜	44¾	45¾	49½	400
49¼	20¼	47½ Jan. 10.	24 July 26.	28½	30	+ 1¼	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	.....	..	..	38	38⅜	37½	38⅜	40¾	2,700
98	82	95½ Jan. 15.	89 July 27.	92	94	+ 1	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Oct. 1, '10.	1½	Q	94	94	94	94	..	100
..	..	91⅛ Nov. 7.	83¾ Oct. 19.	88½	89½	− 1⅜	American Brake Shoe & Foundry.	100	3,600,000	Oct. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	88¼	89	86	89	..	950
..	..	13⅜ Jan. 3.	6⅞ July 13.	10	10⅜	+ ½	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	.....	..	..	10	10⅜	9⅜	10⅛	14½	2,500
86	71½	81½ Jan. 6.	62 July 26.	77¼	77½	+ 2⅞	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Oct. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	75½	77¾	75⅛	77¼	84¼	6,200
76½	44¼	72⅜ Jan. 6.	39½ July 26.	55¼	55½	+ 3	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 1, '10.	½	Q	53¼	55½	53¼	55½	74	6,400
124⅜	107½	120 Mar. 19.	109 June 30.	113½	115	+ ¼	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	114¼	114¼	114¼	114¼	120	100
79¼	42⅜	69¾ Mar. 9.	52⅛ July 26.	65	..	+ 3¼	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	June 1, '10.	2½	SA	64	65	62	65	101¾	8,810
107¼	98	107 Oct. 13.	101 Feb. 1.	100	102	+ 2	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	10,198,600	June 1, '10.	3	SA	101¼	101¼	101	101	103	210
10	6¼	8⅛ Jan. 5.	4 Sept. 8.	4½	4⅝	+ ⅛	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	.....	..	..	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝	8⅞	200
51⅞	34	47⅜ Jan. 3.	19 Sept. 8.	23½	24¼	+ 2⅞	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug 15, '06.	1	..	22¾	24¼	22	24⅜	47	2,000
42¼	18⅞	29⅛ Mar. 8.	15½ July 26.	18½	19	+ 1	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,042,500	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	19⅝	19⅝	18	19½	28	900
229	12	17⅜ Jan. 3.	10⅜ July 27.	12½	13	+ 1¼	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	.....	..	..	12⅜	13	12⅛	13	15¾	2,400
47⅜	29	46⅞ Jan. 3.	25½ June 30.	35½	34½	+ 3¾	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	32	34½	32	34¼	41⅞	2,000
69¼	49	62½ Jan. 3.	29 July 26.	39¾	40¼	+ 1⅜	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 28, '08.	1¼	..	38½	40¼	38⅜	40¼	62¼	6,100
122	109¼	115 Jan. 7.	102½ Aug. 6.	105	107	+ ¾	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Oct. 21, '10.	1¾	Q	106	106¾	106	106¾	115¾	200
59	38	48 Mar. 21.	28½ June 30.	..	..	..	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	8,680,100	Nov. 2, '10.	1	SA	33	35	33	35	49	132
105¼	77¾	104 Jan. 3.	61⅜ July 26.	81½	81¾	+ 3¼	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 15, '10.	1	Q	79⅜	82⅜	79¼	81¾	102⅝	58,130
116⅜	101	112⅜ Jan. 3.	98¼ July 26.	106	106¼	..	A mer Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	106	106½	106	106	113½	2,235
92	80	90⅞ Jan. 3.	82½ July 25.	88	89	+ ..	Amer. Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1½	Q	88¾	89½	88¼	88½	92	200
105	95	101½ Sept. 20.	95½ Jan. 13.	100	101½	+ 1	American Snuff Co.	100	12,000,000	Oct. 1, '10.	1½	Q	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	..	100
66⅜	34⅞	66 Jan. 10.	28 July 25.	47	48	+ 1	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	Nov. 15, '10.	1¼	..	46⅜	48¼	46⅜	47½	65⅜	4,700
136⅞	115⅜	127½ Feb. 28.	111⅛ Oct. 3.	118	119	+ 1¾	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	118¾	118¾	117¾	118⅜	125	400
131	118	124 Feb. 28.	112 Oct. 3.	116⅜	117½	..	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	116½	117½	116½	117	120⅞	760
145¾	125	143⅜ Feb. 24.	126⅜ July 26.	142	142⅝	+ ⅝	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	260,626,400	Oct. 15, '10	2	Q	141⅝	142¾	141⅜	142⅛	143⅞	13,700
104	90½	99⅜ Mar. 14.	90½ July 26.	95	96	+ ⅜	American Tobacco Co pf.	100	78,689,100	Oct. 1, '10.	1½	Q	95	95	94½	94⅝	100⅜	4.0
40½	26	39½ Mar. 18.	23½ July 5.	35¼	35½	+ ⅛	American Woolen Co	100	29,501,000	.....	..	..	32½	35½	32¾	35½	85¾	8,950
107⅝	93¾	104 Mar. 7.	91⅜ July 5.	93	93½	+ ⅛	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Oct. 15, '10	1¾	Q	93⅝	95	93	93¼	103	2,4.0
54⅜	37⅜	54 Jan. 3.	33½ July 26.	42⅜	42½	+ ⅛	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	105,500,000	Oct. 19, '10.	50c	Q	41⅞	42	41⅜	42	51½	1,300
127⅜	97⅞	124⅛ Jan. 3.	90⅜ July 26.	104	104⅛	+ 1½	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.	100	165,563,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1½	Q	10.⅞	104¼	102⅞	104⅛	110⅝	28,5.0
106¾	100¼	104¼ Jan. 10.	97 July 1.	101	101¼	+ ¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Aug. 1, '10.	2½	SA	101	101⅛	100⅞	101⅛	104⅝	1,.00
143½	107½	137½ Jan. 5.	102½ July 26.	119	119½	..	Atlantic Coast Line	100	56,964,400	July 11, '10.	3	SA	119	120	119	119	135	3,300
122¾	103½	119⅛ Jan. 8.	100⅛ Sept. 6.	107⅞	108	+ 1⅛	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,238,800	Sept. 1, '10.	3	SA	107½	108¼	107½	107⅞	116⅝	1,932
98	91	94 Jan. 7.	8⅛ Sept. 10.	90	91	..	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	2	SA	90	90	90	90	92	44
5¼	2⅞	3½ Jan. 5.	2 Sept. 28.	2¾	2½	+ ⅛	Batopilas Mining	20	8,9.0,920	Dec.31,'07.	12½c	..	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅝	..	800
38¼	18⅝	34⅞ Oct. 21.	21 June 30.	32½	32⅝	+ ⅛	Bethlehem Steel Corporation.	100	14,862,000	.....	..	..	33	33½	32	33	35	2,300
69¼	47	65 Jan. 10.	49 Aug. 10.	60⅜	61	..	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	⅜	..	61⅛	61⅝	60⅜	61	68	800
82⅞	67	82⅜ May 21.	68½ Feb. 7.	78⅝	78¼	+ 1⅝	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct 1, '10.	1¼	Q	76⅝	78⅜	76⅝	78⅛	78¼	17,400
164½	118	164½ Jan. 3.	125 July 26.	136	138	− 1	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,947,000	Oct. 1, '10.	1½	SA	136	136	136	136	144	100
21⅜	13	18⅛ Jan. 8.	8 June 29.	9½	10½	− ¼	Brunswick T. & Ry. Sec. Co.	100	7,000,000	.....	..	..	10	10	10	10	..	300
189⅜	165	202⅜ Nov. 1.	176¾ Feb. 8.	198	198½	− ⅝	**Canadian Pacific.**	100	149,998,900	Oct. 1, '10.	$4	SA	197¼	198⅝	195	196	177⅞	8,200
51⅜	25½	45¾ Jan. 3.	25¼ July 26.	34⅝	34⅞	+ ⅛	Central Leather Co.	100	39,570,400	.....	..	..	34½	35⅜	34	34⅞	47	5,825
111	99¾	109¼ Mar. 8.	89¼ July 27.	104¼	106¾	⅛	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,260,800	Oct. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	106	106	103⅞	103⅞	108⅞	69,200
91¼	55⅜	92 Jan. 5.	63 Aug. 2.	84⅝	84¾	+ 1¼	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Sept. 30, '10.	1¼	Q	83¼	84⅜	82¾	84⅛	88	29,915
37⅜	31½	36⅞ Jan. 3.	19 July 26.	23⅜	23⅝	+ 1	Chicago Great Western	100	43,690,700	.....	..	..	23¼	23⅞	23	23½	..	2,320
64⅜	58⅜	61¼ Jan. 10.	40 July 26.	47¼	48	+ 2½	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	40,162,800	.....	..	..	46	47½	46	47½	..	700
163¼	141	158⅜ Jan. 3.	113⅜ June 30.	123⅜	124¼	+ 1½	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.	100	116,348,200	Sept. 1, '10.	3½	SA	122⅜	124⅜	122½	124	155⅜	82,800
181	158½	172¼ Jan. 3.	143 Sept. 12.	147	149	− ½	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Sept. 1, '10.	3½	SA	148	148	148	148	174½	336
198½	173½	182⅜ Jan. 3.	137½ July 26.	146¾	147½	..	Chicago & Northwestern.	100	120,121,700	July 1, '10.	3½	SA	145	148	146½	147¼	183¼	2,900
83¼	68	92¼ Mar. 18.	61 Nov. 1.	67	69	+ 3	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis.	100	47,056,300	Sept 1, '10.	2	SA	65	67	65	67	78	400
53	29	50 Jan. 3.	22½ July 26.	35½	36¼	+ 3	Colorado Fuel & Iron.	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	33¾	36⅝	33⅝	36	51	7,750
68¼	51	65⅜ Feb. 25.	46 July 26.	58½	60	+ ⅞	Colorado & Southern.	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '09.	2	A	59¼	61⅝	59¼	60	57	5,223
94½	21⅜	92½ Jan. 4.	3 Sept. 12.	4½	6½	..	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron.	100	6,900,800	Mar. 1, '04.	1¼	..	4½	4½	4½	4½	..	200
165¼	114½	160⅜ Jan. 3.	122½ July 26.	136	136¼	+ 2⅜	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,815,000	Sept. 15, '10.	1¼	Q	135¼	137½	134½	136½	146¼	11,8.0
30	15	26⅜ Jan. 3.	11½ June 30.	19⅝	20	+ ⅝	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	.....	..	..	19⅜	19⅝	18¼	18¼	26¾	940
93½	73¼	86⅝ Jan. 3.	70⅜ July 26.	78	80	+ ⅞	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,817,600	Oct 10, '10.	1	Q	78⅛	78⅛	77¾	78	88	100
63	45	64½ Nov. 17.	55 Apr. 20.	63	67	+ 1	Crex Carpet Co.	100	2,990,400	June 15, '10.	2½	SA	64½	64½	64½	64½	..	100
..	..	39 July 23.	38½ June 24.	43	45	..	Cuban-Am Sugar.	100	6,496,100	.....	..	..	39	39	39	39	..	100
200	167¾	185 Jan. 3.	149¼ July 26.	170	171½	+ 4½	**Delaware & Hudson.**	100	42,502,000	Sept. 20, '10.	2¼	Q	167½	171	167½	170¼	186	2,000
54	37⅜	52 Jan. 3.	2.¼ July 26.	33	33½	+ 1	Denver & Rio Grande.	100	38,000,000	.....	..	..	32	33	32	33	47½	1,100
90	70½	84 Jan 3.	62¾ July 26.	74½	75	+ 1½	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,772,400	July 15, '10.	2½	SA	72⅞	74⅛	72⅞	74	84½	700
16¾	9	5 June 28.	4½ Nov. 16.	4¾	10½	− ½	Des Moines & Fort Dodge.	100	4,283,100	.....	..	..	4½	4½	4½	4½	..	100
41⅜	32½	36⅜ Jan. 9.	2.¼ July 26.	34½	34⅝	+ 1⅝	Distillers' Securities Corporation.	100	30,780,800	Oct. 31, '10.	½	Q	32¾	34⅜	32½	34⅜	37	7,054
21	14¼	18¾ Jan. 3.	10 .. y 1.	11¾	12½	− ⅛	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.	100	12,000,000	.....	..	..	12½	12½	12	12	15½	200
88	87½	87 Mar. 31.	84½ Sept. 7.	83	84½	..	Du Pont de N. Powder pf.	100	13,692,500	Oct. 25, '10.	1¼	Q	83	83	83	83	..	5
39	22⅝	34⅝ Jan. 5.	19½ July 26.	30½	30⅝	+ 1⅝	**Erie**	100	112,678,900	.....	..	..	29	30⅛	29	30⅝	33¼	15,200
50⅜	30½	52⅜ Mar. 8.	35 July 27.	48½	49	+ 1⅜	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	48	49⅝	47⅝	4.⅜	49	4,850
46	28½	42 Mar. 8.	26¼ July 27.	37¾	38¼	+ 1½	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	36⅜	38	36¼	38	40	1,175
95½	55	60 Mar. 9.	12 Oct. 26.	20	30	+ ¼	**Federal Mining & Smelting.**	100	6,000,000	Jan. 15, '09.	1½	..	19⅞	20¼	19⅞	20¼	82	700
94	80	88 Jan. 3.	37 Oct. 27.	56	58	+10	Federal Mining & Smelting pf.	100	12,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	48	58	48	58	91	1,100
172¾	150⅛	160⅞ Jan. 6.	134 July 26.	154⅛	154⅜	+ 1½	**General Electric Co.**	100	65,179,600	Oct. 15, '10.	2	Q	153	154	153	154	163¼	1,200
..	..	9¼ Sept. 26.	7⅞ Oct. 14.	7⅞	8⅛	..	Goldfield Consol.	100	5,000,000	Oct. 31, '10.	50c	Q	8	8½	8	8	..	13,370
158⅞	136⅜	143⅞ Jan. 3.	118 July 26.	123¼	124¼	+ ⅝	Great Northern pf.	100	209,951,100	Nov. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	125	125½	122	124⅜	142	18,300
88½	65⅜	80½ Jan. 4.	45 July 26.	59¼	59½	+ ¾	Gt. Northern ctfs for ore prop.	...	.....	Sept. 15, '10.	50c	SA	60	61⅝	59½	59½	81¼	7,800
219	172½	204⅜ Jan. 3.	152¼ July 26.	178¾	178⅞	+ 4½	**Havana Electric Ry. pf.**	100	5,000,000	Nov. 12, '10.	1½	Q	93½	93½	93½	93½	..	200
118¾	94	103¾ Jan 7.	88¼ July 26.	93	93½	+ ⅝	Homestake Mining.	100	21,840,000	Oct 25, '10.	50c	M	93	87	85½	83½	80	350
125½	115	122 Jan. 3.	96 Aug. 2.	104	105	− 1	**Illinois Central.**	100	109,282,500	Sept. 1, '10.	3½	SA	133	133	133	133	147	200
114	109	113⅞ Jan. 3.	99¼ Aug. 2.	105	106	− ⅛	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	.....	..	..	20⅜	21¼	20½	21⅜	22½	8,500
77	50½	62⅜ Jan. 3.	42¾ July 26.	56½	56⅝	+ ⅛	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	55⅜	57⅜	55⅜	56⅝	56	14,400
118⅜	62	123⅞ Jan. 10.	83⅜ Feb. 8.	112½	112¾	+ 1	International Harvester.	100	79,999,700	.....	..	..	113	115	111½	112½	110⅞	4,100
128	109¼	120 Jan. 4.	117 Aug. 11.	121	121¼	+ ⅛	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	121¼	121¼	121¼	121¼	124	110
19¼	9⅛	16 Jan. 3.	9 July 26.	12⅜	13	+ ⅛	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	.....	..	..	13	13¼	13	13¼	15⅞	1,300
69⅜	41⅞	61½ Jan. 3.	41½ July 26.	56	56¼	+ ¼	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Oct. 15, '10.	½	Q	56¼	56¾	56	56¼	67	1,400
54½	33½	54⅝ Jan. 7.	30½ July 26.	44⅜	44⅞	+ 2	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,300	Apr. '05.	½	..	43	44⅞	42	44⅝	52	15,900
91¾	82½	90⅜ Jan. 17.	78½ July 26.	85¼	85⅞	+ 1¼	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	Nov. 1, '10.	1½	Q	83½	85⅜	83¼	85⅝	90⅛	1,640
36	26¾	30 Jan. 3.	15 June 30.	20	21	..	Iowa Central.	100	8,524,400	.....	..	..	21	21⅝	20¾	20⅝	29	1,200
62	48	54⅛ Jan. 3.	25 July 26.	35½	36	..	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,678,600	May 1, '00.	1½	..	35¾	35¾	35¼	35¼	51½	800
56¾	37

¶ Prudence dictates the use of a safe deposit box for keeping insurance policies, bank books, leases, mortgages, contracts, partnership agreements, bonds, certificates of stock and similar valuable papers.

¶ You may enjoy the protection of our safe deposit vault for as small an outlay as $5.00 a year.

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Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

WALL STREET
CORNER NASSAV

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY.
Allows interest on deposits. Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

FIRST NATIONAL
What is the outlook?
RAY CENTRAL
Its present market position.
THE PORPHYRIES
Chino, Inspiration, and others.
What they have been accomplishing.
Information on request.
Margin Accounts Solicited.
J. THOMAS REINHARDT
(Best Facilities for Executing Orders.)
88 Broad St., N. Y. (Offices overlook Curb).
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REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
BANK OF EUROPE,
New York City, at the close of business on the 10th day of November, 1910:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$139,018.27
Overdrafts		178.30
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		116,468.74
Mortgages owned		4,500.00
Stocks and bonds, viz.:		
Public securities, market value	230,604.28	
Specie	5,600.58	
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks	64,067.00	
Cash items	838.45	
Foreign currency	12,204.90	
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$7,794.00	
Accrued interest not entered	8,800.00	
	11,094.00	
Total		$805,174.52

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$100,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		50,411.29
Deposits not preferred		448,634.43
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Cashier's checks	$4,128.80	
Accrued interest not entered	2,000.00	
	6,128.80	
Total		$805,174.52

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
THOMAS CAPEK, Vice President, and FRANK A. SOVAK, Assistant Cashier, of Bank of Europe, a bank located and doing business at No. 1,429 First Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 10th day of November, 1910, as the day as of which such report shall be made.
THOMAS CAPEK, Vice President.
FRANK A. SOVAK, Assistant Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 19th day of November, 1910, before me. JOHN V. RYBA,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co.
[Seal of Notary.]

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

DIVIDENDS.

Union Pacific Railroad Company

A Quarterly Dividend of
$2.50 per share on the Common Stock
of this Company has this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on January 3, 1911, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on Thursday, December 1, 1910.

The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend.

Stockholders who have not already done so are requested to promptly file mailing orders for dividends with the undersigned, from whom blank orders can be had on application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., Nov. 10, 1910.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY,
71 Broadway, New York City.
November 17, 1910.

The Board of Directors has declared a QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. upon the capital stock of this Company, payable Dec. 31, 1910, to stockholders of record on Dec. 9, 1910. The transfer books will not be closed.

CHECKS will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses recorded upon the books of the Company.

JAS. STEUART MACKIE,
Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Thompson-Starrett Company will be held at the office of the Company, 51 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of December, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of voting upon a recommendation of the Board of Directors to reduce the number of Directors from fifteen, as at present, to twelve, and for electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open one hour. Transfer books will remain closed from November 28th to December 6th, 1910.

H. L. KENVIN, Asst. Secretary.
New York, November 19, 1910.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK.—OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the SUBURBAN AUTO EXPRESS COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this ninth day of November, 1910 papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 211 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 9th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and ten.

HORACE G. TENNANT,
[Seal.] Second Deputy Secretary of State.

STATEMENTS OF OUT-OF-TOWN BANKS

Controller's Call, Nov. 10.

The Girard National Bank

Philadelphia, November 10, 1910

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Investments	$28,644,610.96	Capital	$2,000,000.00
Due from Banks	6,515,737.21	Surplus and Net Profits	4,298,549.26
Exchange for Clearing House	2,359,846.27	Circulation	1,079,200.00
Cash and Reserve	6,597,730.99	Deposits	36,740,176.17
	$44,117,925.43		$44,117,925.43

FRANCIS B. REEVES, President
RICHARD L. AUSTIN, Vice President — JOSEPH WAYNE, Jr., Cashier
T. E. WIEDERSHEIM, 2d Vice Pres. — CHAS. M. ASHTON, Ass't Cashier

CORN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, PHILADELPHIA.

November 10th, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments		$14,994,572.17
Due from banks		3,255,320.05
Clearing House exchanges		1,776,823.20
Cash and reserve		3,930,894.75
		$23,957,610.17

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and net profits	1,532,398.60
Circulation	437,600.00
Deposits	20,987,611.57
	$23,957,610.17

CHAS. S. CALWELL, President.
WILLIAM W. SUPPLEE, Vice President.
THOS. J. JEFFRIES, Vice President.
M. N. WILLITS, Jr., Cashier.
NEWTON W. CORSON, Asst. Cashier.

FOURTH STREET NATIONAL BANK, PHILADELPHIA.

Nov. 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$35,926,417.26
Due from banks		7,858,298.95
Exchanges for Clearing House		1,933,123.85
Cash and reserve		12,024,600.72
		$57,742,442.78

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$3,000,000.00
Surplus and net profits	6,350,222.53
Circulation	2,955,700.00
Deposits	45,436,520.25
	$57,742,442.78

R. J. CLARK, Cashier.

THE OLD NATIONAL BANK, GRAND RAPIDS.

Nov. 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$4,905,873.28
Real estate		3,828.50
Bank building and fixtures		212,604.74
U. S. bonds		820,020.00
Stocks, bonds and claims		452,956.13
Due from banks	$850,249.31	
U. S. Treasurer	40,000.00	
Cash	524,508.88	1,414,758.19
		$7,810,040.84

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$800,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits (net)	650,407.92
Circulation	800,000.00
U. S. deposits	1,000.00
Dividends unpaid	240.00
Deposits	5,558,392.92
	$7,810,040.84

WILLARD BARNHART, President.
CLAY H. HOLLISTER, V. Pres. and Cashier.
WILLIAM JUDSON, Vice President.
GEORGE F. MACKENZIE, Asst. Cashier.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, PHILA.

RESOURCES. Nov. 10, 1910.

Loans and investments		$10,027,510.26
United States bonds	2,054,154.53	
Due from banks	1,798,462.87	
Cash & reserve	3,587,318.37	$17,467,445.53

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Surplus and net profits	1,440,584.25
Circulation	1,934,397.50
Deposits	12,092,463.78
	$17,467,445.53

OFFICERS.
HOWARD W. LEWIS, President.
HENRY B. BARTOW, Cashier.

LINCOLN NATIONAL BANK, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Nov. 10th, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments		$11,303,049.62
From other banks	2,552,770.88	
Cash on reserve	1,356,465.87	$15,212,285.37

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus & profits	417,443.15
Circulation	817,200.00
Deposits	12,977,642.22
	$15,212,285.37

Walter B. Duffy, Pres.
Peter A. Vay, Vice Pres. and Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA.

November 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments		$18,937,568.04
Due from banks	$3,971,757.67	
Exchanges for Clearing House	943,344.71	
Cash and reserve	4,291,116.82	9,206,221.20
		$28,163,789.24

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$1,500,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	1,588,440.12
Circulation	1,351,000.00
Deposits	23,724,348.82
	$28,163,789.24

J. TATNALL LEA, President.
WM. A. LAW, First Vice President.
KENTON WARNE, Second Vice President.
THOS. W. ANDREW, Cashier.
FREAS B. SNYDER, Assistant Cashier.
CHAS. H. JAMES, Assistant Cashier.

NATIONAL COMMERCIAL BANK, ALBANY, N. Y.

November 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$10,333,076.87
U. S. and other bonds		4,187,796.75
Banking House		250,000.00
Cash and reserve in banks		4,114,996.09
Due from other banks		5,131,800.07
		$24,017,669.78

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus	1,500,000.00
Undivided profits	208,826.57
Reserved for taxes	22,500.00
Circulation	976,200.00
Deposits:	
Individual	$6,723,863.98
Banks	13,586,279.23
	20,310,143.21
	$24,017,669.78

OFFICERS.
ROBERT C. PRUYN, President.
EDWARD J. HUSSEY, Cashier.

MUTUAL TRUST COMPANY, PORT CHESTER, N. Y.

RESOURCES. Nov. 10, 1910.

Loans, demand and time		$501,623.85
Mortgages and investments		863,004.06
Due from banks		192,185.34
Cash		51,607.98
		$1,610,421.23

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$300,000.00
Surplus and profits	139,332.99
Deposits	1,171,088.24
	$1,610,421.23

GEO. R. READ, President.
S. W. DEXTER, Vice President.

FRANKLIN NATIONAL BANK, PHILADELPHIA.

RESOURCES. Nov. 10, 1910.

Loans and discounts		$21,074,992.91
Due from banks	6,743,281.76	
Cash & reserve	6,413,477.08	
Exchanges for Cl'g House	2,279,720.06	$36,111,460.81

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and net profits	2,722,519.96
Circulation	542,400.00
Deposits	31,846,540.85
	$36,111,460.81

J. R. McAllister, Pres. J. A. Harris, Jr., V.Pres.
E. P. Passmore, Cashier.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, NASHVILLE, TENN.

Nov. 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments		$6,658,308.77
From other banks, etc.	1,759,721.33	
Cash on reserve	779,896.52	$9,197,926.62

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$600,000.00
Surplus and profits	772,741.27
Circulation	599,982.50
Deposits	7,225,202.85
	$9,197,926.62

J. T. Howell, Pres. J. S. McHenry, Cash.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALTOONA, PA.

Nov. 10th, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans & investm'ts		$1,337,965.59
U. S. bonds		200,000.00
From other banks		710,618.18
Cash on reserve		425,205.21
		$2,673,788.98

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$150,000.00
Surplus and profits	386,645.65
Circulation	148,800.00
Deposits	1,988,343.33
	$2,673,788.98

John Lloyd, President; J. M. Skyles, Cashier; R. C. Wilson, Asst. Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, PITTSBURG, PA.

Nov. 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$4,001,092.94	
U. S. bonds	939,410.36	
Banking house	300,000.00	
Due from banks	568,369.14	
Due from U. S. Treasurer	40,000.00	
Cash	476,603.04	$6,325,385.48

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus & profits	484,908.29
Circulation	797,100.00
Deposits	4,039,211.13
Reserved for taxes	4,166.06
	$6,325,385.48

Charles McKnight, Pres. D. G. Stewart, G. S. Macrum, Vice Pres. J. S. M. Phillips, Cash. H. C. Burchinal, Asst. Cash.

MELLON NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA.

Statement of condition November 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans, bonds, and investment securities		$34,633,213.07
Overdrafts		1,134.45
Due from banks		5,506,639.80
Cash		5,300,448.86
		$45,441,436.18

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$4,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	3,296,346.89
Circulating notes	2,997,397.50
Deposits	35,147,692.29
	$45,441,436.18

OFFICERS.
A. W. MELLON, President.
R. B. MELLON, Vice President.
A. C. KNOX, Vice President.
W. S. MITCHELL, Cashier.

COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK, BUFFALO, N. Y.

November 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$9,217,123.27
U. S. bonds		1,341,000.00
Legal bonds		1,866,552.81
Miscellaneous bonds		420,200.00
Cash reserve		605,516.39
Bank reserve		917,348.05
		$14,567,740.52

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Surplus	900,000.00
Undivided profits	85,172.66
Circulation	1,500,000.00
Bank deposits	2,123,274.77
Individual deposits	7,959,293.09
	$14,567,740.52

GEO. F. RAND, President.
SEYMOUR H. KNOX, Vice President.
LOUIS H. GETHOEFFER, Cashier.
EMIL DIEFINE, Assistant Cashier.
JAMES W. HALL, Assistant Cashier.

MECHANICS-AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK, SAINT LOUIS.

Nov. 10th, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Bills discounted	$13,184,695.82	
Demand loans	4,357,736.57	$17,542,432.39
Overdrafts		3,401.76
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$2,000,000.00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	30,000.00	
		2,030,000.00
Redemption fund		100,000.00
Bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
Other bonds		1,681,159.40
Real estate, furniture and fixtures, &c.		261,074.58
Cash		14,818,895.28
Total		$36,387,963.41

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$2,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	2,981,089.55
Circulation	2,000,000.00
Deposits	29,406,873.86
	$36,387,963.41

WALKER HILL, President.
J. S. CALFEE, Cashier.

THAMES NAT'L BANK, NORWICH, CONN.

Nov. 10th, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and invest.	$3,184,215.87	
From other banks	40,318.41	
Cash and reserve	818,835.41	$3,543,369.69

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surp. and profits	893,893.34
Circulation	100,000.00
Deposits	1,549,476.35
	$3,543,369.69

Willis A. Briscoe, Pres. Chas. W. Gale, Cash.

THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Nov. 14, 1910.

RESOURCES

Loans & inv'm'ts	$6,267,541.47	
From other banks	1,578,993.32	
Cash on reserve	1,024,545.02	$8,871,079.81

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surp. and profits	930,164.52
Circulation	929,997.50
Deposits	6,010,917.79
	$8,871,079.81

C. N. Frenzel, Pres. J. P. Frenzel, Vice Pres.
O. F. Frenzel, Cash. J. P. Frenzel, Jr., As. Cash.

MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Nov. 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and invest.	$8,569,859.81	
From other banks	307,213.15	
Cash on reserve	1,295,472.07	$10,172,545.03

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus & profits	803,983.05
Circulation	866,500.00
Deposits	7,512,061.98
	$10,172,545.03

Robert W. Taft, Pres.; Horatio N. Campbell, Vice Pres.; Moses J. Barber, Cash.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, NEWARK, N. J.

November 10, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$11,806,199.00
U. S. bonds		600,000.00
Bonds to secure U. S. deposits		125,000.00
Other stocks and bonds		754,767.91
Real estate		300,000.00
Due from banks		546,809.32
Cash and reserve		2,594,494.98
Total		$16,727,271.21

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,500,000.00
Surplus fund	1,500,000.00
Undivided profits	874,733.93
Notes and bills rediscounted	700,000.00
National banknotes outstanding	597,997.50
Due depositors	$11,121,028.63
Due to banks	433,511.15
	11,554,539.78
Total	$16,727,271.21

WILLIAM SCHEERER, Pres.
UZAL H. McCARTER, Vice Pres.
ARCHIBALD W. CONKLIN, Cashier.
ERWIN D. FARNSWORTH, Asst. Cash.
WILLIAM C. PEARSON, Asst. Cash.

NEW YORK STATE NATIONAL BANK, ALBANY, N. Y.

RESOURCES. November 10th, 1910.

Discounted bills	$3,458,223.41	
Demand loans on collateral	4,082,840.67	
Time loans on collateral	451,290.58	$7,992,354.66
Banking house		125,000.00
Bonds		3,031,474.81
Due from approved reserve agents		2,225,168.38
Due from other banks		5,220,559.67
Cash and exchanges		1,523,275.90
		$20,127,833.62

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$500,000.00
Surplus fund	500,000.00
Undivided profits	179,010.00
	$1,179,010.00
National banknotes outstanding	472,890.00
Deposits	18,476,023.62
	$20,127,833.62

OFFICERS.
LEDYARD COGSWELL, President.
LEDYARD COGSWELL, Jr., 2d Vice President.
LAURENCE H. HENDRICKS, Cashier.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST COMPANY.

Condensed Statement at the Close of Business November 10, 1910.

RESOURCES

Loans		$12,087,221.27
Bonds and stocks		8,307,421.71
Real estate		33,000.58
Overdrafts		5,041.12
Safety deposit vaults		72,000.00
Cash and exchange		4,554,036.40
All other resources		28,157.70
Total		$25,186,878.78

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$3,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	5,828,577.52
Deposits	16,280,424.41
Foreign acceptances	196,019.50
Reserve for interest on savings deposits	60,000.00
All other liabilities	21,857.35
Total	$25,186,878.78

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
HUDSON TRUST CO.
at the close of business on the 10th day of November, 1910:

RESOURCES.

Bonds and mortgages		$167,049.42
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value	888,999.00	
Other securities, market value	212,471.00	
Loans		2,851,309.08
Overdrafts		316.57
Real estate		15,096.59
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		332,334.67
Specie		30,046.60
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks		437,042.00
Cash items		77,359.96
Other assets, viz.:		
Rent paid in advance	$2,000.00	
Furniture and fixtures	12,000.00	
Accrued interest entered	8,986.19	
Accrued interest not entered	2,341.30	
	25,327.49	
Total		$4,987,352.88

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$500,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits	711,999.81
Unpaid dividends	$273.00
Reserved for taxes	8,512.53
	8,785.53
Preferred deposits	$486,689.25
Deposits not preferred	2,853,959.85
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	227,199.42
	3,567,848.52
Other liabilities, viz.:	
Accepted checks on 4th National Bank	27,072.03
Officers' checks	3,513.20
Tellers' checks on No. 61	161,792.91
Accounts payable (certified checks)	1,223.53
Accrued interest entered	8,766.45
Accrued interest not entered	1,347.10
Total	$4,987,352.88

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
HENRY C. STRAHMANN, Vice President, and RICHARD A. PURDY, Secretary, of Hudson Trust Co., located and doing business at Broadway and 39th St., in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 10th day of November, 1910, as the day as of which such report shall be made.
HENRY C. STRAHMANN, Vice President.
RICHARD A. PURDY, Secretary.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 19th day of November, 1910, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] W. J. HOLLOWAY,
No. 2,001, Notary Public,
New York County.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
COSMOPOLITAN BANK
at the close of business on the 10th day of November, 1910:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$357,651.90
Overdrafts		843.70
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers		78,240.03
Stocks and bonds, viz.:		
Public securities, market value	23,707.50	
Specie	9,246.13	
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks	22,709.00	
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$4,500.00	
Accrued interest not entered	192.24	
	4,692.24	
Total		$498,590.50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$100,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits	15,863.72
Deposits not preferred	$381,793.48
Total deposits	381,793.48
Other liabilities, viz.:	
Cashier's checks	$23.12
Accrued interest not entered	1,405.18
	1,428.30
Total	$498,590.50

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
C. ADELBERT BECKER, President, and CHARLES BANNACH, Cashier, of Cosmopolitan Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 803 and 805 Prospect Ave., in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 10th day of November, 1910, as the day as of which such report shall be made.
C. ADELBERT BECKER, President.
CHARLES BANNACH, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 19th day of November, 1910, before me.
L. M. MOSAUER,
Notary Public,
New York Co.
[Seal of Notary.]

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
FIFTEENTH YEAR.
ASSETS $3,000,000.

$100 GOLD BONDS	CONVERTIBLE BONDS
6%	6.86%

WRITE FOR CIRCULAR E.
METROPOLITAN AGENCY, 489 5TH AV.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

The Franklin Society
23d year. Strictly Savings Investment Bank Dept. Supervision. Accts. of $10 or more opened on or before Nov. 30 earn from Dec. 1. Mailing size pass book. Begin now; write for Booklet A. One Beekman St.
4½%

Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway

To the Holders of 4% FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS and CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT OF CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK REPRESENTING THESE BONDS:

The time for the deposit of bonds and certificates of deposit with the COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, 135 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY, and with its agents, has been extended to NOVEMBER 21ST, 1910. No deposits will be received after that date except in the discretion of the Committee, and upon such terms as it may fix, and the Committee will thereafter consider itself at liberty to act only for its own depositors.

Following the refusal of the Wallace Committee to surrender deposited bonds and its announced determination to retain such bonds against the protests of the depositors, a test suit has been begun in the United States Court at New York against the Central Trust Company and the members of the Wallace Committee to compel the surrender of all such bonds, and an injunction applied for to prevent the Wallace Committee from assuming to further represent them. The Committee is advised that bondholders are entitled to withdraw their bonds and will proceed to enforce the surrender in all of the many cases in which these certificates have been deposited with them, as well as in the cases of future deposits.

As the result of a personal inspection of the properties made by the members of the Committee and of an exhaustive examination into their values, merits and strategic position, and of the claims of bondholders against the Wabash Road, the Pittsburg and Toledo Syndicate, and upon the Supplemental Traffic and Trackage Agreement of 1904, the Committee is satisfied that your bonds are intrinsically worth largely in excess of the present market price (which is already more than 50% above the selling price of the bonds when this Committee was organized).

The Committee has every reason to believe that the results of the various suits now in progress, and that are about to be prosecuted by them to safeguard and enforce the long-neglected rights of bondholders, will add materially to the present value of the bonds.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement can be had at the office of the Columbia Trust Company, and of its agents, Colonial Trust Co. of Pittsburg, The Land Title and Trust Co. of Philadelphia, and The Connecticut Safe Deposit and Trust Co. of Hartford, Conn.

Bondholders and Certificate Holders will materially assist the work of the Committee by promptly depositing their bonds or Central Trust Company or Old Colony Trust Company certificates (as the case may be).

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO LIST THE CERTIFICATES OF THE COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Dated November 18th, 1910.

James C. Chaplin, Chairman.
Vice-President, Colonial Trust Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Meigs H. Whaples,
President, Connecticut Trust and Safe Deposit Co., Hartford, Conn.
William R. Nicholson,
President, Land Title and Trust Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
Clarence L. Harper,
President, Union Trust Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
Richard Sutro,
Of Sutro Brothers & Co., Bankers, New York City.
Committee.

Samuel Untermyer,
Counsel to the Committee.

Wm. C. Taylor, Secretary,
37 Wall Street, New York City.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
54 Wall Street

Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Authorized to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Receives Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
358 Fifth Ave. — 60 Broadway
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. — Third Ave. & 148th St.
New York

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION
as Reported to New York State Banking Department
Thursday, November 10, 1910

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Cash on Hand & in Banks	$7,108,691.77	Capital Stock	$3,181,000.00
Bonds & other Securities	10,052,901.16	Surplus & Undivided Profits	5,738,143.57
Demand Loans	4,470,335.62	Unconverted "B" C'f's	57,000.00
Time Loans	12,908,097.98	Total Capital & Surplus	$8,976,143.57
Bonds and Mortgages	3,421,046.28	Due Depositors	32,443,503.53
Real Estate, B'k'g Houses	3,444,816.19	Dividend Checks Outstan'g	369.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	331,142.51	Reserved for Taxes, etc.	32,405.00
		Accrued Interest Payable	284,610.41
	$41,737,031.51		$41,737,031.51

CHARLES H. KEEP, President

Investments

RAILROAD BONDS — Yielding about
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Debenture 4s, due 1934 — 4.45%
Interborough Rapid Transit Mortgage 5s, due 1952 — 4.90

SHORT TERM NOTES
Baltimore & Ohio Secured 4½s, due 1913 — 4.80
Southern Railway Three-Year 5s, due 1913 — 5.40

RAILROAD EQUIPMENT BONDS
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Equipment 4½s, Various maturities — 4.80
Seaboard Air Line Equipment 5s, Various maturities — 4.90

INDUSTRIAL BONDS
California Gas & Electric Unif. & Ref. 5s, due 1937 — 5.50
General Rubber Company Gtd. Debenture 4½s, due 1915 — 5.90

Average income over 5%.

Send for circular No. R-2, descriptive of the above securities.

Guaranty Trust Company
of New York
28 Nassau Street, New York
Branch Offices
5th Ave. & 43d St., New York — *33 Lombard St., London, E. C.*

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
49 WALL STREET
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $10,000,000

BRAYTON IVES, President.
ANTON A. RAVEN, Vice-Pres.
BEVERLY CHEW, 2d Vice-Pres.
BERTRAM CRUGER, Treasurer.
GEORGE N. HARTMANN, Secretary.
JAMES F. McNAMARA, Trust Officer.
RUPERT W. K. ANDERSON, Asst. Tr.
FREDERICK E. FRIED, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

Francis M. Bacon,	Brayton Ives,	Charles M. Pratt,
William L. Bull,	Lewis Cass Ledyard,	Anton A. Raven,
James G. Cannon,	Bradley Martin,	Norman B. Ream,
William Carpender,	Frederick T. Martin,	George R. Sheldon,
Beverly Chew,	Walter E. Maynard,	John W. Simpson,
Thomas De Witt Cuyler,	Ogden Mills,	Joseph J. Slocum,
Henry W. DeForest,	E. D. Morgan,	John T. Terry,
Haley Fiske,	Richard Mortimer,	Geo. Henry Warren,
J. Horace Harding,	John E. Parsons,	Horace White.
Erskine Hewitt,		

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company
Main Office: 177-179 Montague St.
Branch: Bedford Ave. and Fulton St.
Manhattan Office: 90 Broadway (2 Wall St.)
Capital $1,000,000 — Undivided Profits $2,343,612.59

TRUSTEES

Thomas T. Barr	David H. Lanman	Charles M. Pratt
Samuel W. Boocock	Frank Lyman	George G. Reynolds
George W. Chauncey	Howard W. Maxwell	Charles A. Schieren
William N. Dykman	Theodore F. Miller	Edward M. Shepard
William Hester	Willis L. Ogden	J. H. Walbridge
Francis L. Hine	Joseph E. Owens	Alexander M. White
William A. Jamison	John J. Pierrepont	Willis D. Wood

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Company of New York
MAIN OFFICE: 80 BROADWAY.
Uptown Office: 425 Fifth Avenue, corner 38th Street, With Modern Safe Deposit Vaults.
Capital $1,000,000 — Surplus (earned) $7,737,000
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
Acts as Executor, Guardian, Trustee, Administrator, and in all Fiduciary Capacities on behalf of Individuals, Institutions or Corporations.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS AND ALL OTHER PERSONS INTERESTED IN SALKEY & BLUMBERG COMPANY:

Sir: Please to take notice, that a Special Meeting of the stockholders of Salkey & Blumberg Company will be held on the 29th day of November, 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the office of the Company, No. 160 Fif

LEFT CHILDREN 40 YEARS AGO

Stamford Woman Finds Son She Deserted for a Second Husband.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Nov. 20.—J. C. Bowie of 611 Adams Avenue, Scranton, Penn., found here to-day the mother who deserted him and his two brothers and sister forty years ago in Scranton. The woman contracted a second marriage just before she left home, and on account of her husband's objections, deserted her children, without funds or friends, to be committed to the Home for the Friendless at Scranton.

A month ago the woman, now Mrs. Potter, became ill, and, fearing she was about to die, wrote to the youngest, John, who had been her favorite. The letter was delivered to John C. Bowie, and he ascertained through the Mayor of Stamford that there was a Mrs. Samuel Potter at the address given. With his wife he came here, and the moment he saw his mother recognized her. But she, restored to health, was not so quick to acknowledge him.

When she was convinced, Mrs. Potter told her son that her second husband died a few years after she left Scranton, and that then she went to Scotland and remained for some little time. Returning to this country, she feared to go to Scranton to seek her children, realizing the wrong she had done them. So she came to Stamford, where for twenty years or so she has been known as Mrs. Samuel Potter.

SUMMONS GAS COMPANIES.

Public Service Commission Charges Gas Is Not Up to Mark.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 20.—Gas companies which are selling gas which is not up to the standard of illuminating power and purity laid down by the Public Service Commission are being legally proceeded against by the commission. Tests have been made by the Inspectors of the commission unknown to the companies. When an Inspector reported a deficiency the company was notified and directed to mend its ways. If no notice was taken by the company or it fell into its evil ways again officers of the offending companies were summoned to Albany and asked to explain the reason for failing to produce gas up to the required standard. On Dec. 6 the following companies must appear by officer or attorney before the commission in this city:

Sea Cliff and Glen Cove Gas Company, the Rome Gas, Electric Light and Power Company, the Central New York Power Company of Canastota, the Halfmoon Light, Heat and Power Company of Mechanicville, the People's Gas and Electric Company of Oswego, all of which are deficient in candle-power requirements; the Malone Light and Power Company, the Newburg Light, Heat and Power Company, which are deficient in candle power and sulphuretted hydrogen requirements; the Homer and Cortland Gas Light Company, the United Gas Electric Light and Fuel Company of Sandy Hill and Fort Edward, the Watertown Light and Power Company, deficient in candle power and sulphur requirements; the Glens Falls Gas and Electric Light Company, deficient in sulphur requirements, and the Waterville Gas and Electric Company, deficient in sulphuretted hydrogen requirements.

These companies must show cause why an order should not be entered requiring them to manufacture and distribute gas in accordance with the prescribed standards, and why suit should not be begun to recover penalties for past deficiencies.

ALLOW INSURANCE RENEWALS

New York and Massachusetts Will Not Insist on Strict Letter of the Law.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 20.—Superintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss and Insurance Commissioner Hardison of Massachusetts have decided that, although it is a close question whether or not the so-called renewals of accident and health insurance policies before Jan. 1 next are not technically new contracts, calling for the use of new policies, as prescribed by law, yet, in view of the practical difficulties in the way and the loss which might result to policy holders, the benefit of the doubt should be given to the present method of renewals, and any further question which might arise thereunder be left to the courts or to further legislation. There will be, accordingly, no interference by these departments of two States with the renewal of contracts now in force by renewal certificates, if that method is acceptable to the companies and their policy holders.

However the departments will urge that policies issued under the new law have a renewal provision, so that, in respect to such policies no question can arise as to whether or not a renewal certificate is illegal.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

The reports of the mercantile agencies on the condition of general business throughout the country do not tell of any notable change in tone since last week. Dun's Review says:

The volume of transactions is still below high-water mark, but a fair degree of activity exists throughout the country, and this is reflected in the reports from the principal industries and the leading cities. This measure of activity is more in evidence than is the profit of business, narrowed as it is by the high costs of labor and material. Labor, though restless, is, on the whole, well employed at good wages. Capital is in better demand than supply, the latter being restricted by two main conditions—first, by the great conversion of liquid into fixed forms of capital by reason of the tremendous output of stocks and bonds in recent years, and, second, by the sensitiveness of investors and lenders to the uncertainties necessarily attending a transition stage in the economic development of the country. In spite of these conditions a deep faith in the ability of the country to solve these problems, and at the same time expand in prosperity, is a notable feature of the situation, and, in connection with the generally excellent agricultural conditions, explains the degree of optimism that exists. The actual movement of trade is helped by the tendency to declining prices, which is manifest, but this is a movement which is susceptible of a twofold interpretation. The great basic industries, the iron and steel and the dry goods trades, show some progress, but the former is depending largely on the extent of railroad purchases, and the latter is still waiting for financial conditions to become more clearly defined. Bank clearings outside of New York this week increased 1 per cent. over 1909, and were 9.9 per cent. better than in 1908; in New York the decrease was 9 as compared with 1909 and 13.5 per cent. as compared with 1908. Railroad earnings in the first week of November are 4 per cent. larger than the heavy total a year ago. Foreign commerce at New York in the latest week amounted to $32,096,305, against $31,886,271 in 1909 and $29,285,709 in 1908. Imports exceed the exports by $7,472,423.

Definite signs of improvement appear in iron and steel, although business from the railroads has not developed as quickly as usual at this season of the year. Progress is noted in special lines of cotton goods offered for Spring, and two or three instances are cited of full offerings being sold up and withdrawn. On the other hand, the demand for print cloths and convertibles has fallen off and prices are generally easier. New business in footwear is limited and most New England plants are running on short time.

Bradstreet's says:

Favorable central features in this week's trade reports comprehend better distribution at retail, due to cool weather; somewhat larger filling-in orders, for which the advance of the season and light buying by retailers early in the year are responsible; the equalization of cheaper meat supplies, at least as regards wholesale prices; firmer feeling in pig iron and increased business in holiday goods. Groceries, seasonable lines of hardware, and Winter wearing apparel show most activity. However, there is considerable room for improvement in retail distribution, which is still affected by the prevalence of open weather in parts of the country, and which has been slow in expanding, owing probably to the high level of prices that have prevailed for some time past.

There is more doing on Spring account, but business in this respect is still marked by conservatism, and buyers in many lines seem disposed to hold off because prices are not to their liking. On the other hand, first hands display no particular anxiety to book heavily ahead because of the high level of raw materials, the difference between which and the selling prices of the manufactured article leaves little room for profit.

In the agricultural communities farmers seem to be in a good position to hold their remaining crops of wheat and cotton for higher prices, and this fact in turn has caused country banks to husband their resources, and in some instances to draw down their balances with city banks. Collections range from fair to good.

Industrial lines as a whole are still comparatively quiet, and outdoor construction work tends to become less active as the season advances. Coal is active. Railway gross earnings are diminishing, which fact indicates rather marked losses in net receipts.

Wholesale Commodity Prices.

Dun's list of wholesale commodity prices about New York showed thirty-three advances and twenty-seven declines dur-

ing the week ended Friday, the changes being:

Advances: Wheat, corn, malt, oats, rye, barley, Spring patent flour, hops, Western eggs, dried peas, raw sugar, cabbages, dried apples, coffee, mace, white pepper, palm oil, rubber, raw silk, Bessemer pig iron, tin, newspaper, No. 1 heavy cowhides, Portland cement, muriate potash, nitrate soda and sulphate ammonia fertilizers, crystals tartaric acid, cocoa butter, cream tartar, Russian ergot, glycerine, Rochelle salts.

Declines: Butter, dried beans, Burley tobaccos, live beef, hogs, and sheep; lard, mess pork, cottonseed oil, Soya bran oil, country steers' hides, turpentine, open hearth steel billets, wire rods, jute, hemp, sulphate potash fertilizer, cochineal, opium, quicksilver.

Print Cloth Market.

Something over 100,000 pieces was last week's total of the turnover in the primary market for print cloths at Fall River, Mass., a slight increase over the total of either of the two preceding weeks, but not enough business to equal production. Prices sagged. The brisk buying that in early October seemed to be the beginning of good cotton goods trade has apparently died away. The week-end prices were:

	Nov. 19.	Nov. 5-12.	Oct. 29.	Oct. 22.
28-inch 64x64s	3¾c	3¾c	3¾c	3¾c
28-inch 64x60s	3¾c	3¾c	3¾c	3¾c
27-inch 64x60s	3 9-16c	3¾c	3¾c	3¾c
27-inch 56x56s	3¼c	3¼c	3¼c	3¼c
27-inch 56x52s	3⅛c	3 3-16c	3 3-16c	3⅛c
38½-inch 64x64s	5¾c	5¾c	5¾c	5¾c
39-inch 68x72s	5¾c	5¾c	5¾c	5¾c

The Week's Failures.

R. G. Dun & Co. report 274 commercial failures in the United States during the week ended Thursday, against 207 in the previous week, and 239 in the same week of 1909. By sections the figures show:

	Total of All Failures. Nov. 17, 1910.	Nov. 10, 1910.	Nov. 18, 1909.	Total for Over $5,000. Nov. 17, 1910.	Nov. 10, 1910.	Nov. 18, 1909.
East	111	79	99	54	35	37
South	72	57	59	26	32	15
West	56	51	61	19	17	17
Pacific	35	20	20	12	7	8
T'l U. S.	274	207	239	111	91	72
Canada	33	24	20	6	4	9

	Incr'se in Failures. Over Prev. Week.	Over Last Year.	Percent'e of Large Failures. Nov. 17, 1910.	Nov. 10, 1910.	Nov. 18, 1909.
	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.
East	40	12	48	44	37
South	26	22	36	56	25
West	9	*17	33	33	27
Pacific	75	75	34	35	15
Total U. S.	32	14	40	44	30
Canada	37	65	18	16	45

*Decrease in failures.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Week Ended Nov. 19, $10,800,500.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	90¾	90¼	90½	6
Albany & Susq. 3½s	93¾	93½	93⅝	45
Allis-Chalmers 5s	78	88½	78	33
Am. Ag. Chemical 5s	102⅜	102¼	102¼	5
Am. C. Oil 4½s	98½	98½	98½	9
Am. Hide & L. 6s	94	93⅝	94	23
Am. Tel. & Tel. cv. 4s	105½	105½	105⅝	571
Am. Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	91	90¾	91	8
Am. Spirits 6s	97	97	97	1
Am. Thread 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	23
Am. Tobacco 6s	106⅞	106	106	108
Am. Tobacco 4s	80½	80⅛	80½	202
Armour 4½s	92⅜	91¾	91¾	23
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	98⅜	98⅜	98½	65½
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼	10
A., T. & S.F. adjstapd. 00s	90½	90½	90½	15
A., T. & S. F. con. 5s	108¾	108¾	108¾	22
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s	107¼	106⅝	106⅝	43
T., T. & S.F.cv.4s,1909	107	107	107	20
A.T.&S.F. Trans.S.L.4s	93½	92¾	92¾	13
At. Coast Line 4s	95	94	94	5
A. C. L., L. & N. 4s	92½	92	92½	28
At. & Birm. 4s	84	84	84	1
At. & Dan. 4s	80¼	80¼	80¼	2
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	98¾	98	98⅛	76
B.&O..P.,L.E.&W.V. 4s	91½	91¼	91⅜	12
B. & O., S. W. Div.3½s	90⅜	90½	90½	9
B. & O. prior 3½s	92½	92¼	92¼	30
Bethlehem Steel 5s	86	86	86	18
B'way & 7th Av. 5s	102	102	102	1
Brooklyn R. T. 4s	83¾	83	83¼	95
B. U. El. 5s	102⅜	102	102	52
Brooklyn Un. Gas 5s	105⅜	105⅜	105⅜	14
B., C. R. & N. col. 5s	113½	113½	113½	1
Cal. Gas & El 5s	92½	92¼	92¼	3
Can. Southern 1st 6s	103⅞	103¼	103¼	32
Can. Southern 2d 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	15
C. B. U. P. 4s	84	84	84	1
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	104½	106½	106½	3
Cent. of Ga. 2d inc. 5s	88	88	88	15
Central Leather 5s	99¾	99½	99⅝	54
Central Pacific 4s	97¼	96¾	96¾	29
Cen. R.R. & B. Ga. 5s	102¾	102¾	102⅞	8
Central Vermont 4s	85⅜	87⅜	87⅜	2
Central of N. J. 5s	122⅝	122⅝	122⅝	15
Cent. of N. J. reg. 5s	124⅞	121¾	121¾	2
C. & O. con. 5s	112¼	112	112¼	29
Ches. & Ohio genl. 4½s	101¾	101¼	101¼	44
Ches. & Ohio fund 5s	103⅛	103	103⅛	4
C. & O. Coal R. 5s	83¾	83¾	83¾	1
C. & O. con. 4½s	94¾	94¼	94¾	655
C. & O., Big Sandy 4s	88½	88½	88½	2
Chi., B. & Q. gen. 4s	97¼	97	97¼	24
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96	95¾	95⅞	179
C., B. & Q. Ill. 3½s	88¾	88	88	12
C., B. & Q., Neb. 4s	99¼	99	99	4
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	101¾	101¾	101⅝	32
C., B. & Q. Ill. 4s	100¼	99⅝	100	22
Chicago & E. Ill. ref. 4s	84	83½	84	25
Chi. Great West 4s	85⅞	85¾	85⅞	3
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	99½	98⅞	98⅞	50
C., M. & St. P. 3½s	88	88	88¼	24
C., M. & St. P. 4s, 1934	93	92¾	92⅝	9
C., M. & St.P.C.P. & W. 5s	107	106⅜	106⅜	21
C. & N. W. 3½s	88¾	88	88	11
Chi. R. I. & P. 5s	99	99	99	2
C., R. I. & P. 1st 6s	110¼	110¼	110¼	1
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	97½	97	97½	2
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	74½	73¾	74½	353
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	89½	88¾	88¾	36
Chi. St. L. & P. 5s	112½	112½	112½	5
C., C., C. & St. L. 4s	102	102	102	2
Chi. & W. Ind. con. 4s	91½	91½	91¼	1
C., C. C. & St. L. g. 4s	95	95	95	3
C., C., C. & St. L. St. L. Div. 4s	93½	92¾	93½	3
Col. Ind. 5s	77	77	77	2
Col. F. & I. gen. 5s	98	98	98	17
Col. F. & I. deb. 5s	98½	98½	98½	1
Col. Southern 1st 4s	95⅜	95	95	11
Col. Southern ref. 4½s	97½	97	97	24
Consol. Tob. 4s	80½	80¼	80½	3
D. & H. ref. 4s	99	98¾	98¾	46
D. & H. conv. 4s	98⅜	98⅛	98⅜	6
D. & H. 1len eq. 4½s	101½	101½	101½	1
Den. & R. G. ref. 5s	91½	90¾	91	6
Den. & R. G. con. 4s	94⅞	94¾	94⅞	7
Den. & R. G. imp. 5s	101⅛	101	101¼	8
Det. City Gas 5s	100	100	100	1
Det. Edison 5s	100½	100½	100½	2
Dist. Securities 5s	77⅝	75½	77⅜	335
Ed. El. Ill. of B'klyn 4s	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜	1
Erie gen. 4s	74⅜	74⅜	74⅜	12
Erie conv. 4s, A	77	74⅞	76	41
Erie conv. 4s, B	70¼	69¾	70	26
Erie, Pennsylvania 4s	87	87	87	4
Erie 1st con. 7s	120	120	120	1
Erie & Pitts. 3½s, B	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜	1
Ev. & T. H. gen. 5s	101½	101½	101½	1
Ft. W. & R. G. con. 5s	103½	103½	103½	1
G.H&SA., M&P div. 5s	107¼	107¼	107¼	3
Gen. Elec. conv. 5s	147¾	146½	147	81
Green Bay deb. B	15	14½	14½	5
Han. & St. Jo. 6s	100½	100½	100½	6
Hav. El. 5s	95½	95½	95½	15
Hous. & Tex. 1st 5s	110	109⅝	109⅝	2
Hous. & Tex. gen. 4s	93¾	93¾	93¾	1
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1953, reg.	96	96	96	1
Ill. Cent. 3½s	90¾	90¾	90¾	5
Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	97½	97½	97½	8
I. C., Lou. div. 3½s, reg.	83¼	83¼	83¼	10
Inter. R. T. 5s	103	102¾	103	355
Inter. R. T. conv. 6s	100⅝	100½	100½	20
Inter.-Met. 4½s	80½	80¼	80⅜	332
Int. & Gt. N. 1st 6s	107	107	107	5
Int. & Gt. N. 2d 5s	103	103	103	22
Int. & Gt. N. 3d	15¾	15¼	15¼	1
Int. Nav. 5s	79	79	79	1
International Paper 5s	86½	84	86½	21
Inter. Steam Pump 5s	92¼	92	92½	7
Iowa Central 1st 5s	105¼	105¼	105¾	3
K. C. & Pac. 4s	94¼	94	94	21
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	80¾	80¾	80¾	2
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	78	77¼	77¼	2
Kansas City South. 5s	101	100	101	9
Kansas City Term. 4s	98	98	98	5
Kentucky Central 4s	94¾	94¼	94¾	2
Knoxville & Ohio 6s	116	116	116	4
Lack. Steel 5s, 1919	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	22
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	96	96	96	10
Laclede Gas ref. 5s	101¼	101	101	4
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	93⅜	93	93¼	7
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	93¼	92⅞	92⅞	30
Lake Shore 3½s	90	90	90	1
Lake Shore 3½s, reg.	90	90	90	1
L. V. of Penn. 4s	98	98	98	1
Long Island ref. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼	7
Louis. & Nash. gen. 6s	115	115	115	1
Louis. & N. unif. 4s	98⅝	98¾	98¼	26
L. & N. unif. 4s, reg.	97¾	97¾	97¾	10
Lex. & Chi. & Lex. 4½s	104¾	104¾	104¾	2
Man. Consol. 4s, tax exempt	98¾	98	98	23
Mercantile Marine 4½s	64⅝	64½	64⅝	20
Met. St. Ry. 5s t. r.	77	76¼	76¼	15
Mex. Cent. con. 4s	99½	99¼	99¼	5
Mex. Int. 4s Sta	79	79	79	5
Mil., L. S. & W. 1st 6s	116	116	116	5
Mil. L.S.&W. Mch.dv.6s	118¾	118¼	118¼	5
Minn. & St. L. Ref. 4s	73	72	73	2
Minn. & St. L. con. 5s	108	108	108	1
M., K. & T. 1st 4s	97⅝	97¼	97¼	11
M., K. & T. 2d 4s	85¼	84	84	17
M., K. & T. r. f. 4½s	85	85	85	2
M., K. & T. of T. 5s	104	104	104	1
Mo. Pac. con. 6s	110	109¾	110	25
Mo. Pac conv 5s	93¼	92⅝	92⅞	63
Mo. Pac. 5s, 1917	101½	101¼	101½	6
Mo. Pac. 4s	77½	77½	77½	1
M. & O. St. L.& C.gt.4s	94	94	94	5
N. C. & St. L. 1st 5s	106½	106½	106½	1
Nassau El. 4s	78	78	78	1
Nat. Rys. of M. pr. 4½s	94¾	94¾	94¾	21
Nat. Rys. of M. gen. 4s	89¾	89¾	89¾	4
Nat. R.R.Mex. con. 4s	84	84	84	5
N. Y. Air Brake 6s	104	104	104	9
N. Y. Cent. deb. 4s	99¾	99½	99½	28
N. Y. Cent. 3½s	88¾	88¾	88½	30
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	81	80¾	81	42
N. Y. C., M. C. 3½s	80¾	80¾	80¼	3
N.Y. C. & St.L. 1st 4s	99¾	99¾	99⅝	88
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	84¾	84¾	84¾	13
N. Y. G.,E. L. & P. 5s	102⅞	102	102	19
N. Y. L. 4½s	99	99	99	2
N. Y., N. H. & H. 6s	134½	133½	134¼	20
N. Y., N. H. & H. 3½s	101¾	100⅞	100⅞	54
N. Y., O. & W. 4s	97	96¼	96¼	4
N. Y. & Putnam 4s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	1
N. Y., S. & W. ref. 5s	101	101	101	1
N. Y. Tel. 4½s	98½	98¼	98¼	146
Norfolk & W. con. 4s	98⅝	98½	98½	10
Norfolk & W. conv. 4s	100¾	100	100	110
Northern Pacific 4s	100⅝	99⅞	99⅞	54
Northern Pac. 4s, reg.	99⅜	99½	99⅜	25
Northern Pacific 3s	71¼	71	71	24
Nor. Pac. Term. 6s	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	1
Or. R. & N. con. 4s	95	94½	94½	7
Oregon S. L. ref. 4s	93	92⅝	93	26
Oregon Short Line 6s	114¾	114¾	114¾	5
Oregon Short Line 5s	111⅛	111	111⅛	18
Pacific Coast 5s	104½	104½	104½	1
Pacific Tel. & Tel. 5s	97½	97¼	97⅛	53
Penn. gtd. 4½s	104	103¼	104	3
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	2
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915	98⅝	95⅞	98⅛	28
Penn. 4s, 1948	103⅜	103¼	103⅜	3
Peo. & East. inc. 4s	60	59¾	60	4
Peo. & East. 1st 4s	90	90	90	1
Phila. conv. 5s	99⅝	99	99⅝	5
P., C., C. & S. L. 4s, g	99	99	99	1
Reading gen. 4s	98¾	98¼	98¼	73
Reading gen. 4s, reg.	98	98	98	4
Reading-J. C. col. 4s	97¼	97¼	97¼	3
Rio G. W. 1st 4s	90⅛	90	90⅛	6
R. I. & L. 4½s	94	94	94	1
St. L. & I. M. gen. 5s	107¼	107¼	107¼	1
St. L. & I. M. ref. 4s	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	2
S.L. & I. M. R. & G. 4s	84¼	84¼	84¼	8
St.L. & S.F. R.R. gen5s	86¾	86⅝	86⅝	29
St.L. & S.F. R.R. ref.4s	81	80⅝	81	28
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	90	90	90	5
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	76	74	74	4
San A. & A. P. 4s	86¾	86¼	86¼	19
Seaboard A. L. ref. 5s	100	100	100	2
Seaboard A. L. 4s, sta.	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	60
Seaboard A. L. adj. 5s	78½	73½	77⅜	1045
So. Pac. of Cal. 6s	102	102	102	1
Southern Pac. conv. 4s	97½	96⅞	97⅛	627
South. Pac. ref. 4s	94⅝	94¼	94¼	18
South. Pac. col. 4s	92⅝	92	92	13
Southern Ry. 1st 5s	104½	103¾	104½	28
So. Ry. gen. 4s	76⅝	76	76½	25
So. Ry., S. & L. Div.4s	87½	85	85¼	6
So. Ry., M. & O. 4s	86	85	85	8
T. C. & I. gen. 5s	103	103	103	5
T. C. & I., Birm. 6s	104⅜	104¼	104⅜	1
Texas Pac. 1st 5s	110¼	110¼	110¼	8
Third Av. 4s, t. r., stpd.	62	61	61⅞	168
Third Av. 1st 5s	107	107	107	8
Tol. & O. C. 1st 5s	107⅝	107¼	107⅝	2
Tol., St. L. & W. 4s	76	75	76	6
Tri-City 5s	98½	98½	98½	1
Und. El. Lon. Im. 6s	87¼	87¼	87¼	7
Und. El. Lon. 4½s	88¾	88¾	88¾	25
Union Pacific 1st 4s	101⅜	101⅛	101⅜	1034
Union Pac. conv. 4s	106¾	106¼	106¾	558
Union Pac. ref. 4s	96⅞	96⅜	96⅞	31
U. S. R. Imp. 5s	88	88	88	3
U. S. Leather 6s	104½	104½	104½	2
U. S. Rubber 6s	103	102¾	103	39
U. S. Steel 5s	103⅞	103⅜	103⅞	370
U. S. Steel 5s, reg.	102¾	102¾	102¾	21½
Va.-Car. Chem. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	25
Va. Iron, C. & C. 5s	96	96	96	1
Wabash 1st 5s	100	100	100	2
Wabash 2d 5s	99⅞	99⅝	99⅝	86
Wabash ref. 4s	65⅜	65	65⅜	226
Wab., Omaha 5s	71¼	71¼	71¼	2
Wab., D. & C. 5s	107½	107½	107½	1
Wab. Pitts. Ter. 1st 4s	45¾	44½	45¾	4
W. P. T. 1st 4s, t. r.	47	44⅝	47	157
W. P. T. 2d 4s	6¼	6¼	6¼	10
Western Md. 4s	86½	86¼	86⅝	91
W. Va. Tel. Ref. 5s	94¾	94¾	95	68
West. U. conv. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	30
West Shore 4s	101¼	100⅞	100⅞	11
West Shore 4s, reg.	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞	26
West. El. & M. 5s	92	91	92	65
Wheel. & L. E. con. 4s	84½	83⅞	84	15
Wis. Central 4s	93¼	92⅞	92⅞	11
Wis. Cent., S. & D. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	11

Total sales.....$10,228,500

Foreign Government Bonds

Argentine 5s	97⅞	97⅝	97⅝	20
Japanese 4½s	94⅝	94	94⅝	28
Japanese 4½s, 2d Ser.	93⅝	93¾	93¾	8
Japanese 4s	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	3½
Republic of Cuba 5s	102	101¾	101⅞	7
Republic of Cuba 4½s	97½	97½	97½	1
San Paulo 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	20
U. S. Mexico 4s	96	96	96	1
U. S. of Mexico 5s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	2

Total sales.....$85,500

United States Government Bonds.

3s, reg	101¾	101¾	101¾	1

State Bonds.

Va. fd. debt	87	87	87	7

New York City Issues.

4s, 1956, reg	97½	97½	97½	5
4s, 1958	99½	99	99	15
4s, 1959	99½	98½	99	94
4½s, 1960	100⅞	100½	100⅜	28
4½s, 1957	107⅜	106	106⅜	38
4½s, 1957, new	107⅜	106¾	106⅞	38

Total sales, $478,500.

Grand total, $10,800,500.

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1910 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale.	
Alabama Currency Fund 4s					111	Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914		J. J.			100	Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958					113⅜	Jun. 19, 1909
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960					112¾	Nov. 7, 1910
N. Y. Canal 4s					104½	Nov. 7, 1910
North Carolina 6s, 1919		A. O.			119	Nov. 7, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910		J. J.			99¾	Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small					100¼	Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax		A. O.			117	Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933	103½	July 27	103½	July 27	103½	July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913	96	July 5	94¾	Mar 9	96	Oct. 7, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small	95½	Jun. 20	93½	Mar 9	95½	Jun. 20, 1910
Virginia def. ctfs					1½	Dec. 22, 1904
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs	56	Jan. 4	40	Jun 1	41	Oct. 28, 1910
Va. fund. debt 2-3s, 1991	90⅞	Jan. 20	87	Nov 14	90	Dec. 20, 1907
Virginia Riddleberger						
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg	101¼	Mar. 4	100¼	Jan 20	100⅜	Oct. 11, 1910
U. S. 2s, 1930, coupon	100⅜	Jun. 3	100¼	Feb 5	100⅜	Jun. 3, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg	115½	Oct. 19	114½	Mar 28	115½	Oct. 19, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon	115⅝	Jan. 28	114½	May 5	115¼	Nov. 3, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon	103	Mar. 22	101¼	Jun 27	101⅜	Nov. 12, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg	102⅝	Feb. 24	101¼	Aug 4	101⅜	Nov. 16, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small	102½	Mar. 11	102½	Mar 11	102½	Mar. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1936, reg	100⅜	Oct. 26	100⅜	Aug 11	100⅜	Oct.

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Tel. 2510 Stuy.

Below 14th St.

For Lessees.—Marvelous opportunity; lease for long term; modern 25-family flats, fully rented; waiting list; excellent condition; allow wonderful margin; shows enormous profits; good party necessary; cash security; greatest bargains I have ever offered. Call, 18 West 75th. Telephone 3275—Columbus.

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You Don't Need a Servant

in an "Easy Housekeeping Home," Fenimore Street, between Bedford and Rogers Aves., B'klyn. $7,950; $950 cash and $50 a month. Houses open day and evening. Brighton Beach "L." Prospect Park Station. Send for booklet.

REALTY ASSOCIATES, 176 REMSEN ST., BROOKLYN.

For good reasons must sacrifice our beautiful eight-room semi-detached brick with every modern improvement; solid oak trim, parquet floors, etc.; situated in the heart of a picturesque MAPLE GROVE; 35 minutes from City Hall; worth $7,000; take $6,000; only $200 cash, balance like rent. Owner 232 Times Downtown.

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I have just taken in foreclosure two large, new absolutely modern two-family houses on plot 40x100; one block from elevated; worth $9,000; will sacrifice for $7,000; only $200 cash. Executor, H 231 Times Downtown.

FARM LAND OPPORTUNITIES.

Country Homes FARMS Near New York City
Where owners must sacrifice to quick purchasers.
I. J. Auerbach, 14 East 23d St., N. Y. C.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Brooklyn.

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Fireproof building, passenger and freight elevators, steam heat, power day and night, live steam; lowest insurance rates; light on four sides; one block from Manhattan Bridge Plaza, two blocks from Brooklyn Bridge Plaza; convenient to freight terminals; ready for occupancy.

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Pearl and Prospect Sts., Brooklyn. 1304 Main.

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AN "EASY HOUSEKEEPING" HOME

at Millington, one hour out on the D., L. & W. Railroad. High altitude, beautiful views. A great mission living room, with fireplace and window seat, timbered old English dining room, pantry, kitchen with steel range and laundry tubs, two bedrooms and bath—all on one floor. Two more bedrooms and storage second floor. All bedrooms finished in white enamel, with mahogany doors. Richly decorated; electric light, steam heat, purest water; grounds 90x200. Would you like to sit in this beautiful home and look to the south and east as far as the eye can reach? You can do it for $5,500; part cash. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

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Do you want Commuter's BIG "little farm," an hour out, close to station, Lackawanna R. R., easy terms? Our unique booklet will interest all refined, sincere homeseekers. Acre Farm and Home Company, 141 Broadway.

Magnificent Colonial House—All improvements; big lot; on a hill; Westfield; price, $12,000; $2,000 cash. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Fanwood plot 100x400; $1,200; $10 cash, 12 monthly; restricted. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

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Fine building plot, Westfield, 50x175; $450; $10 cash, $5 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

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was the agent of
The Pennsylvania Railroad Co.
in the purchase of ALL its
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—But—
The Scientific Management of All Types of Building
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Small payment and $30 per month buys beautiful new suburban house with all improvements. Twenty minutes from Manhattan. One block from depot. Fine surroundings. Private residence park. Call, 'phone, or write.
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Owing to business reverses I must sell my suburban house, consisting of nine rooms, two baths, all modern improvements; 20 minutes from Herald Square; any fair offer will be considered to make quick sale. Box P 215 Times Downtown.

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Plot 80x115 on line with Edgemere Clubhouse. Address Chas. Cords, No. 5 Shipley St., Woodhaven, L. I.

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Do You Own A House?

Does it pay you?
If not, there's a reason.
For best results have it managed by
Berlin Renting System
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6% interest on mortgage loans. Principal and interest guaranteed. Title insured by Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company. I will invest for you sums from $300 to $3,000. For particulars, Henry Y. Halley, 103 Park Av., N. Y. City.

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Brooklyn.

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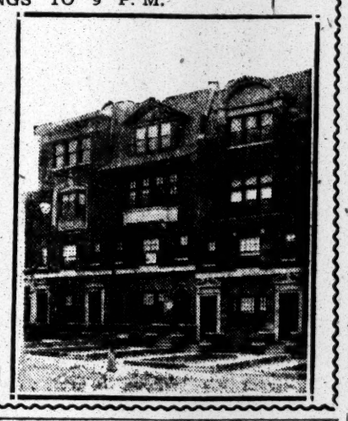

Two Apartments—two floors in each. Separate entrance to each.
TWO complete houses in ONE. All bedrooms large, outside and light.
Extra large living and dining rooms. Hot water heat; hot water supply.
Beautifully decorated. Electric and gas fixtures exceptionally fine. Parquet floor. Seven fine rooms and bath in each apartment. Rent of one apartment will pay all carrying charges. All privacy of a one-family house—your expenses being paid by rent of the other apartment. Very accessible by several trolley lines and Elevated and by Subway being built.
A few apartments to rent for $65 and $70.

WALTER L. JOHNSON
398 Ninth Street, Brooklyn

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Absolutely Fireproof
250 W. 88th St., S. W. Cor. Broadway.

7 and 8 large rooms and foyer. Abundant closets; complete night and day service. Laundries with steam drying rooms, or open drying on roof. ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE; ALSO GAS for laundry use; Extra Maid's room on superstructure, if desired.

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CORNER 96TH ST.,
One Block from Subway Express Station.
7-ROOM CORNER APARTMENT, $55.
All light rooms, parquet floors, electric light.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES, OR
S. ALVIN PIZA { Melrose Av., cor. 161st St. Tel. 3803 Melrose.

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One apartment to let, nine rooms and bath; all light; gas and electricity; parquetry floors; newly fitted and very attractive.

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beautiful suite, 8 rooms, 2 baths, one of New York's most modern apartment houses, at Subway express station; possession at once; rent $2,400. Address "Sublet," 148 Times Downtown.

43 5th Av.—Very desirable apartment, sixth floor east, 10 large, light rooms, 3 baths, to sublease; every improvement, elevator, &c.; rent reasonable. Folsom Bros., Inc., 835 Broadway.

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270 WEST 43D STREET,
NEAR TIMES SQUARE.
Six light rooms and bath, all improvements, private hall; $40 to $47. See janitor.

FIRST-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
One seven room and bath suite, $60.
Central Park West, corner 100th St.

Bachelor apartment, 2 rooms and bath; with service; unfurnished; $40 monthly. 88 Union Square.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.
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Morningside Drive West, Cor. 116th St.
6, 7 and 8 room apartments.
All modern improvements.

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126-126 West 116th St., Near 7th Av. Drive.
Elevator apartments; 4, 5, 6 large, light rooms and bath; all-night elevator; telephone service; Subway, surface and "L" cars at corner; $32.50 to $50.00. Superintendent on premises.

3 min. to 116th St. Sta. 6th and 9th Av. "L."

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ONE 5 ROOM APARTMENT, $60
Extra large—all outside rooms—southern exposure. Housekeeping conveniences. Restaurant optional.

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Beautiful 5 and 6 rooms; telephone, etc.
$42 TO $48.

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Elevator apartment, 4, 5, 6 and 10 rooms. Electric light All modern improvements.

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6 room suite, $50; 7 room suite, $55.
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Bronx.

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LIGHT, SUNNY ROOMS; IN NEW HOUSE

All improvements; electric light, etc.
4 rooms, $24-$26.
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Healthful location, pleasant surroundings. Near park, athletic grounds, etc.; convenient to West Side "L" lines.
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APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Six-room corner apartment overlooking Hudson; references. Sheridan, Riverside Drive, corner 127th St.

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STUDIO.—I want large, modern studio, with 3 to 5 rooms furnished, up town; 4 months. Painter, H 6 Times.

Wanted fully furnished apartment to accommodate 5 adults till April 1st; will pay $50 per month. G 60 Times.

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Wanted, in central location, one or two houses, suitable furnished rooms. Reference, 209 West 43d St.

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Wanted—To rent, salesroom space, about 30 by 40 feet square, between Broadway to 4th Av. and 32d to 33d St. Address Johnson & Stirgwolt, Columbus, Ohio.

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With the opening of a new section of Edgemont Estate, we offer another special opportunity to five acceptable parties to obtain homes in the Scarsdale community at minimum cost. All improvements, fine macadam roads, brick walks, sewers, water, electric lighting, etc.

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$250—JAMAICA HOUSES—$250.

Cash $250, balance as rent, buys elegant new 7, 8 or 9 room house; oak floors and trim; steam heat, tiled bathrooms; restricted neighborhood. FRANK L. FERGUSON, 1,328 Broadway, Manhattan, or 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Sacrifice 2 lots in Elmhurst, cash or terms. Write Wachter, 713 Knickerbocker Av., B'klyn.

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Brooklyn.

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Elegant large corner apartment, eight rooms and bath; steam heat, hall service, telephone, &c. Rent $75 per month. Supt. on premises.

2D AVENUE, 145
6 ROOMS AND BATH, ELEVATOR, STEAM HEAT..... Rents $33 to $45.
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Unfurnished apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, &c. Call between 10 and 2.

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NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North, week days only, leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M., Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only leave Pier 27, E. R., 11:00 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK.

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Cuisine and Service Unexcelled. Very Best Accommodations.

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Direct rail connections at Albany and Troy for points North, East and West. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.

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MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE.
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Fishguard and Liverpool
Mauretania..Nov. 30, 9 AM|Lusitania..Dec. 28

SPECIAL CHRISTMAS SAILING
S. S. MAURETANIA, DEC. 17, 8 P. M.
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool.
Campania, Dec. 7, 10 A. M.; Caronia, Dec. 14
GIBRALTAR GENOA NAPLES
TRIESTE FIUME
Carpathia..Dec. 3, noon|Ultonia.....Mar. 23
Pannonia..Feb. 25 noon|Saxonia.....Mar. 30

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SAILING FROM NEW YORK WED'DAYS.
Through Bookings to the Orient and Far East.
Special Through Trip of SS. Martha Washington From New York JAN. 28th, 1911 TO Alexandria
With stops at the Azores, Gibraltar, Naples, and Thermina; thence Trieste via Piraeus and Gravosa.
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GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
California..Nov. 26, 2 P.M.|Columbia..Dec. 10, 1 P.M.
Furnessia..Dec. 3, 10 A. M.|Calendonia..Dec. 17 10 A.M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
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$45.00 TO EUROPE

New York to Rotterdam
EXCELLENT CABIN ACCOMMODATION.
Companello....Nov. 24|Volturno .....Dec. 22
Uranium .....Dec. 8|Companello....Jan. 5
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TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG

†AMERIKA.....Nov. 24, 12 noon
*BATAVIA.....Dec. 3, 10 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC. Dec. 10, 12 noon
‡PRESIDENT GRANT. Dec. 17, 10 A.M.

†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Second cabin only. ‡Hamburg direct.

EUROPE

GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA

By new 17,000 ton steamers, equipped with all modern safety appliances. Electric Baths, Gymnasium, Elevator, etc.
S. S. CLEVELAND....Dec. 6, 10 A. M.
S. S. CINCINNATI....Jan. 5, Feb. 14
S. S. CLEVELAND.....Jan. 28
EXCELLENT SERVICE ON THE NILE.
Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

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ORIENT Egypt, Holy Land, Nile. — January 28 by the S. S. Cleveland (17,000 tons), 80 days, $325 and up. Finest trip ever planned. Strictly first-class. Nile trips by the Hamburg and Anglo-American Nile Co.'s superb steamers.

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AROUND THE WORLD (Two Cruises) — By the S. S. Cleveland (17,000 tons), from New York November 1, 1911, and from San Francisco February 17, 1912, 110 days, $650 and up, including all necessary expenses. Optional Tours of 17 days in India, 14 days in Japan.

CUBA, JAMAICA, HAYTI, PANAMA, Colombia, Costa Rica, and West Coast Points. — Fortnightly after November 30 by S. S. Hamburg (11,000 tons). Finest and largest ship to Cuba. Weekly by well-known "Prinz" and other steamers of the Atlas Service. Superb trips at moderate rates—28 and 25 day cruises, $135 and $140. Also tours including hotel expenses.

BOOK NOW! Send for illustrated pamphlet and rates.
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All the attractions of the RIVIERA, with automobiling, bathing, fishing, and other outdoor sports. Only direct route without change from New York daily, except Sunday, calling at Charleston for all Carolina resorts; at Brunswick, for all Georgia and Alabama points, reaching Jacksonville the third day for all Florida resorts.
CLYDE STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
From Pier 36, North River, New York.

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Special 16-day cruise to and around the island, $110, including all expenses, touching at principal ports and affording an opportunity of seeing the island under the most favorable auspices. Steamer is your hotel for entire cruise. Porto Rico is now an American possession. Reached in perfect comfort in 4½ days from New York. Send for booklet.
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S. S. Brazos, San Jacinto, Denver. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday for Galveston and all points Southwest and the Pacific Coast. Only steamers from New York to Texas without change. Sailings for Key West, connecting for Miami and Palm Beach, every Wednesday and Saturday, and for Tampa and Mobile every Saturday. Delightful water route trip.
MALLORY STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
From Pier 45, North River, New York.

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Just off the coast of Florida; bathed by the Gulf Stream and tempered by trade winds. NASSAU (Bahamas) is the ideal Winter resort of the Western Hemisphere. Splendid hotels, excellent golfing, tennis, polo, motoring, yachting, fishing, bathing. Weekly sailings from New York. Send for literature.
Fare $25 up. Round trip $47 up.
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INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES

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All our steamers have Wireless Telegraph and Submarine Signals.

Finland	Nov. 23,	10:00 A. M.	RED STAR LINE. Dover—Antwerp—Paris.
Teutonic	Nov. 23,	3 P. M.	WHITE STAR LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Louis	Nov. 26,	10:00 A. M.	AMERICAN LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Baltic	Nov. 26,	2:00 P. M.	WHITE STAR LINE. Queenstown—Liverpool.
Minnewaska	Dec. 3,	10:30 A. M.	ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE. London Direct.

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Costing only $150 and upwards for 31 days, affording 294 hours ashore, three days more than any other cruise
The Ship, the Itineraries, the Equipment and the Prices are Right; and you may visit United States territory under the American flag. Send for map and program

American Line Pier 62 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Louis...Nov. 26, 10 AM|St. Paul..Dec. 10
New York...Dec. 3, 10 AM|Phil'a..Fri., Dec. 16

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct Pier 58 N. R.
Min'w'ka..Dec. 3, 10:30 AM|Min'haha..Dec. 17
Minneapolis..Dec. 10, noon|Min't'ka..Dec. 24

Red Star Line Pier 59 N. R.
New York—*Cherbourg—Dover—Antwerp.
Finland....Nov. 23, 10 AM|*Lapl'd (nw) Dec 10
Kroonland..Nov. 30, 10 AM|*Vaderl'd..Dec. 21
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY. (TEL. 2100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

White Star Line Piers 60 & 61 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Teutonic....Nov. 23, 3 PM|Majestic..Dec. 7
Oceanic.....Nov. 30, 3 PM|Adriatic..Dec. 14
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Baltic .....Nov. 26, 2 PM|Cedric...Dec. 10
Celtic.....Dec. 3, noon|Arabic...Dec. 17

New York and Boston to
RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
The Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria
*CEDRIC (21,035 tons)....Jan. 11, Feb. 22
*CELTIC (20,904 tons)....Jan. 25, Mar. 8
*Largest Steamers to the Mediterranean.
Romanic..Nov. 30, 12 n'n|Romanic.....Mar. 18
Canopic..Dec. 7, 2:30 PM|Cretic.....Mar. 22
Romanic.....Feb. 4|Canopic.....April 8
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R. M. S. P. "AVON" 11,073 Tons
Twin-Screw
Jan. 21 (27 days) $140 & up
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The only Steamer Cruising in the West Indies specially constructed for service in the Tropics.
Weekly Sailings from New Pier 61, N. R., N. Y.

Bermuda—Cuba—Jamaica PANAMA WEST INDIES
On Alternate Saturdays by West India Mail Steamers and Intervening Saturdays by the R. M. S. P. "TRENT" 5,025 Tons
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ITALY RIVIERA EGYPT
MADEIRA GIBRALTAR
ALGIERS VILLEFRANCHE GENOA
NAPLES ALEXANDRIA FIUME
A LA CARTE SERVICE
WITHOUT CHARGE
CARONIA FRANCONIA CARMANIA
NOV 26, JAN 7, JAN 21, FEB 18, MAR 11,
FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO OUR AGENCIES AT NEW YORK, BOSTON, CHICAGO, MINNEAPOLIS, PHILADELPHIA, ST. LOUIS, SAN FRANCISCO, TORONTO, MONTREAL AND WINNIPEG OR LOCAL AGENTS

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Especially Low Rates to Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand via Europe and the Suez Canal.
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G. Washington..Nov. 22
K'prinz Wm..Nov. 29
Kaiser W. D. G..Dec. 13
G. Washing'n..Jan. 3

THURSDAYS 10 A. M. Twin-Screw and Fast Mail Sailings.
*Roon.....Nov. 24
*Cassel.....Dec. 1
Fried'h d. Gr..Dec. 8
K. Luise..Sat., Dec. 17
*Bremen Direct.

GIBRALTAR—ALGIERS—NAPLES—GENOA
SATURDAYS 11 A. M.
K. Albert.....Dec. 3|†Berlin (New)....Jan. 7
P. Irene.....Dec. 10|K. Luise..Wed., Jan. 25
†Omits Gibraltar.
Connections made for all Mediterranean, Black Sea and Far Eastern Ports. Wireless and Submarine Signals. Travelers' Checks Good All Over the world. Independent Around the World Trips.
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Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Touraine..Nov. 24|*La Lorraine..Dec. 15
La Bretagne..Dec. 1|*La Touraine..Dec. 22
*La Savoie....Dec. 8|La Bretagne..Dec. 29
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (II) Cabin Passengers only.
*Chicago.....Nov. 26
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

Go To Bermuda

Round Trip $30 and up in December.
9 days TOURS $50.00 up
Including Hotels, shore excursions, etc.
Fast Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian" sails 10 A. M., Nov. 26th, Dec. 10th, 24th, Jan. 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th. Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy.
For illustrated pamphlets apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 565 and 264 Fifth Ave., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:52|Sun sets..4:38|Moon rises..9:25

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:33	11:42	4:34	5:22
Governors Island	11:18	12:00	5:13	6:03
Hell Gate	1:08	1:50	6:48	7:38

Arrived—Sunday, Nov. 20.

SS Hesperus, Shields, Nov. 5.
SS Gorredyk, Amsterdam, Nov. 4.
SS Hamburg, Naples, Nov. 8.
SS Touraine, Havre, Nov. 12.
SS Perugia, Palermo, Nov. 4.
SS Baltic, Liverpool, Nov. 12.
SS Maracas, Grenada, Nov. 13.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, Nov. 17.
SS Jefferson, Norfolk, Nov. 19.
SS Jamestown, Norfolk, Nov. 19.
SS Porto Rico, Baltimore, Nov. 19.
SS Beatrice, Philadelphia, Nov. 19.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Coppename, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.
Monroe, Norfolk	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

George Washington, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	——	10:00 A.M.
Sant' Anna, Azores	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rosalind, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Allianca, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Teutonic, Southampton	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Finland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Oceania, Naples	——	1:00 P.M.
Ikalis, Argentina	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Monterey, Havana	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Yumuri, Cienfuegos	——	1:00 P.M.
Pathfinder, Fajardo	——	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Marima	Antwerp	Nov. 8
Pennsylvania	Copenhagen	Nov. 2
Rayn	Bremerhaven	Nov. 5
F. J. Luckenbach	Tampa	Nov. 15
California	Glasgow	Nov. 12
Duca d'Aosta	Naples	Nov. 9
Patris	Piraeus	Nov. 1
Virginia	Palermo	Nov. 7
Dunstan	Para	Nov. 8
Chicago	Havre	Nov. 12
Mesaba	London	Nov. 10
Kroonland	Antwerp	Nov. 12
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Nov. 12
Carolina	San Juan	Nov. 10
Zulia	La Guaira	Nov. 15
Tennyson	Barbados	Nov. 15
El Sol	Galveston	Nov. 15
Bermudian	Bermuda	Nov. 19
Prinz Sigismund	Inagua	Nov. 17

DUE TO-MORROW.

Clyde	Kingston	Nov. 18
Kronprinz Wilhelm	Bremen	Nov. 16
Morro Castle	Havana	Nov. 19
C. F. Tietjen	Christiansand	Nov. 12
Cleveland	Cherbourg	Nov. 14
Sairma	Inagua	Nov. 17
Colon	Cristobal	Nov. 16
Batavia	Hamburg	Nov. 12
Denver	Galveston	Nov. 16
El Norte	New Orleans

Standard of Reliability.

All advertisements submitted to The New York Times are edited. Every one that suggests the least doubt is excluded, while others which are authentic but undesirable through lack of conciseness and clearness are put in suitable form before printing.

Every Want advertisement receives attention and is accepted for publication by The New York Times only when it conforms to the standard of reliability.

If you are seeking high-class help or desire a better position read the Want advertisements in to-day's issue of The Times.

LOST

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Late Saturday night, either at Churchill's or in taxicab, gold vanity case with attachments and bearing the initials "F. D. H." on the outside and the name "Mrs. F. D. Hyman" on inside. Liberal reward will be paid for its return to I. E. Hyman, 31 West 27th St.

LOST—Indian necklace of colored stones, between Avalon, Jamaica Av., via Fulton St. car, L. I. station, local, to Brooklyn, 7th Av car to 46th St., Brooklyn, between 4 and 6 P. M., Thursday, Nov. 17; reward. Yale, 6 Avalon Av., Jamaica. 100 Jamaica.

LOST.—$300 reward, no questions asked, for the return of lady's gold mesh bag, mounted with diamonds and sapphires; gold vanity box and gold cigarette case, jeweled monogram, "L. K. B.," lost on Nov. 13, between 51st and 45th Sts., between 5th and Madison Avs. E. S. Bayer, 11 East 15th St.

LOST—On Saturday evening, Nov. 12, in or in front of Daly's Theatre, or on West 30th St., a gold brooch, with sapphires, surrounded by brilliants; reward. R. D. W., Box Office Daly's Theatre.

LOST—On Saturday, 6th Av., 45th to 107th Sts., Riverside Drive, lady's ring; three large stones of two diamonds and sapphire; liberal reward offered. W. A. Wheelock, 343 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Nov. 13, between Altman's store and Hotel Seville, a sable neckpiece with braided chain fastener. Please return to Hotel Seville and receive suitable reward.

LOST—Friday morning, gold monogram fob, between 24th, Flatbush, and Park Row, Brighton Beach train; liberal reward. 872 East 24th St., Flatbush.

LOST.—Gent's gold watch, monogram, with Waltham movement, in Malden Lane district; $15 reward. L. W. Rubenstein, 54 Malden Lane.

LOST—Friday, Nov. 18, diamond pendant and platinum neck chain; liberal reward. Return to Grace Heitman, 52 West 59th St. Phone 406 Murray Hill.

LOST—Gold bracelet, three diamonds, Mouquin's restaurant or vicinity of 5th Av. and 28th St., "Gertrude." Inside; liberal reward. Gertrude Bock, 34 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Sable mink neck scarf with heads and tails, Wednesday after midnight, in taxicab; liberal reward, no questions asked. McGregor, 201 West 54th St.; tel. 6088 Columbus.

LOST.—A filigree silver necklace (gilded) of pansies, with large pansy pendant. Return to 24 Broad St., Room 404, or telephone 840 Rector; reward. H. H. H., 2d.

LOST.—Nov. 17, gentleman's watch charm, 8 diamonds, Lenox Av. Subway, between 116th and Fulton St. station. $50 reward if returned to Room 710, 141 Broadway.

LOST—Large pearl earring, suspended from two diamonds. Suitable reward if same is returned to Mrs. De Freef Critten, Grymes Hill, S. I.

LOST—Black lynx rug muff, Nov. 17, Lexington-Lenox car, Bloomingdale's; reward. Mrs. E. Dreyfus, Apartment 42, 101 West 140th St.

LOST.—Saturday afternoon, Metropolitan Opera House, three-piece mink scarf. Suitable reward if returned to M. B. Hellner, 1 Broadway.

LOST—On Sunday, going to St. James's Church, Fordham, diamond pin on black bow; reward. Return to 2,308 Aqueduct Av., Bronx.

LOST—Pair pearl dress studs, Broadway Theatre, Saturday night; suitable reward. Communicate Safford by 'phone, 1221—Cortland.

LOST—Saturday night, intaglio carved watch charm; reward for return. Peall, 83 Hamilton Place.

LOST—A turquoise brooch, with gold ball, between West 70th and West 90th Sts., Nov. 20; reward. M. R. B., 226 West 78th St.

LOST—Muff, (skunk); lost in Broadway car at 127th St., Saturday, 3 P. M. Reward if left at Hotel Schuyler, 57 West 45th St.

LOST—On Saturday, a lady's gold watch; monogram "M. H. S." Reward if returned to Miss M. H. Smith, 320 West 83d St.

LOST—Platinum and gold watch chain, locket, gold pencil, gold cigar cutter; reward and no questions asked. 356 Lexington Av.

LOST—On Saturday, small pearl, sapphire crescent, between 46th and 39th Sts.; reward. Return to 354 West 21st St.

LOST.—Gold watch, with fob, monogram "F. H. R.;" owner's name inside; $5 reward. 86 South Oxford St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Lady's photograph, made Gallup's, Poughkeepsie; Sunday, below Grant's Tomb, Riverside Drive. H 10 Times.

LOST—Seventh Regiment gold fob, Company F, with initials "F. T."; liberal reward. L. C. Tonner, 23 West 23d St.

LOST.—Between 112th and Lenox Av. and 100th St. and Madison Av., monogram fob; reward. Morris Astor, 88 Gold St.

LOST.—Gold watch, A. E. D., blue chatelaine, Broadway, 85th, 122d. Return 340 West 85th St. Reward.

LOST—Plain gold lorgnette; reward. Room 1239, Knickerbocker Hotel.

LOST—Locket containing lady's photo; reward. Fischl, 1,442 3d Av.

LIBERAL REWARD offered for return of large sable collarette, lost Tuesday from taxicab leaving Waldorf midnight; no questions asked. L. E. Baird, Hotel Patterson, West 47th St.

$25 REWARD—For information leading to recovery of horse, bay, 8 years, 15.3 hands; weight 1,110 pounds; long mane and tail, with black points; white nose and face; extra flat knee and high action; horse was hired to the Italian Monday, Nov. 14. Notify Union Boarding Stable, 343 Union St., Brooklyn.

$100 REWARD will be paid for return of diamond horseshoe shaped pin; lost between Waldorf-Astoria and Altman's, or in Altman's store, on Nov. 18; pin contains about forty small diamonds. Address H 9 Times.

REWARD offered for black lynx muff taken from ladies' dressing room of Knickerbocker Hotel on Saturday night. Correspond with Miss E. Levy, 321 West 92d St.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Nov. 19.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Apply 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Two gloves, books, shoes, overalls, &c., shirt, underwear, twine, electric switches, towel rack. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Cane, spectacles, grip, satchel, pair eyeglasses, 2 books, roll plans, 2 packages cloth, 2 packages herbs, handbag, box stockings, rule, brush, spirit level. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Two pair gloves, powder, slipper, roll plans, purse, shirts, bank, suitcase, rat, neckpiece, reading matter, 2 cards, hatpin, hair clipper, tobacco pouch, piece cloth, &c. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Clock, gloves, cuff button, shirt, shoe, breastpin, bottle wine. SUBWAY—Two handbags, 3 purses, pocketbook, beltpin, scarfpin, breastpin, baby pin, pair spectacles, eyeglasses, railroad ticket, patent leather bag, roll magazines, checkbook, shoe form, letter, glove, pair gloves, knife, portfolio, hat, shoe, slippers, overalls, box letters, &c., case, laundry, vest, &c., collars, muff, neckpiece, piece brass, mousetrap, cup and brush.

FOUND, Nov. 18.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.; Book.

FOUND, Nov. 18.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station; Muffler, sweater, railroad ticket, muff, hand bag, package.

FOUND, Nov. 18.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City; Two bags, two packages.

FOUND, Nov. 18.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.; Five packages, box, dress case, 3 umbrellas.

FOUND, Nov. 18.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.; Overcoat, envelope, umbrella, pocketbook, toilet case, safety razor, soap dish, 2 pairs pajamas, book, railroad map.

FOUND, Nov. 18.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.; Package, watch.

FOUND, Nov. 18.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION, 33d St. and 7th Av. Apply Baggage Room; Two packages, book, cap, package of flowers, earring.

FOUND, Nov. 18.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master, Weehawken, N. J.; Package.

LOST AND FOUND. CATS. DOGS

35c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Russian wolfhound dog; color white, black spots, reward. Capt. Henry, 10th Precinct.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 23d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

TO PERSON WITH ABILITY TO GRASP AN OPPORTUNITY, THE INVESTMENT OF $2,000 IN A PRACTICAL MONOPOLY WILL YIELD LARGE RETURN; SERVICES NOT REQUIRED. ADDRESS ONLY COTTELL, 92 6TH AV.

An established manufacturing company wants thoroughly competent man to fill office Treasurer and General Manager; must invest $5,000; salary, $50 weekly and attractive profits. Eastern Clock and Specialty Co., 26-28 Downing St.

For Sale—An old established business with all new, latest style machinery; require about $10,000 cash; good opportunity for business man. G 138 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Wanted—Fifty men each to own one of our little peach, vegetable, and poultry farms at Hillsboro N. J., price $95 each; easy terms; let me send you free tickets to look them over. Lester L. Brooks, 45 West 34th St.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BEST & CO.,

FIFTH AV. & 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE NUMBER OF BRIGHT, ACTIVE GIRLS, 16 YEARS OF AGE, AS MESSENGERS.

LADIES—Reliable home work applying transfers; $1.50 dozen guaranteed. 71 West 23d, Room 814.

REFINED lady, over 25, who is in touch with modern methods of education; permanent position; good pay to right party. G 17 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST, Christian, with knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply Monday afternoon, 110 West 14th St., White Eagle Garment Co.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; English-speaking girl in family two adults, one child; must have good references and disposition; salary $25, without laundry work; $30 including laundry work. Address 1,218 Martine Av., Plainfield, N. J.

WANTED—Chambermaid, also act as waitress, in small private family; experienced; first-class references necessary. Mrs. A. Benedict, 318 West 100th St. Call between 9 and 10 A. M.

WANTED—General houseworker in apartment; three adults; references required. Apply Monday. Ward, 254 West 85th St.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A HUSTLER wanted to sell a popular-priced line of skirts of a well-known firm for the city, Brooklyn, and surrounding towns; also one who is acquainted with office trade; good inducements will be made to one who can show results. Apply, stating full details, G 53 Times.

A SALARY and commission to young man or woman thoroughly capable of acting as subscription representative in New York City and Brooklyn for a well-known National church weekly; must be experienced in subscription work and able to give reference from Episcopal clergy; the field is not covered in any way, and the right man or woman will be successful. Address Subscription Department, 434 Lafayette St., New York, giving references and qualifications.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—A leading Eastern foundry will engage the services of a young man as assistant to head of Cost Department; preference given to man of experience, who is now, or has recently been, engaged successfully in a stove or furnace plant; applicant must give full particulars, and will be treated confidentially. Address G 171 Times.

GOOD SALESMAN wanted by manufacturer of misses' and children's cloaks; popular price goods; give particulars; confidential. Box G, No. 58, Times.

SALESMEN wanted to handle as a side line a popular-priced line of skirts for a well-known firm, to cover the following territories: North, South, East, West, and the Coast; will only entertain communication from business getters. Apply, stating full particulars, G 56 Times.

SALESMAN.—Good salesman wanted by manufacturer of misses' and children's cloaks; popular price goods; give particulars. Confidential, Box G 58 Times.

Salesman on cloaks and suits for West and for Coast; only ones with A1 trade need apply. P 216 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell beef tea cubes to the saloon trade only; good commission to right men. Schwartz, 1,330 1st Av.

SALESMEN wanted for retail cigar business; must be experienced; state references. N 288 Times Downtown.

WANTED—High school college or training school graduated Jewish young man with some executive ability to help in the supervision of a large group of boys. Apply to Assistant Superintendent of Orphan Asylum, Broadway, corner 150th St.

YOUNG MAN in engineer's office; beginner on typewriter; $5 to start; good chance of advancement. Address, stating age, training, G 160 Times.

YOUNG MAN, good appearance and address, Christian, on salary and commission, with experience in renting offices in downtown district. G 45 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3167 John

JUPP AGENCY.—Stenographers, bookkeepers, clerks furnished free; expert fac simile, duplicating. 87 Nassau St. 4,221 Cort.

Domestic.

COOKS, houseworkers, chambermaids, waitresses, day workers; references. Shepherd Agency, 107 West 133d St. Tel. 6910 Morningside.

COOKS, houseworkers, chambermaids, useful, elevator boys. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d St. Tel. 94 Morningside.

FIRST-CLASS domestic help supplied; male, female; references. Shepherd Agency, 344 West 59th St. Telephone 6460 Columbus.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, firemen; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486 Morningside.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 806 6th Av.—Strictly reliable domestic help furnished. Telephone 3089 Bryant.

JAPANESE Young Men's Association Employment Agency furnishes reliable help. 726 Lexington Av. 6380—Plaza.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 88 West 134th.—Bond, $1,000; guaranteed colored help. 1119—Harlem.

HELP WANTED

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

EPISCOPAL ORGANIST for Southern church; with extras, $1,000. Webster's Choir Agency, 136 5th Av.

Domestic.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 6892 Bryant.

Competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after references are carefully and personally investigated; housekeepers, governesses, visiting and resident; circular sent upon request.

MRS. DICKINSON'S Co-Operative Employment Agency, 373 5th Av.—Supplies housekeepers, governesses, nursery governesses, and nurses; also high-class household servants, male and female; references personally investigated; houses opened and cleaned. Tel. 6422 Mad. Square.

MRS. MACK, Waldorf Employment Agency, 12 West 33d St. 'Phone 800 Madison.
(Formerly of Eaton Terrace, London, England.)

Only first-class help supplied of all classes and nationalities, after careful investigation of references; no fees until positions are secured.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COMPANION or SECRETARY.—A lady wants position as useful companion or secretary for the morning hours. C. A., Box 25, 1,364 B'way.

ENGLISH LADY wishes position with young children, where the development of character is considered of more importance than mere book learning; highest references. G 162 Times.

LAUNDRESS.—Fine laundress wants high-class family washing, home; sunny yard; private house; reference. 184 East 70th. Tel. 4500 Lenox.

LAUNDRESS.—First-class laundress wishes washing to take home; reference. Hunter, 152 West 62d.

MAID and seamstress by competent Swedish girl; reference; wages $25. C. L., 132 Lexington Av.

SEAMSTRESS wants a few more customers; remodeling a specialty; best references. 111 East 58th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable business woman; several years' experience; competent to hold difficult position; understands office routine, office duties; unquestionable references; $15. P 220 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; can take rapid dictation accurately, transcribe quickly and intelligently; references from former employers. Capable, P 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; American; $6; neat, bright girl, beginner; rapid, accurate, good speller; no agency. Ella K., P 213 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Year's experience; willing, obliging; accustomed to hard work; neat, accurate, rapid; excellent References; $8. American, P 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; can handle large correspondence quickly, intelligently; references; $15. Executive, 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent young woman; rapid, neat, accurate worker; references. Thorough, 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ambitious beginner will accept low salary with advancement opportunities. Executive, 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good worker; excellent education; references furnished; salary desired, $8. Prompt, 251 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, neat, accurate; references; operate any machine; $12. Kessler, 241 East 118th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; six years' experience commercial; A1 references. Margaret Phillips, General Delivery, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat typist; familiar with office work; references; $10. Competent, 250 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent, neat, rapid worker; 9 years' experience; $15. B. J., 316 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, quick, anxious gain experience; fairly speedy, very accurate. M. M., 317 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.

Salesman, successful in another line, understanding advertising
CAN POSITIVELY MAKE GOOD.
Uneedme, 236 Times Downtown.

A—A—ACCOUNTANT EXPERT.—Periodical audits, investigations; books opened, closed, written up, balanced, systematized; reliable work moderate. Address Accountant, 55 Wall St., Room 212. Telephone 4337 Broad.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $3 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,317. 'Phone 2993 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, investigations, periodical financial statements rendered for any business; cost systems installed; executorship accounts prepared; reasonable terms. J. T. Brierley, West Av., Kensington, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT. AUDITOR.
HERMANN E. GOLDSCHMIDT.
High grade. Moderate. References.
150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4317.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER.—Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Tel. 2825 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

A RESPONSIBLE MAN desires rent collection; security if required. S. Jonas, 100 West 116th St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—By young man, 19, at present employed, as assisting bookkeeper. G Box 28 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 20; experienced, reliable, trustworthy, efficient; familiar with stenography, typewriting. Hertzfield, 338 East 121st.

BUTLER.—Experienced Southern colored man; knows duties thoroughly; five years in present family. Nathan Wright, 448 Riverside Drive. Phone 6570 Morningside.

CLERK.—Young man desires position as clerk in office or factory; willing, ambitious; best of references; salary $8. N 284 Times Downtown.

College man, with some business experience, desires position intelligent work offering career; excellent references. P 223 Times.

COMPETENT YOUNG BUSINESS MAN, energetic, desires to connect with reliable mercantile house for future; best references. G 135 Times.

DETECTIVE, licensed, seeks work by day or week, shadowing, tracing. Wagner, 162 East 86th St.

Evening work, any capacity; student, (2d.) 8 years' clerical experience; references. H 8 Times.

GERMAN desires office position with import or export house; has ten years' experience with Vienna export firm; thoroughly acquainted with office work. W. Frankl, 215 West 109th St.

MANAGER.—By man of 40, position of manager of high-class apartment building, or apartment hotel; very highest references. C 110 Times.

MASSEUR, graduated in Sweden, with thorough knowledge of massage, open for engagement. G 168 Times.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man, 20, thoroughly experienced in general office work, knowledge typewriting and stenography, desires position; excellent references. G 150 Times.

PAPERHANGER wants work, piece or contract. Lassman, 64 East 97th St.

REFINED ENGLISHMAN, (30,) wishes work passage England; take charge invalid. "Credentials," H 7 Times.

SALESMAN, road and city experience, desires position with reliable mercantile concern. Salesman, 212 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Fine education, seeks secretarial work; part time; experienced; rapid; accurate. H 5 Times.

VALET, highly recommended, wishes position to travel or care of bachelor apartment in New York; speaks French and Italian; knows Europe and Egypt thoroughly. C. L., G 47 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position, wholesale millinery house, as stock clerk; will surely make good; best references furnished. M. G. 14 East 112th Street.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires position; advancement; furnish highest references. P 222 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position at anything with advancement. P 221 Times Downtown.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished large, small rooms with board; all conveniences; table guests.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Clean, sunny room, comfortably furnished; running water, telephone; good table.

16TH ST, 7 WEST.—Large front room; elegant surroundings; excellent table.

44TH ST., 214 WEST.—Good rooms, with good board; telephone; references.

48TH ST., 115 WEST.—A private family offer with board large room, to a gentleman.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large and small, private baths; 'phone; exclusive; with board.

58TH ST., 336 WEST.—Rooms tastefully furnished; superior accommodations; try our table board; home cooking.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Third-story room; private bathroom; hot water supply; telephone; references.

72D ST., 166 WEST.—Unusually large, handsome room, bath; desirable single rooms; superior cuisine; references.

74TH ST., 128 WEST.—Desirable physician's office, with extension; suitable two; rooms; table guests; references.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Clean, bright suite; private bath; single rooms; quiet, refined; table guests.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, with bath, large closets; parlor dining room; excellent table; table board; telephones; Christians; references.

76TH ST., 114 WEST.—Single room, suitable for student; private house; telephone; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—With board, attractive large room; private bath; references.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms and board; high-grade.

80TH ST., 163 WEST.—Alcove front room, small room, steam heat; parlor dining room. Davidson.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Table guests accommodated; select parlor dining room; excellent cuisine.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; homelike surroundings; parlor dining; superior table; telephone.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant, large, warm rooms; handsomely furnished; every convenience; superior board; telephone.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Cheerful, sunny rooms; double and single; first-class French cooking; near Park and "L" station.

93D ST., 161 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; other rooms; running water; gentlemen preferred; board optional.

95TH ST., 53 WEST.—Newly decorated; large closets; every comfort; private house; board optional.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large front room, sunny dressing room; parlor dining room.

117TH, 417 WEST.—Modern residence; beautiful room, private bath; smaller room also; Subway and elevated; best possible location. 4080 Morningside.

125TH ST., CORNER (2,018) 5TH AV.—Large well furnished front rooms, conveniences, $2.50 up. Delsinger.

129TH ST., 143 WEST.—Elegantly furnished second-story front room; southern exposure; hot water; new; piano, telephone; parlor; private house; American family; excellent table, references.

131ST, 264 WEST.—Room and board; private American family; gentlemen; elevated station; telephone.

157TH, 237 WEST.—Families desiring good, comfortable home, good, liberal table, will find same at very low terms; use laundry; telephone. Croner.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms, connecting; private house; steam heat, telephone; references; table guests.

142D, 512 WEST.—Large and small cheerful rooms; connecting or otherwise; attractive house, steam-heated; unusually good table; phone Audubon, 5075 W.

149TH ST., 540 TO 546 WEST.
Main entrance, 544, near Broadway Subway. A few vacancies; large room, $14; another, $18 weekly for two; house well heated; every comfort; excellent meals. Telephone 2757—Audubon.

152D ST., 502 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, first-class board; large private house; $14 up for two; convenient to Subway and L.

156TH, 540 WEST.—Well furnished room, with running water; southern exposure; in quiet house; one block from Subway; excellent home cooking; table boarders desired.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service, baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates, quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

IN REFINED HOUSE near 79th St. Subway; a handsomely furnished room, adjoining bath, suitable lady or gentleman; price, $10 per week; tray breakfast optional. G 132 Times.

WAVERLY PLACE, 101, Washington Square N. W.—Desirable rooms, suite or single; private baths; steam; excellent table; service good.

1.—WEST END AV., 879, (corner 103d.)—Block from Riverside Park; Subway express station, surface cars, and Riverside 'buses; finest location in New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Boarders wanted; most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Desirable rooms; reasonable; excellent table; reference; telephone.

34TH, 117-119 EAST,
THE NAYLOR.
Large and small rooms; telephone; table board.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large and single rooms, select house; steam heat, elevator; fine table.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

MADISON AV., 604-606.—Single and double rooms; second floor; excellent board; parlor dining.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 11.—Large rooms, overlooking water; convenient to Wall St., near lines, and Subway; excellent table; reasonable; references.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; comfortable, attractive, homelike; special Winter rates. Telephone Flushing 290.

Country.

Comfortable home for elderly people and others; $7; circulars. 315 Gramatan Av., Mount Vernon.

BOARD WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

YOUNG MAN of refinement desires home with private family in Brooklyn; one where there are a few young people. G 167 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; beautiful large, small rooms; running water; bath; breakfast optional.

5TH AV., 61.—Large, front, one flight; steam, electricity, telephone; running water; gentlemen. Campbell.

9TH ST., 28 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms; ample closets, hot water, baths, telephone.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Double and single rooms for gentlemen, private house; conveniences; highest references.

22D ST., 232 WEST.—Handsomely furnished heated large and small rooms; phone.

27TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms; newly decorated, well heated; private bath; reasonable.

84TH ST., 859 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small, well-heated rooms; all conveniences; moderate rates.

88TH ST., 52 WEST.—Exceptionally large, handsome rooms; moderate rental; single rooms; large front basement.

39TH ST., 45 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms well kept, in central location.

45TH ST., 9 WEST.—Unfurnished front and back parlor, and nicely furnished rooms.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large and small, suitable, for two; permanent; all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with all conveniences, for gentlemen.

49TH ST., 300 WEST.—Furnished room for lady; elevator apartment; every convenience. Apartment 509.

55TH ST., 325 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, well heated; hot, cold water; telephone; suitable two, three.

56TH ST., 845 WEST.—"The Kemper"; double, single rooms; furnace heated; running water, baths; reasonable.

57TH ST., 348 WEST.—Large parlor; clean, quiet rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; "L," Subway.

64TH ST., 164 WEST.—Comfortable, warm rooms; shower bath; telephone; superior service; reasonable; references.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Large handsomely furnished rooms; private bath; first-class house; references.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large single room; southern exposure; hot, cold water; references exchanged.

70TH, 122 WEST.—Furnished rooms; bath; parquet floor; rugs; telephone; gentlemen.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Handsome alcove bedroom, bath; strictly private house; gentleman; superior location.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

72D ST., 802 WEST., (Near Riverside.)—Very pleasant large and single rooms, next bath; private house; location unsurpassed; 'phone; Subway.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large room, handsomely furnished; private bath; other rooms; telephone; references.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelor's superior accommodations; handsome sunny rear room; quiet, refined house; references.

81ST ST., 102 WEST.—Desirable rooms, adjoining bath; scrupulously clean; conveniently located; private house.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large room; one flight; electric light; parquet floors; telephone; references.

87TH, 127 WEST.—One room or suite, with bath; all conveniences; strictly private; reasonable.

88TH ST., (570 West End Av.)—Private house; handsomely furnished room; bath; terms moderate; telephone, 7990 Riverside.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Handsome, sunny room; twin beds; select house; all accommodations; "L" and Subway.

91ST ST., 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; southern exposure; select house; telephone; reference.

94TH ST., 315 WEST.—Private family; elevator apartment; two rooms, single or en suite; gentlemen; references. Apt. 4A.

96TH ST, 138 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining bath; excellent location; business people; board optional. Muir.

97TH ST., 150 WEST.—Newly furnished room; southern exposure; Subway express, "L"; private house; owner.

97TH ST., 47 WEST.—Cheerful, sunny, handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite.

102D ST., 254 WEST.—Private house and family; near Subway station; refined environment; attractive, sunny room, adjoining bath; telephone; gentleman; moderate.

111TH ST., 515 WEST.—Two connecting, front rooms; southerly exposure; Apartment 25; Phone Morningside 3915.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Large front parlor room; extension window, elevator, telephone; near Subway. Cook.

114TH ST., 514 WEST.—Bachelor apartment; convenient Subway. Call evenings, after 8, Apartment 2.

114TH ST., 514 WEST.—Bachelor apartment; convenient Subway. Call evenings, after 8, Apartment 2.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Large, newly furnished rooms, single or en suite; southern exposure; elevator, telephone, running water; dining room opposite; reasonable. Davis.

115TH ST., (1,115 Amsterdam Av.)—Comfortable room; all conveniences; opposite Columbia dormitory; $3. Reynolds.

129TH, 409 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive home; two gentlemen; elevator apartment; breakfast; $5.50 each. Cook.

121ST, 170 WEST.—Just furnished, sunny corner; four windows; conveniences; telephone; $3, $5. Hungerford.

121ST ST., 519 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large room opposite Columbia; electricity; telephone; gentleman. Lane.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Sunny roms; elevator service; good; reasonable; dining room first floor. Vaneeden.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Large and small rooms; elevator apartment; southerly exposure; telephone; piano. Fentrick.

121ST ST., 501 WEST.—Two attractive front rooms, suitable two or three people. Stokes.

123D ST., 524 WEST.—Two neat, comfortable rooms in private family; $2.50 and $3.25 to permanent roomer; bath convenient; gentlemen. Eaton.

128TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large rooms; closet, running water; southern exposure; private house; reasonable.

137TH ST., 622 WEST.—Subway station; sunny room; $5; gentlemen only; newly decorated. Clarke.

137TH ST., 253 WEST.—Pleasant, comfortable rooms; medium, small; convenient Subway, elevated; board optional; telephone.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; running water; private house; bath, shower; Subway; reasonable.

145TH ST., 518 WEST.—Desirable large rooms; two connecting; Subway express station; $2.50 up. Kenny.

149TH ST., 538 WEST, Near Broadway Subway.—We have opened another house in connection with our old established place and offer newly furnished rooms to desirable parties from $3 to $8 per week; board optional. The Audubon, 540 to 546 West 149th St.

149TH ST., 548 WEST.—Attractive room; hot, cold water; refined home; private house. Broadway Subway.

A.—A.—A.—AT 3 UNIVERSITY PLACE, Opposite Washington Square.—Large and small elegantly furnished rooms; private residence; gentlemen; references.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS strictly private house, for bachelor seeking permanent, exclusive home; every modern convenience; absolute privacy; breakfast. 273 West 70th St.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, (corner of 127th St.)—Handsomely furnished suites, four, five rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity, silver, linen; $12.50 weekly; beautifully furnished room, bath, kitchen, $4-$6 weekly.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 730, Near 145th St.—Large and small rooms; steam heat; references.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 351.—Cosy room, elevator apartment; no other roomers; terms, $3. Wolff.

Two large newly furnished rooms; together or separately; bath; telephone; private house; moderate to right party. G 146 Times.

Will rent to gentleman room with private bath in elegantly furnished apartment, 130th St. and Riverside Drive; only those seeking cultured home need apply; breakfast if desired. G 149 Times.

East Side.

17TH ST., 216 EAST.—Desirable room for gentleman; private house; near park; bath; references.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable, well furnished large and small rooms for gentlemen.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Furnished rooms without board; steam heat; all conveniences.

28TH ST., 16 EAST, (near Subway.)—Bachelors' quarters; swimming pool, showers; $6 weekly and up.

40TH ST., 5 EAST.—Richly furnished double, single rooms; private baths; electric light; hall service.

43TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large and small rooms; gentlemen.

53TH ST., 55 EAST.—LARGE ROOMS; BATH, ELECTRICITY; REFERENCES.

69TH ST., 20 EAST.—Corner house, one, two rooms; private bath; furnished, unfurnished; $45-$60.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; tiled bathrooms, box spring beds; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

LEXINGTON AV., 822.—Single or double rooms, newly furnished; call with reference.

Brooklyn.

1.—1.—A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for men; with, without private baths; convenient Wall St., Subway, and Bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace, Heights.

GREENE AV., 60.—Elegant large, single room; spacious closet; $2.50; superior house; convenient Subway.

Bronx.

LONGWOOD AV., 917, (near Prospect Av. Subway.)—Single, $2; double, $4; parlor and bedroom, $5.50; sunshine, steam, hot water; meals if desired. Barnes.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED

*15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7

INSANE WOMAN GETS ALL BY RAINIER WILL

Mrs. Foulks's Mind Gave Way Through Fear of Losing Her Inheritance.

FARMER'S FAVORITE NIECE

Document Was Found in an Old Wagon, Which Had Been Purchased at the Administrator's Sale.

Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Nov. 20.—In an asylum for a month, mentally unbalanced through fear that she was to lose the fortune promised her for years by a rich and eccentric uncle, Mrs. Tillie Foulks of Florence, N. J., proves to be the principal legatee under the long lost will of the late Schuyler Rainier, which was discovered yesterday afternoon in the course of the sale of his household effects ordered by the court after it had seemed likely that he had died interstate.

Mrs. Foulks was a daughter of one of Rainier's brothers, and his favorite niece, and the rich old farmer, it is said, repeatedly told her she should inherit the major portion of his $250,000 estate.

This knowledge and the fact that no will could be found after the old farmer's sudden death from apoplexy in his corn field last month, preyed upon the young woman's mind, and she became insane. Now the will has been found, the pathos of the situation has been increased by the fact that the only witness, Rainier's brother, Lambert, is dead, and under strict interpretation of the law which requires two signatures, the document is invalid. The courts, however, have made some broad decisions on this point, and the fact that Rainier had made the statement before numerous witnesses that he had arranged to dispose of his property in almost the identical manner stipulated in the will found yesterday, opens the way for a legal fight that promises to become historic.

Reports inspired by disgruntled heirs not mentioned in the document that the will found yesterday was forged are not borne out by the facts. The will was found by men of prominence, who have no interest whatever in the disposition of the estate, and one of the principal legatees is dead and the other in the asylum.

Great Interest in the Search.

The finding of the will has given Burlington County almost as much excitement as the daylight robbery two years ago of Rainier's safe; which often contained $25,000 or more in gold and a fortune in bonds. The hunt for the will has continued since Rainier's death, the most active in the search being Mrs. Foulks, wife of William Foulks, a Florence storekeeper.

Every nook and corner of the old farmhouse was brushed out and searched. Rainier had told friends that he had made a will, but every clue as to its whereabouts led only to disappointment.

The discovery of the will was made at the height of the sale of Rainier's household effects, ordered by Attorney Robert S. Gaskill and State Senator G. W. Lewis, administrators of his estate. A wagon said to be nearly a century old, used by Rainier for marketing garden truck, had been sold to Harry Bishop, a township farmer, for $4. With Dr. James G. Shepperd Bishop was inspecting his purchase when the physician noticed the end of an old account book tucked between the ribs and canvas of the wagon cover. He pulled out the book and laughingly handed it to Bishop, who found it to contain customers' accounts. He was about to toss it into the wagon when several envelopes and a folded paper fluttered to the ground. The letters were from a broker regarding Rainier's investments.

Bishop and Dr. Shepperd read a half dozen lines of a closely written sheet that was in one of the envelopes and at once scented its importance. Hurrying to the house, they presented it to Attorney Gaskill, who saw that the paper was the long-sought will. The news spread like wildfire. The excitement stopped the auction and a crowd of farmers and townfolk hurried to the house, where Gaskill was reading the document to relatives of Rainier.

Changing facial expressions of heirs and would-be heirs told those who could not hear the attorney's voice who had been remembered and who had not. Some of the disappointed ones were angry, others sniffed contemptuously and said it was a fake, others said nothing, waiting for better news further on in the document, but when Mrs. Foulks was mentioned as the residuary legatee all were silent.

Jane Nixon, Schuyler Rainier's aged housekeeper, who, not being a relative, could inherit nothing, despite her years of toil on the old farm, and Samuel Schuyler, a ninety-two-year-old farmhand, were to have been turned out of the farmhouse next week. Under the will each will receive $1,000. The old woman sobbed in delight when she heard the news.

How the Estate Was Divided.

Rainier left to each of several nieces and nephews $3,000. His farm was left for the use of his brother Lambert during his lifetime, but as Lambert died three months after he witnessed the will, on April 22, 1909, the farm will go to Mrs. Foulks, whose share of the estate otherwise is said to be valued at more than $125,000. The will was written on a plain sheet of paper, apparently by a woman, but it was signed in Schuyler Rainier's characteristic handwriting.

Before the discovery of the will the administrators have dodged a serious legal fight through an agreement with attorneys for the heirs, over a division of the estate. It is certain that relatives of Mrs. Foulks immediately will claim the estate, and a bitter legal battle, based on the ground that only one witness signed the will, and he has since died, seems assured. The Foulkes assert, however, there are many persons to whom Rainier expressed his intention of leaving the major portion of his estate to Mrs. Tillie Foulks. Several of these persons live in Burlington, and in the home of one it was asserted to-day that a few weeks before his death Rainier declared in the presence of three persons, one of whom was Mrs. Foulks, that he had arranged that she should be his principal heir. This was verified by the other woman.

Beginning life as a chore boy, Schuyler Rainier saved enough to invest in Government bonds at the time of the civil war, and in later years became one of the county's richest farmers and land owners.

Two years ago this month the safe in his farm house was robbed in broad daylight. While Rainier was in the fields a burglar locked Mrs. Nixon, the aged housekeeper, in her room, rifled the safe, and escaped with between $3,000 and $5,000. A week later, a wealthy neighbor was arrested, charged with the crime.

A few days later a man in Philadelphia communicated with Rainier offering to expose the real robber. He declared that his motive in writing was to avenge the death of his daughter, whose death he charged to the carelessness of the suspect.

Upon his evidence the real thief was captured in Chicago. He confessed his guilt, and is now in the penitentiary. Some of the stolen money was recovered.

THOROUGHLY ROBBED HIM.

Three Chicago Thieves Operating Separately Stripped Rockford Man.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—Within half an hour from the time he reached this city from his home, in Rockford, John McDonald had been held up by three separate thugs, lost most of his valuables, was badly beaten and cut, and woke up in a hospital in the care of physicians.

A negro assaulted McDonald after he left a street car on Harrison Street and robbed him of his suitcase and $13. While he was in a saloon telephoning the police of his loss a second robber stole his overcoat, which he left on the bar.

When within a few doors of the saloon, looking for a policeman, a third thug caught him, dragged him into an alley, and forced him to change clothes, giving him ragged garments in return for his new suit. When the thug found no money in McDonald's clothes he hit the Rockford man with a club, knocking him unconscious. A policeman found him in the alley and sent him to a hospital.

HUNTER DIES UNDER AUTO.

Machine Hits a Wagon While Running Fast at Night.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—One man was killed and three others injured late last night, when an automobile hit a wagon on York Road, ten miles north of this city.

Joseph T. McGowan, Superintendent of Post Office at Oak Lane, a suburb, was crushed to death under the auto, and William R. Evans, a well-known business man of Germantown; John Evans, a brother, and Dr. Corea were hurt.

The party was returning from a hunting trip and was traveling at a high rate of speed when the collision occurred. The automobile turned over and McGowan was caught beneath it. The others were thrown clear of the machine. The driver of the wagon was hurled into a field and was not hurt.

Gould Employes Study Languages.

Three employes of Miss Helen M. Gould are studying languages at the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street. Two of them, George Dobri, a second man, and Joseph de Pasquala, a groom from the stable, are both in the class of English. The third, a coachman, is studying advanced French. Miss Gould, in a letter, said she felt that Dobri and De Pasquala were handicapped by their lack of command of our language and she was anxious that they should be fitted for life in this country.

PLENTY OF TIME, SAYS EX-SENATOR SMITH.

Thinks the Jersey Senatorship Matter Should Rest a While, Because Folk Are Weary.

WON'T REPLY TO MARTINE YET

And Before Deciding Whether to Run or Not He Would Like to Talk with His Doctor—Ex-Senator Looks Well.

Unless something develops from the weekly gathering of politicians in Trenton to-morrow there is likely to be a lull this week in the campaigning in the United States Senatorial contest in New Jersey. The chief reason for this is that ex-Senator James Smith, Jr., is sitting tight on his original declaration in regard to his Senatorial candidacy, and so far as is known doesn't propose to have anything more to say, for a time at least. He has made no statement in answer to the letter published last week by James E. Martine of Plainfield, who received the highest number of votes cast for the two candidates for the United States Senatorial preference at the September primaries, and who made plain his intention of making the fight on principle, no matter who else gets into the race. Nor has Mr. Smith let it be known whether he has made up his mind to seek the caucus nomination, which he declared a week ago he would get if he decided that he wanted to go to the United States Senate, adding that if he got the nomination he would win. It was that sentiment to which Martine objected strenuously, but Mr. Smith has not yet replied. All he would say yesterday was:

"There are many things to be considered and the Senatorship matter can be settled without starting at this early date. There is plenty of time. After the recent campaign the people should be given a short respite, at least, from politics. Some newspapers are unable, apparently, to see it, but there are just now several things of more importance than politics. The price of Thanksgiving turkeys is one of them, and another is the gratitude which should be expressed for the recent Democratic victories. I have, of course, given the Senatorial matter much thought and propose to give it much more. I want to think it over carefully and talk it over with friends still more than I have. Perhaps I might want to talk about it with my doctor, because, you know, a United States Senator should be pretty fit for his duties. But while I am conferring, consulting, and thinking about it all, the people should really be given a rest from politics."

By winning control of the next New Jersey Legislature on joint ballot, the Democrats fell into the position of being able to name the successor to Mr. Kean, a task by which the Republicans set great store before the election, and over which they would also have had a merry contest, owing to the fact that some of their candidates went before the people at the primaries and received a large vote in the preference of a choice for United State Senator, which the law permits to be given by the voters, but which is only morally binding upon the members of the Legislature who elect the Senator. Others did not present their names to the people, but were determined to make a fight for election to fill the shoes of Mr. Kean, one of them being the latter Senator himself.

Now the only chance the Republicans will have in the Senatorial fight is the possibility of a Democratic disagreement of such serious proportions that by some combination of circumstances a Republican Senator could be elected. It is considered practically impossible, however, that the Democrats will let their opportunity slip away from them, no matter what the cost from a political point of view, of sending one of their own number to the National lawmaking body. When the clans gather in Trenton to-morrow, despite the wish of Mr. Smith that politics be sidetracked for a time, it is probable that the chief topic of discussion will be the Senatorship. It is also likely that the Democratic and Republican members of both branches of the next Legislature if enough of them appear to make a representative meeting possible, will gather informally to fix upon a date for the holding of a formal conference for the purpose of deciding upon the distribution of patronage in the organization of the House and the Senate for the session, which will begin early in January.

Gov. Fort has invited Governor-elect Woodrow Wilson to be his guest in the executive offices in the State House to-morrow, and it is expected that Dr. Wilson will accept, and probably make an inspection of the home of the State Government from top to bottom, and become acquainted with the heads of departments and many of the clerks with whom he will come into contact during his term as Governor.

DO NOT FAIL

to see our tremendous offer of 100 styles of fine Winter overcoatings satin lined, to measure $25.00. Also 100 styles of the finest English suitings to measure $25.00. They are the choicest of this season's materials, and used in the highest cost tailored garments. Samples and Portfolio of Fashion forwarded to any address.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

"the best possible suit for twenty-five dollars"

it is the aim of our suit department to see how much style, worth and elegance can be put into a $25 suit

the prompt appreciation of this effort enables us to add new models to the stock almost daily

we have just received some specially handsome suits for this line

Strictly tailored suits of blue broadcloth with inlaid collars and cuffs of blue velvet

ALSO

Wistaria colored novelty cheviot trimmed with velvet of the same shade

ALSO

Strictly tailored suits in tweeds, mixtures and hard worsteds

$25.00

Le Boutillier Brothers

48 to 52 west 23d street

ORIENTAL RUGS

At About

50c ON DOLLAR

$36,800.00 worth of PERSIAN RUGS purchased from a prominent wholesale importer, who received damages on account of a delay of two months in transit and an apparent slight water damage caused by transferring the goods from one steamer to another.

The La Fonciere Insurance Co., of 48 Rue Notre Dame des Victoires, Paris, paid through their agents, Messrs. Bertschman & Molloy, 15 Exchange Place, N. Y.

35% INDEMNITY ON THE ENTIRE LOT

The goods arrived via S. S. Friedrich der Grosse and Calabria late in September and the adjustment has only now been reached. We were very fortunate in securing these goods and positively guarantee that every rug offered is in perfect condition and will be sold ON THE BASIS OF THE ABOVE SETTLEMENT.

During this sale all rugs in our regular stock reduced 15%

No Goods on Approval. Sale Begins November 21.

SHEPPARD KNAPP & CO.

39-41 WEST 23d ST.

Big and Little Things in Silver

No matter how small the article, nor how large, if it is made in silver it is to be had in Meriden Silverware—the very highest quality.

A marvellous assortment of everything useful and ornamental in Silver at the Meriden Store.

The Meriden Co.,
Silversmiths
(International Silver Co., Successor.)
49-51 WEST 34th STREET.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the head, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Chauffeurs Wanted

for Taxicabs and private service cars—both gasoline and electric. Experienced men with New York licenses preferred.

Steady Employment Assured

Only those with best references need apply.

N. Y. Transportation Co.
8th Ave. and 49th St., New York.

OLD CROW RYE

"Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."

GUARANTEED TO BE

PURE RYE WHISKEY

UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 123d St. (Open Evenings) | 1195 Broadway, Just Below 29th St. | 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings)

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Dress Clothes for Day or Evening Wear.

THE proper making of Dress Clothes is an art that few tailors understand. Hart, Schaffner & Marx employ the best of Dress Clothes Tailors, men who understand fully every step in the making of gentlemen's Dress Clothes. Result, the Hart, Schaffner & Marx label in an Evening, Dinner or Frock Coat assures correctness and that subtle air of refinement that only the creations of Master Tailors can bestow.

Frock Coats and Vests upward from $25.00.
Cutaway Coats and Vests upward from $18.00.
Fancy Vests, $2.50 to $10.00.
Striped Separate Trousers, $5.00 to $10.00.

Full Dress and Dinner Suits (Some call them Tuxedos).
Full Dress Suits, $33.00 to $50.00.
Tuxedo Suits $31 to $48.00.

Coats, Vests, Trousers, separately if you like.

Evening Vests—
white and gray, $3.00, $5.00 and $7.50.

Ties to match the Evening Vests, 50c, 75c and $1.00

Knitted silk Reefers from $3.00 to $6.00.

Shirts for Full Dress and Tuxedo wear $1.50 to $3.50.

White and Gray Gloves, Studs, Fobs, Link Buttons.

EVERYTHING that you can think of for dress wear.

MONTHLY

SPECIAL SALE

OF USED

SOHMER PIANOS

Grands, Uprights & Player Pianos. Among them are 7 Sohmer Uprights from $275 to $375. 5 Sohmer Parlor and Baby Grands from $400 to $600.

Prominent makes we have taken in exchange

3 Steinway Uprights from $275 to $350
2 Chickering Uprights at $250 and $300
2 Chickering Grands at $225 and $250
2 Weber Grands at $275 and $350
1 Weber Upright at $250
1 Knabe Grand at $375
Upright Pianos of other makers from $190 to $275
All these pianos are in good condition and fully guaranteed.

Liberal Terms

NEW PIANOS from $375 to $1200.
Large assortment of the unexcelled "CECILIAN" PLAYER PIANOS from $550 to $1050.

SOHMER & CO., *Pianoforte Manufacturers*
315 FIFTH AVE., CORNER 32D ST., NEW YORK

TO MEN WHO KNOW W&H

Not an Ill-Wind After All.

¶ You're lucky if you haven't bought your overcoat yet. Even the weather was waiting for the NEW OVERCOAT VALUE we have just invented to sell at

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thanks. & Sat. 2:15. 3 Mats. This Week—Wed., Thurs. & Sat. JOHN DREW in his greatest success, Smith

MONDAY, DEC. 5, SEAT SALE THUR., DEC. 1. CHARLES FROHMAN Presents WILLIAM GILLETTE IN HIS FAREWELL APPEARANCE IN HIS FAMOUS SUCCESSES OPENING PLAY—WEEK OF DEC. 5 SHERLOCK HOLMES

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. "Distinctly successful."—Eve. Sun. THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST with A. E. MATTHEWS. By OSCAR WILDE.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mat. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. TO-NIGHT, 8:15—FIRST TIME. The Speckled Band By A. Conan Doyle. An Adventure of Sherlock Holmes. 3 Mats. This Week—Wed., Thurs. & Sat.

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way & 38th St. Ev. 8 sharp. Mats. Sat. & Thanksgiving Day, 2. JULIA NEILSON FRED TERRY LAST WEEK. THE SCARLET PIMPERNEL NEXT MON., 3 Weeks Only. Seats Now. MISS NEILSON and MR. TERRY in HENRY OF NAVARRE.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. 3 Mats. This Week—Wed., Thurs. & Sat. David Belasco presents Blanche Bates in NOBODY'S WIDOW.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. 3 Mats. This Week—Wed., Thurs. & Sat. WHERE LAUGHTER REIGNS. THE COMMUTERS By JAMES FORBES

BIJOU B'way & 30th St., at 8:20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. TO-MORROW NIGHT at 8:20, ZELDA SEARS in THE NEST EGG. A NEW COMEDY

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Wed. $1.50. 3 Mats. This Week. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. Idna Abarbanell with Ralph Herz. MADAME SHERRY!

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Thanks. & Sat. 2:15. MLLE. EMMA TRENTINI in NAUGHTY MARIETTA With ORVILLE HARROLD.

GAIETY B'WAY & 46TH ST. EVES. 8:15 MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:15. COHAN'S BIGGEST HIT GET-RICH-QUICK WALLINGFORD

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thanks. & Sat. 2:15. Best Comedy in Town THE COUNTRY BOY By Edgar Selwyn.

JOE WEBER'S B'way 29th St. Mats. Thanks. & Sat. KITTY GORDON in ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE? with JOHN McCLOSKEY.

GRAND 23d St., 8th Av. THE ARCADIANS 25-50-75c., 1.00 Spec'l Mat. Thurs.

GLOBE CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S Broadway 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs & Sat. 2:15 EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING. Adeline Genee in THE BACHELOR BELLES

"Hasten to the Lyceum! Folks laugh—they cannot help it; constant glitter and sparkle," says Alan Dale (American) of The Importance of Being Earnest.

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Thursday & Sat. 2:30. THE NEW COMEDY "THE CONCERT"

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. REBECCA OF SUNNYBROOK FARM

IRVING PLACE THEATRE Every Eve., 8:15, and Thanksg. Matinee 2:15. "Das Musikantenmaedel" ("The Musician's Girl,") operetta by G. Jarno. Sat. Mat., "Die Journalisten."

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. CHRISTY MATHEWSON & CHIEF MEYERS, Roland West & Co., M. P. Wilder.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. BALDINA & KOSLOFF, THE GOVERNOR'S SON, FRANK FOGERTY, others

BRONX 149th St. 3d Ave. Daily Mat. 25c. JULIUS STEGER & CO., MASON, KEELER & CO., MORTON & MOORE, others

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Matinee To-day. NEW BENTZ-SANTLEY CO.

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE. Lex. Av. 43d St. POULTRY & CAT SHOW OPEN FROM 9 A.M. to 10 P.M. CLOSES NOV. 24. ADM. 50c.

CITY THEATRE, E. 14 St. Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1. Wed. Mat. 25c to 75c. EXTRA MATINEE THURS. (Thanksg.) BESSIE McCOY in The Echo

AMERICAN 42d St., nr. B'way Daily Mat. 25c. 22 ALL STAR ACTS NOT ONLY QUANTITY, BUT QUALITY.

HAMMERSTEIN'S Evs. 25-50-75-1.00. Daily Mat. 25-50. Della Fox, Odiva, Rooney & Bent, Flo Irwin & Co. "Motoring" and 10 others

ROLLER SKATING, 52d St. and Broadway. Three sessions daily with music.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM Mat. Daily, 25c. LILLIAN SHAW, THE MAN FROM THE SEA, YORKE & ADAMS, Bothwell Browne, Marcel's Art Studies, others

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Call special attention to their extraordinary Collection of Rare FINE CHINESE JADE, which expresses the true characteristics of the foremost craftsmen of ancient times. Send for Illustrated Catalogue T.

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59th St., Between Madison & Park Aves.
Block from Grand Plaza
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.

HOTEL PIERREPONT,
32D ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
RENTS SUITE OF PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $2 PER DAY; SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50; WITH HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER, $1.00 PER DAY.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

THE NEW THEATRE Cent. Pk. W. 62d-63d Sts. Phone 8800 Col. To-night, Wed., Thurs. Evs. 8:30 & Sat. Mat. 2. PINERO'S POWERFUL DRAMA THE THUNDERBOLT
Tues. & Fri. Evs. at 8:15 & Wed. Mat. at 2. Maeterlinck's Miracle Play SISTER BEATRICE | Shaw & Besier's Comedy (DOUBLE BILL). DON
Thurs. Mat. 2 (Thanksgiving Day) & Sat. Ev. 8:30 SHAKESPEARE'S ROLLICKING COMEDY THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR
NEXT WEEK: Mon. & Fri. Evs. & Sat. Mat., Sister Beatrice and Don (Double Bill); Tues., Wed. & Thurs. Evs. & Wed. Mat. The Merry Wives of Windsor; Sat. Eve., The Thunderbolt.

MAJESTIC B'way & 59th St. Evs. 8:30. Req. Mats. Wed. & Thurs. at 2. Sat. 2:15. Mat. Thanksgiving. Extra Mat. Fri. at 3. Maurice Maeterlinck's By THE BLUE BIRD "The Blue Bird For Happiness." New Theatre's Management. Original Cast.

Tickets for Shubert Theatres, in this group. Not Sold through Tyson's or McBride's.

HIPPODROME Entire Block, 6th Av., 43-44th Sts. Evs. at 8. Daily Matinees at 2. Best Seats $1.00. The International Cup | Ballet of Niagara | The Earthquake | 12 New Circus Acts

HERALD SQ. Lew Fields' B'way & 35th TO-MOR'W NIGHT LULU GLASER in The Girl and the Kaiser with HARRY CONOR Matinees Thanksgiving Day & Sat.

BROADWAY B'way and 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Mats Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. LAST TWO WEEKS. MARIE CAHILL in a new musical comedy, JUDY FORGOT.

DALY'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:30. "Best farce in ten years."—Eve. Mail. BABY MINE

CASINO B'way and 39th. Evenings, 8:15. Mats Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. Sam Bernard in He Came from Milwaukee.

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, bet. B'y & 6th. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:30. Charles Klein's New Play THE GAMBLERS with George Nash.

Comedy 41st, E. of B'way. Evs., 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:30. Last Week Here. Next Week, Circle Theatre. DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in THE CUB.

Nazimova's 39th St. Thea., 39th, nr. B'y. Evs., 8:30. Mats Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. LAST WEEK WEEDON GROSSMITH in MR. PREEDY AND THE COUNTESS. MON., NOV. 28 MME. TROUBADOUR Will Move Here. From the Lyric Theatre. Seats Selling Now.

HACKETT 42d, West of B'way. Evs., 8:30. Mats. Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. LAST 2 WEEKS. MOTHER

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. Last Week at This Theatre. Next Monday at Nazimova's 39th St. Theatre. Grace La Rue MME. TROUBADOUR Van Rensselaer Wheeler. TUES., NOV. 29 MRS. LESLIE CARTER IN TWO WOMEN By Rupert Hughes. SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY.

CIRCLE B'way & 60th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat. Thos. A. Wise in A Gentleman from Mississippi

WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. Thanksgiving & Sat. H. B. WARNER in Alias JIMMY VALENTINE

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:20. Wed. Mat., 50c. $1.50. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING. MAY IRWIN ALWAYS A SUCCESS! In the Best Vehicle She Ever Had GETTING A POLISH

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Wed. Mat., 50c. $1.50. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING. THE GIRL IN THE TAXI with CARTER DE HAVEN.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night, at 8:15, LA BOHEME. Mmes. Farrar, Alten; MM. Jadlowker, Scotti, Didur, de Segurola, Pini-Corsi, Bada. Conductor, Toscanini.
Wed. Eve., LA GIOCONDA. Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Claessens (debut); MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola. Conductor, Toscanini.
Thursday, Thanksgiving Day, Mat. at 1 o'clock, PARSIFAL. Mme. Fremstad; MM. Burrian, Amato, Witherspoon, Goritz, Reiss, Hinshaw. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. Eve., at 8:15, RIGOLETTO. Mmes. Melba, Pinkert, Mattfeld; MM. Constantino, Renaud, Didur, Rossi, Bada. Conductor, Podesti.
Fri. Eve., Double Bill, CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA and PAGLIACCI. Mmes. Destinn, Alten, Wickham, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Martin, Amato, Gilly, Bada. Conductor, Podesti.
Sat. Aft., at 1:30, DIE WALKUERE. Mmes. Weldt, Moreno, Fiahaut; MM. Burrian, Soomer, Hinckley. Conductor, Hertz.
Next Week: Mon. Eve., LOHENGRIN. Mmes. Fremstad, Homer; MM. Jadlowker, Soomer, Hinckley, Hinshaw. Conductor, Hertz.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Sat. Eve., Nov. 26, at 8:15, ORFEO. Mmes. Homer, Rappold, Gluck, Alten. Conductor, Toscanini.
WEBER PIANO USED.

PARSIFAL A lecture recital (at 3:30) Sun., Nov. 20, 27, Dec. 18; Tues., Nov. 22, at Miss Grant's Studio, 78 W. 55th. 'Phone 714 Plaza. AMY GRANT, Reader; C. L. SAFFORD, Pianist.

MANHATTAN OPERA. West 34th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. Extr. Mat. Thursday. LAST 8 TIMES. THE FLUTE PLAYER. HANS Prices 25c. to $2.
NEXT SUNDAY, 2D VAUDEVILLE CONCERT. Mon. Mat., Inauguration Vaudeville, 23 acts. Evs., 15-25-35-50-75-1.00. Daily Mat., 15-25-35-50.

ELMENDORF CARNEGIE HALL, 57th St. TO-DAY MATINEE AT 3:30. "BERLIN and its ENVIRONS."

CARNEGIE HALL. To-morrow (Tues.) Aft. at 3. NOV. 22 SONG RECITAL ALESSANDRO BONCI
Tickets 75 cts. to $2, at Box Office, Carnegie Hall. Direction Haensel & Jones. Knabe Piano.

PHILHARMONIC —SOCIETY OF NEW YORK— GUSTAV MAHLER, Conductor. Carnegie Hall, Tues. Night, at 8:15. Soloist Mme. ALMA GLUCK. SCHUMANN 2ND SYMPHONY. CHERUBINI-DVORAK-SMETANA. 50c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

Mendelssohn Hall. To-morrow (Tues.), 2:30 P. M. Adolphe BORCHARD
Second Piano Recital. Seats $2 to 50c., at Hall. Management M. H. Hanson. KNABE PIANO.

Keith & Proctor's 58th St. Ship & Marble, Nonette, 5TH AVE. B'way. Chas. Ahearn Troupe, Barry Daily Mat. 25&50c. & Volford, Patsy Doyle, Gil.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. Launching Olympic. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Extra Thanksgiving, The WHITE YOGI.

MURRAY HILL. To-day. Smoking. Eve. 8:15. Burlesque—THE GINGER GIRLS.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S West 125th Matinee Daily. FADS & FOLLIES

COLUMBIA Burlesque. Pop. Mat. To-day. 15c. 25c. 50c. B'way & 47th Eve. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1. Smoking.

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